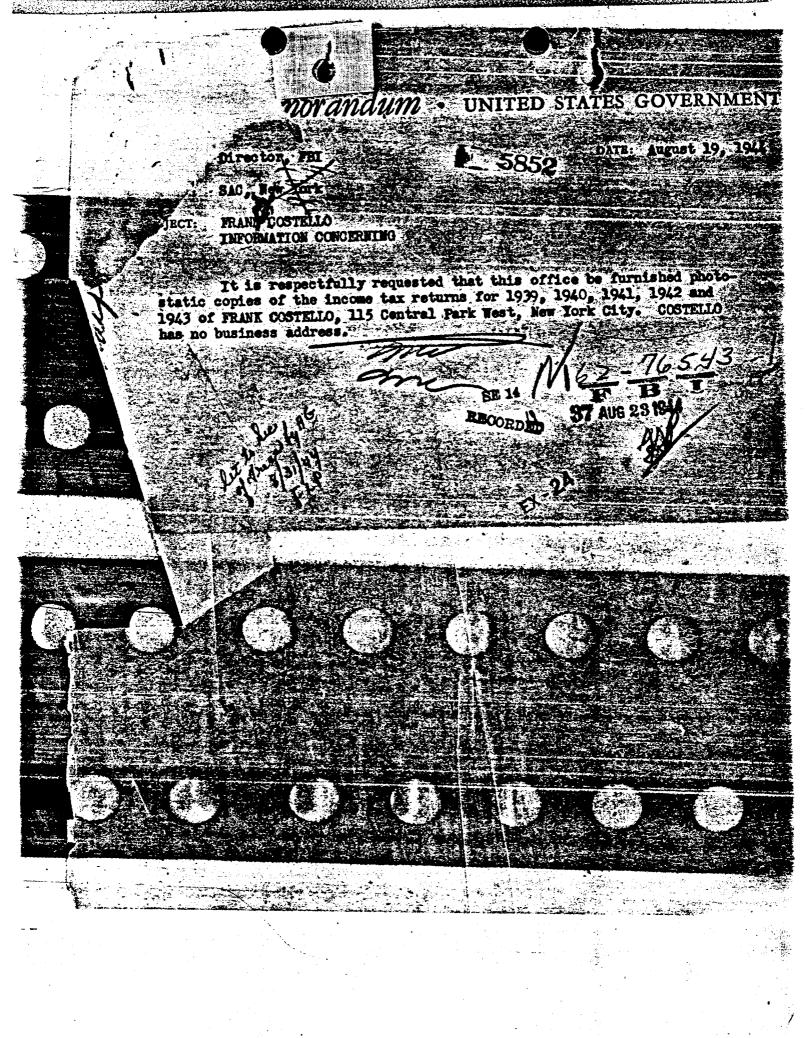
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FREEDOM OF INFORMATION/PRIVACY ACTS SECTION

SUBJECT: FRANK COSTELLO

FILE NUMBER: 62-76543 SECTION 1

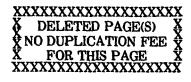


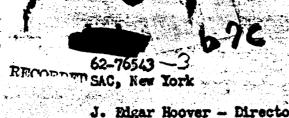
76543-1 EEOORDED The Honorable, The Secretary of the Treasury Kashington, D. S. dear pr. Secretary: a concetion with an official investigation being conducted by the Pederal Bureau of Investigation of the Department of Justice, it is requested that you furnish encertified photostatio copies of the insome tax returns and related documents filed for 1939, 1940, 1941, 1942 and 1943 by the following individual: Hr. Frank Costelle 115 Central Park Neet New York, New York Sincerely yours, (signed) Francis Biddle terney Conerel SIGNED AND MAILED AUG 31 1844 DIVISION OF RECORDS



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October 25, 1944

J. Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

EX - 8

FRANK COSTELLO INPOPUATION CONCERNING

Reference is made to your letter dated August 19, 1944 requesting the Rureau to obtain photostatic copies of the tiscome tax returns for 1939, 1940, 1941, 1942 and 1943 of Frank Costello, 115 Central Park Nest, New York City.

Enclosed herewith are copies of the income tax returns of this individual for 1940, 1941 and 1942 and of the joint income and Victory Tax return of Frank Costello and Loretta B. Costello for the year 1943. The Treasury Department has advised that the Bureau's request for a copy of the return for the year 1939 will be made the subject of a future communication.

Enclosus

CONTINUENT AT UNE SECTION

SET OF 1 L E D. 8

SET O

Rederal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Justice New York - New York November 2, 1944 Re: FRANK COSTELLO, with aliases. Director, FBI. INFORMATION CONCERNING MISCELLANEOUS -There is being rendered to the Bureau report of Dear Sir: at New York, dated October 26, The report is not rendered because we have any in-Special Agent 1944, entitled as above. vestigation pending on COSTELIO. The purpose of the report is to assemble all information immediately available regarding Frank Costello, who is generally considered as the most influence ential underworld character in New York City, in order that the Bureau and the New York City Office might have readily available information regarding his background should an investigation be conducted at any time in the future. Enclosure 38 NOV

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Amer	idment; found no	t guilty Januar	ry 20, 1927. He	leter became
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DETAILS: The information contained in this report was obtained from a review of the files of the New York Office.

HISTORY

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FRANK COSTRILO was born in Calabria, Italy, in 1893. His mother maden name was SAVERIO, and his father's name was STELLO or CASTRILING. The time of COSTRILO's arrival in the United States is not known.

COSTELLO was indicted by a Federal Grand Jury in New York City on November 18, 1926, on a charge of conspiracy to violate the Prohibition Amendment, but was found not guilty on January 20, 1927, The following individuals were indicted with COSTELLO at this time: EDWARD COSTALLO; brother of FRANK; DORSET ALDOUS; FRED ASSMUS; ELDOW BARDH; FRANK J. BJORKGREN; WILLIAM BLEST; NICHOLAS BROWN; C. HUNTER CARPENTER; PHILLIP J. COFFEY; FRANK C. CORSON; MIKE DOHERTY alias Daughert RICHARD BILIS; CLARENCE ORISLER; WILLIAM R. HUGHES; DANIEL J. RELEMBRE EWARD WELLTH TRANK RELLY) THEO JOSEPH TENTS LACHE TO VIUS; TONE WELLILLO FREDERICK B. WILLER; JAMES P. O CONNELL; JON O CONNELL; P. C. PITTS; FRANK PONZI alies Faber; WILHELM FUMP; ROBERT RAISEN; HARRY C. SAUSSER; BOBERT H. SINS; FRANK J. STUART; V. L. VANAUIRS; and C. J. WHITNEY alles The Equitable Surety Company, 130 William Street, New York City, furnished bond for FRANK COSTALLO at this time, and his address was the Graystone Hotel, New York Aty. It is to be noted the trial in the conspiracy case resulted in the acquittal of nine minor defendants and his agreement as to six major defendants,

The later 1800 A Let William 1805 A Let William 180

From bootlegging COSTRILO branded into gambling, engaging is bookmaking and the slot machine racket. He became known as the slot machine king of the United States, and had admitted operating five hundred machines

in New York City from 1928 until 1933. In 1931 he and PHIL KASTEL organises the MIDTOWN MOVELTY COMPANY. The offices of this company were located at 1860 Broadway, New York City. COSTELIO explained the ownership of the MIDTOWN MOVELTY COMPANY by stating KASTEL had a 100% interest and that he had a 50% interest in KASTEL's ownership.

The MIDTOWN NOVELTY COMPANY through a suit brought by the Mills Novelty Company secured an injunction in Federal Court in 1931, against the seising of their slot machines. This injunction remained in effect until 1933, at which time, as a result of an appeal by the City of New York in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, the injunction was revoked and the machines operated by the MIDTOWN MOVELTY Company were seized by the New York City Police Department.

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On June 7, 1935, COSTELLO was indicted by a Federal Grand Jury at New York City for violation of the National Stolen Property Act. The following individuals were indicted with him at this time; NOEL CHARLES SCAFFA; NICHOLAS MONTONE; CHARLES CART; ALBERT W. CONTENTO alias Al Howard; CHARLES ALVIE STERN, alias Broadway Charlie Stern; and PASQUALE TESORIERE, alias Pates Dyke. The facts in connection with this offense are that on January 26, 1935, MONTONE and CALI held up and robbed HARRI CONTENT and Mrs. MARGARET HELL of New York City at the Mismi-Biltmore Hotel in Coral Gables, Florida, taking from them pearls, diamonds, and other levelry valued at 1185-150.

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NY 62-8257

paid.off in installments.

mentioned above were indicted for the interstate transportation of this jewelry, and also for conspiracy. The indictments as to COSTRILO were not prossed on June 3, 1937.

On Botober 9, 1939, COSTRILO was indicted by a Federal Brand Jury at New Orleans, Louisiana, charged with violating the income tax laws. He was arrested the same date in New York City and was released under \$75,000.00 bail, which bond was secured by the United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company. The bond was subsequently reduced to \$40,000.00, and the case was tried on May 15, 1940, when COSTRILO was found not guilty. In addition to COSTRILO, this indictment was returned against COSTRILO, suit was filed in Federal Court at New Orleans against COSTRILO, to recover income taxes, and judgments were rendered against him in the following sums: On July 3, 1942, judgment for \$5,266.00 against FRANK COSTRILO; on July 20, 1943, judgment for \$15,562.00, being taxes and interest against FRANK COSTRILO; and also on July 20, 1943, judgment for \$2,024.00 against LOKETTA B. COSTRILO, for income taxes and interest. These judgments are still of record, although some of the unpaid taxes have since been

It is to be noted that COSTRILO has admitted he paid neither Pederal nor State income taxes from 1919 until 1932, when he arranged to settle both of them. He said he paid \$305,000.00 to New York State, but did not disclose how much he paid the Federal Covernment.





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NY 62-8257

club license of the Copacabana revoked. The hearing resulted in the revocation of the license of the Copacabana and the granting of a temporary one for six months, the Copacabana binding itself to terminate any connection that COSTELLO may have had with the club. It is noted, however, that during the hearing it was denied that COSTELLO had an interest in the Copacabana whatsoever. COSTELLO was subposmed to appear at this hearing, but he refused to testing.

On May 23, 1944, the properties known as 79-89 Wall Street, 148-152 Pearl Street, and 114-16 Water Street were purchased by the 79 Wall Street Corporation, a real estate holding company with an office at 30 Broad Street, of which COSTRIAO is president and his wife, LORETTA B., COSTRIAO vice-president and secretary. This property is assessed at \$512,000.00 and was purchased subject to a mortgage of \$249,483.00.

COSTRILO resides at 115 Central Park West, New York Sity, and on May 13, 1944, he purchased, in his wife's name, a twelve room house on Barker's Peint Road near Sands Point Road, Sands Point, Long Island, as a summer residence.

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BUSINESS CONNECTIONS

TIMORN MOVELTY COMPARY







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79 WALL STREET CORPORATION

A certificate of incorporation for the 79 Wall Street Corporation was filed on April 21, 1944, with the Secretary of State of New York by BLANCHE WOLF, 30 Broad Street; HARRY SHAPIRO, 261 Broadway; and GEORGE WOLF, 30 Broad Street, all New York City, who were listed as directors. GEORGE WOLF is COSTELLO's present attorney, and BLANCHE WOLF is the daugh ter of GEORGE WOLF. FRANK COSTELLO is the president of this corporation, and his wife, LORETTA B. COSTELLO is the vice-president and secretary. The corporation is a real estate holding company and has an office listed at 30 Broad Street, address of GEORGE WOLF. On May 23, 1944, the properties known as 79-89 Wall Street, 148-152 Pearl Street, and 11416 Water Street in ew York City were purchased by this corporation. This property is assessed at \$512,000.00

FOLITICAL CONNECTIONS Temmany Hall

On August 23, 1943, the Democratic Judicial Convention of the First Judicial District, comprising the counties of the Bronx and New York, nominated Magistrate THOMAS A. AURELIO as one of their candidates for Justice of the Supreme Court in that district. On the following day the Republican Judicial Convention for that district made a similar nomination of Magistrate AURELIO. Four days later District Attorney FRANK S. HOGAN of New York County publicly disclosed that on the morning after Magistrate AURELIO received the Democratic nomination, he telephoned to FRANK COSTELLO on COSTELLO's private, unlisted telephone. The principal part of this souversation was as fellows:

AURELIO; Good morning, FRANCESCO, how are you?

And thanks for everything.

COSTELLO: Congratulations! It went over perfect. When I tell you something is in the beg, you can rest assured.

NY 62-8257

AURELID: It was perfect. Right now I want to assure you of my loyalty for all you have done. It is a undying.

COSTRLIO: I know. I'll see you soon.

It is noted that the surveillance on COSTRILO's telephone by the District Attorney of New York County was placed in connection with the investigation of the CARLO TRESCA marder in New York City.

AURRIJO subsequently Edmitted the above conversation but claims he did not know that COSTELLO was engaged in illegal activities. Following the revelation that the Democratic nomination of AURRIJO had been procured by COSTELLO, the committee on vacancies of both the Democratic and the Republican Parties declared the nomination vacant and attempted to nominate other candidates for the office. AURELIO then appealed to the courts, which upheld his legal right to remain on the ballot, and in November, 1943, AURELIO was elected to the position of Justice of the Supreme Court.

During the course of unsuccessful disbarment proceedings institued against AURKLIO, COSTRLIO admitted he had helped AURELIO win the Democratic momination for the Supreme Court, and also that he had assisted MICHARL J. KENNEUT to win the leadership of Tammany.



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NY 62-8257

ATTORNEYS

LOUIS HALLE, 60 Wall Street, New York City, represented COSTRLIO during the prohibition period.

MOSES FOLIKOFF, 475 Fifth Avenue, New York City, represented COSTRILO in 1935, when he was indicted for violation of the National Stelen Property Act.

b?e,

NY 62-8257

ECRORE WOLF, 30 Broad Street, New York City, is COSTRLIO's present

MESIDENCES

Subsequent to this time COSTRILO resided at 115 Central Park West, New York City. He still maintains this address.

On May 13, 1944, COSTRILO purchased a twelve-room, white brick house on Barker's Point Road near Sands Point Road, Sands Point, Long Island, New York, as a permanent residence,

DESCRIPTION

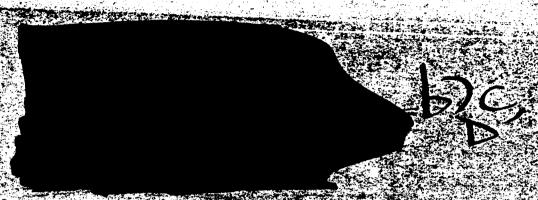
Name:

r frage

Lee

Height:

Frank Severio, Francesco Severio, Burray H. Hofham 51 years (Born in 1995) (taly



COSTELLO has been described as a good golver, formerly shooting in the 80's. He is a member of the Pomonok Country Club, Casing Boulevard, Finshing, Long Telephone Country Club, Casing Common a week as week and Country Club, Casing Common as week as to the Lakeville Colf and Country Club, Casing Countr

RELATIVES

COSTELLO's wife, LORETTA B., COSTELLO, resides with him.

CRUMINAL RECORD

The Bureau has furnished the following criminal record for COSTELO, who is FBI \$936,217:

Be was arrested our receive, 915 by serious for soil and the legal of the legal of

Department of the service of conspiracy which case was not proceed by the Government.

In addition to the above, COSTELLO was indicted at New York City on November 18, 1926, on a charge of conspiracy to violate the Prohibition Amendment, and was found not guilty on January 20, 1927.





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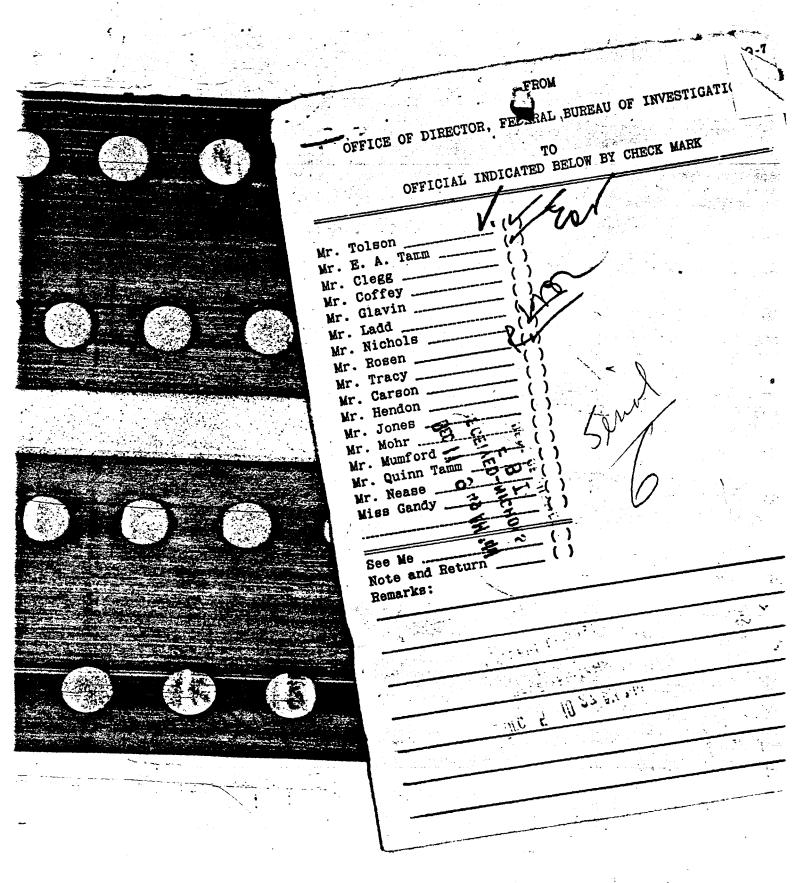


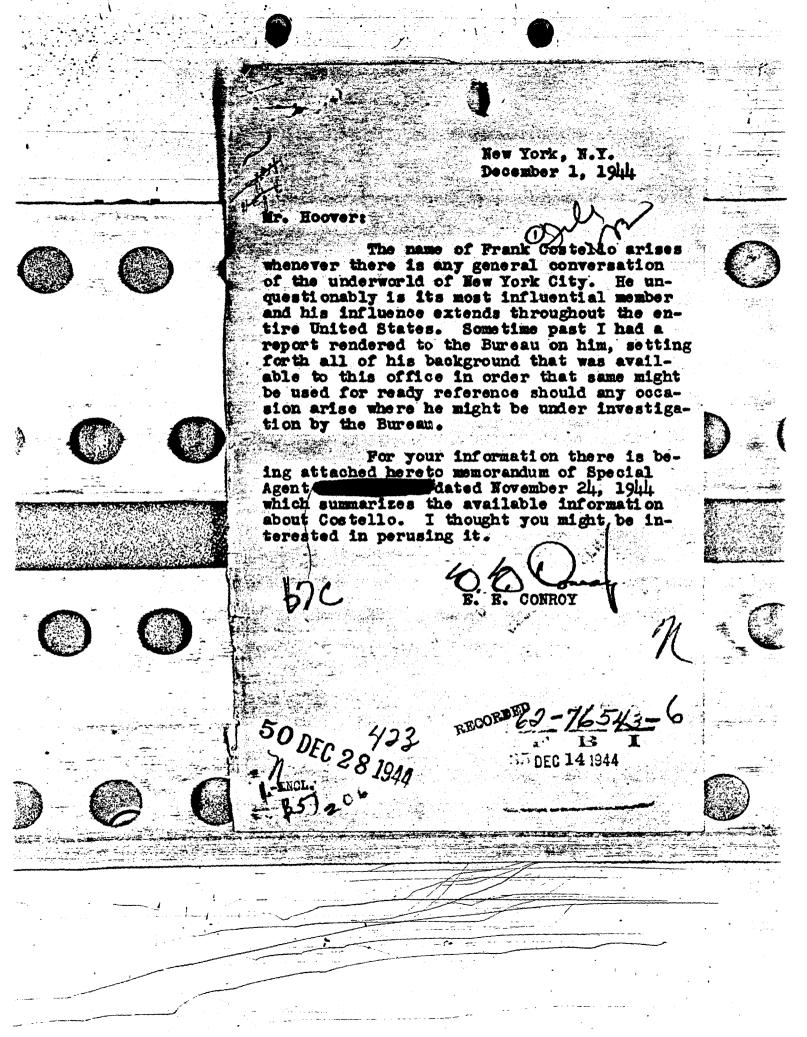




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Nederal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Justice

New York 7, New York

67C

November 24, 1944

MICMO RANDUM

RE: FRANK COSTELLO

FRANK COSTELLO was born in Calabria, Italy, in 1893.

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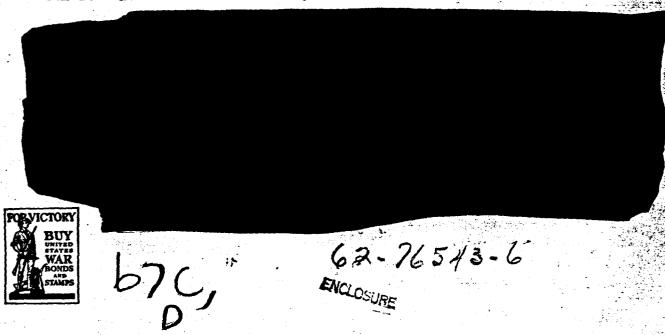
Frank costello was born in Calabria, Italy, in 1893.

Frank costello was born in Calabria, Italy, in 1893.

In his year takes COST INC was a pipefitter, and he later operated assalcon. Hence the agree by the New York City Political Frant the age of 15. In the case of estable and robbery. OOST and arrested on four other oscacions whis only conviction was on April 5.

1915, when he was sentenced to serve one year in the penitentiary en a charge of possession of a revolver.

During Prohibition, COSTELLO was engaged in bootlegging and was known as one of New York's "Big 6", a group composed of the recognized leading racketeers in the East. From bootlegging COSTELLO branched into gambling, including bookmaking and the slot machine racket. He became known as the slot machine king of the United States, and admittedly operated five hundred machines in New York City from 1928 until 1933.





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MEMORANDUM

November 24, 1944

COSTELLO was indicted in 1935 in the NOEL SCATTA case investigated by the Bureau, involving the transpertation of stelen jevelry, but the indictment was later nol-pressed.

COSTELLO's partner in his various enterprises has been one PHIL
KASTEL. It is interesting to note that COSTELLO's name never appears on record
in connection with these enterprises. COSTELLO's explanation of this ownership
arrangement is that he has a "piece" of KASTEL, so that he will get a percentage of KASTEL's share of the prefits.

For the calendar year 1943, COSTELLO reported only approximately \$60,000.00 on his Federal income tax return as total income. On his income tax returns for recent years examined, the only shown source of income has been COSTELLO's New Orleans enterprise.

neither Federal nor State income taxes from 1919 until 1932. He said he later paid \$305,000.00 to New Yerk State in settlement, but did not disclose how much he paid the Federal Government. In 1939 COSTELLO was indicted for violation of the income tax laws, but he was found not guilty.

MEMORANDUN 67 C

November 24, 1944

a result, the license of the Copacabana has been revoked and a temporary permit for six months has been granted, the Copacabana binding itself to terminate any connection that COSTELLO may have had with the club. However, it is noted that during the hearing on this license revocation it was denied that COSTELLO had any interest in the Copacabana whatsoever.

COSTELLO received a great deal of publicity in June, 1944, in connection with his leaving the sum of \$27.200.00 in a cab which he had taken from the New Yorker Hotel to the Sherry Netherland Hotel. He later laid claim to this money at the New York City Police Department, where it had been taken by the cab driver. This claim was first refused, on the grounds that COSTELLO had not proved the funds were obtained legally. On appeal to the courts, this money was awarded to COSTELLO, to be applied for a claim for approximately \$36,000.00 in back taxes ewed to the Federal Government.

COSTELLO resides at 115 Central Park West and also has a summer residence on Barker's Point Road near Sands Point Road, Sands Point, Long Island. Through a corporation known as the 79 Wall Street Corporation, COSTELLO owns real estate in downtown New York City assessed at \$512,000.00.

Special Agent 67C

the Administrative Co. Marechan, 1786 THE COMMIN tid up have amilable in our fil ek Cortalia v Costello uno horn in Originista, Italy, in 1693, and in his youth t us a plan Citier, later everat to has been arrested on four other consulant but his only someticalist, according to our records, eccurred on April 5, 1915, when he was sentenced to serve one year on the charge of presenting a sevelege. Cur insert ution somerals; the to their properties promite activities including becompling and stop hims operations becoming known as the slot madrine king of the United State According to mempaper stories, it was subsequently arranged between part Long and Cortails to place also amobines in New Orleans, Louisians, At time it was femator Long's contention that he wanted to raise about \$25 (30,000 each year to devote to a first for the blind, It was planned that would be reduced through a text of 530 per grains on each modiles. Senetter it before this scheme was placed in operation; however a gity ordinance we for passed in the Oxiones secretain; the payment of the on each slot median Description of the second of t Contails appears to possess oursignable the important accounts, on August 24, 1943, the day after the highly to receive the important on for the position of Justice of the important court of the est ductical District of the State of Mar Yorks Annalio telephones to Costallo The Attorney Deneral

estate assessed at more than \$500,000,

the latter's malisted telephone line and pledged andying levelty to Costelle for the latter's assistance in securing Aurelie's nomination. The District Attorney's Office of New York County had placed a surveillance on Costelle's telephone in connection with a marder investigation they were conducting and developed this information. Hemspaper reports indicate that Costalle beloed surelie win the nomination and also that he did assist Michael J. Hennedy to this the leadership of Tanzany Hall after his first selection. Representative James H. Tay, was found to be out of the remning; that Costello influenced the following matrict leaders described as ald personal friends to vote for Kennedy: Paul F. Sarubbi of the First Assembly Matrict, John De Kalvic, better known as Jimmy Kelly, might club owner and leader of the Second Assembly Mistrict, Abraham Mosenthal, leader of the Eighth Assembly Metrict, and Clarence E. Neal Ir., leader of the Twentieth Assembly District, Costello has also stated that he used his influence with these same four leaders, Michael J. Kennedy, and Bert Stand to secure the Supreme Court commettee for Aurelia.

It is reported, according to the press, that Costello is a friend at dames "limy" filmes, Tarmany Hall politician, who was convicted in New York as a result of his involvement with the Dutch Schults Gang. Costello, likewise, was also said to have been acquainted with Tom "Boss" Fendergast of Kansas City, Missouri, and to have met him on various secusions.

Howe stories have stated that Costello controls the 79 Wall Street Corporation which owns real

Costelle received considerable publicity in Jene, 1944, in connection with his leaving \$27,200 in a taxiosb while going from the New Yorker Hotel to the Sherry Netherland Hotel. When he attempted to claim this money at the New York City Police Department, he was decided it, according to press accounts, an the grounds that it had been originally obtained illegally by him, On appeal to the courts, the money was awarded to Costello with the provise that it was to be applied to a claim of approximately \$36,000 in back terms coud to the Federal Dovernment. Recent information indicates that this matter is still under litiga-

Costelle resides at 115 Central Park West and also has a summer regidence on Barker's Point Road, Sands Point, Long Island.

brc.D

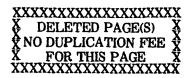






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Board of Trade in the Mayflower

rector 10 will serve year, were elected.

Urges Beller Life

In his address, Bradford out-lined a nine-point program for American business, the functions of which, he said, were inseparable from the rest of the social order.

"Labor, agriculture, industry, the professions all these along with business, need desperately to make common cause in the development of our resources, in the further elevation of our

Senators **Li**a Plan for More Labor Curbs

A Democratic minority of the Senate Labor committee opened war yesterday on the announced drive to put more teeth in the committee's labor bill now before to the demands of Sen. Robertson the Senate.

Senators Thomas of Utah, Pep Navy secretaries

yesterday to produce any secret plans proposing to reduce the Marine Corps to a "parade butfit." At the same time Secreary of War Patterson was asuring the House that there is no reason to fear the leathernecks are washed up as fighters.

Concern over the Marine Corps' future under proposed unification of the armed services—voiced first by their own commandant, Gen. Vandegrift,—blossomed suddenly on both sides of the Capitol.

Robertson Wins

The Senate committee yielded (R) of Wyoming, strong foe of unification, that the war and

Mr. Leonard

Mr. Penning Mr. Quinn T

Mi. Nesse Miss Gandy



Research' Dodge Used to Deprive Of Millions in Taxes

Corporation in Capital Was Awarded Ship Contracts by Underbidding Rivals

By JAMES WALTER (Copyright, 1947, by the Washington Times Herald)

A new war-contract scandal destined to stagger official Washington with the enormity of its ramifications was revealed to this newspaper last night when Frank Costello, New York racket king and Tammany power, was named as the secret boss of a fantastic wartime manufacturing network that dodged millions of dollars in taxes by operating as a "nonprofit research organization."

Vice Adm. William W. Smith, U.S.N. (Ret.), chairman Vice Adm. William W. Smith, U.S.N. (Ret.), cnairman ternal Revenue bureau filed a tax which dealt with the network—told the Times-Herald that search corporation for \$2.113,199. Costello, whom he described as "the slot machine king," 36 carry this mort was the undercover head of the cartel's parent organization, which is located in the District.

Rivals Underbid on War Contracts

Smith identified Costello as the controlling power behind the associonamics Research Corp. whose Washington offices are in the Tower building.

It was through this parent "non-profit research organization" that the manufacturing network operated, underbidding competitors on war contracts because of the "tax-free" nature of Aero.

So carefully was the real activity of Costello's cartel obscured that Government experts from several agencies were apparently baffled chroughout the war years

is known, however, that subsidiary companies operating under dynamics Research Corp. received at least \$12,000,000 in U. contracts. Contracts were also let through Aero by the Army the extent of these will not be known until records are more fully examined.

Justice Dept Gets Case

Information that Costello was the secret head of Aero and the tax-dodging manufacturing combine "has come to me from several sources," Smith told this, newspaper, "and I have turned the matter over to the Department of

Justice."
However, virtually every Federal law enforcement agency in Washington already has been called into the investigation, and at least two congressional committees are delving into the case. Now trying to untangle the maze of intrigue behind Costello's cartel are the FBL the Treasury Depart ment, the Internal Revenue bureau, the Navy department and the Maritime commission.

Tax Lien Filed

The first indication that the Government was preparing to unload a broadside at Costello, an elusive target for both the Justice and Treasury departments for al-

for income and excess profits taxes due the Government as a result of war contracts grante subsidiary companies of Aero.

A spokesman for the Treasury Bureau of Internal Revenue described the sprawling empire fronted by Aero as a "mate of intrigue that has astounded the oldest men on the force."

WASHINGTON TIMES HERALD

incomposited in 1991

Aero was incorporated in the Sistrict Oct. 24, 1941, as a "nonrofit organization established for ientific research."

After the incorporation, the stock of three recognized manufacturing plants was purchased, and it is believed a controlling interest in a fourth was secured.

All of the manufacturing firms All of the manufacturing firms operating under the "tax-free" Aero outfit occupy the same of-fices in the Tower Building, and Aero officials are in controlling executive positions in at least two of the firms.

The Maritime Commission first

began investigating operations of the Kensington Shipyard and Drydock Co., one of the Aero subsidiaries, several months ago after the firm was awarded a contract for conversion of the U.S. ships Todd and Woodford.

Work began lagging, and Maritime Commission investigators were sent to the yard. James L. Bates, managing director of the commission's technical department, reported:

"Joseph E. Sheedy, president of Kensington, has indicated that as



VICE ADM. SMITH, U.S.N. (Ret.)

a result of a jeopardy tax assessment in the amount of approximately \$1,600,000 levied by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue Commissioner of Internal Revenue against its parent company, Aerodynamics Research Corp., Kensington find, itself in a position whereby it is unable to obtain the necessary wirking capital for the completion of the conversion of the Todd and Woodford. Contracts Bonded

"These contracts are bonded by the Maryland Casualty Co., of Baltimore," he continued, "in the amount of 25 per cent of the contract prices for performance and 50 per cent of the contract prices for payment of 1sbor and material."

Bates presented two possible courses of action: (1) Taking steps to establish that Kensington was in default under its contract and terminating them for such default, and the readvertising for new bids; or (2) working out an arrangement whereby the yard would be permitted to complete the reconversion.

Asserting that the Maritime commission would be subject to a smaller over-all has if it permitted the yard to go ahead with mitted t the project under the supervision of the surety company. Bates announced the latter course of ac-

tion, and the commission accepted.

Kenneth Lloyd, vice president of Maryland Casualty which bonded the contracts, told this newspaper:

"We have been writing bonds for this old-established company (Kensington) for a number of years, but now—this last deal—it looks like we were taken in.

"We feel we have no chance of getting our money back unless we locate the real owners of Aerodynamics. They have covered their tracks almost completely."

Got Two War Contracts

According to the Navy department, Kensington was awarded two contracts during the war. These were known as "open-end" contracts for the repair and alteration of ships, and no amount was set on either.

Another Aero subsidiary, the Air-Track manufacturing plant at College Park receibed more than \$12,000,000 in Navy contracts during the war for the manufacture of navigation and radio precision instruments and similar apparatus and won a Navy "E" award. J.+C. Richardson, its personnel director and purchasing agent, said yester-day the firm is "totally owned" by Aero, but that it has its own officers.

Air-Track also had contracts from the War department, as did another Aero company.

Rear Adm. M. L. Ring of the Rear Adm. M. In ring of the Navy department disclosed that some 50 contracts were given to Air-Track and that eight were awarded under the name of the Aerodynamics Research Corp.

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Maritime Board Shakeup Seen

A thorough housecleaning at the Maritime Commission was forecast by Smith as a result of the discovery of Costello's tentacles in the shipbuilding field.

"I have been informed that Mike Kennedy has several contacts in the commission," he said. would like to know who these peo-

ple are."
The "Mike Kennedy" to whom smith referred is a former congressman from New York who has been involved in Tammany politics and is reportedly one of Costello's acquaintances.

Smith said he has learned Kennedy is "very close" to a Bayonne, N. J., shipyard operator, and that the former congressman interest in the shipyard."

Chairman Bradley (R) of Mich.

igan, of the House Merchant Ma-rine and Fisheries Committee, said last right that Adm. Smith gave him the "whole story of the Aero-dynamics case" several days ago, and that committee investigators were assigned to the case immediately.

Bradley declared that Smith told him "We're in a hell of a fix down there (at the Maritime



FRANK COSTELLO

Commission) Frank Costello the "slot machine man" owns Acrodynamics Research Corp.

George Meader, counsel for the Senate War Investigating Committee, said his staff is "studying all of the information"

Smith was named last June to fill the unexpired term of Vice Adm. Emory S. and B. Commission Chairman Maritime

Mr. Tolsor Mr. E. A.

Mr. Clegg_

Mr. Glavin Mr. Ladd_

Mr. Nichol

Mr. Rosen

Mr. Tracy_ Mr. Carson

Mr. Egan_ Mr. Gurnes

Mr. Harbd_

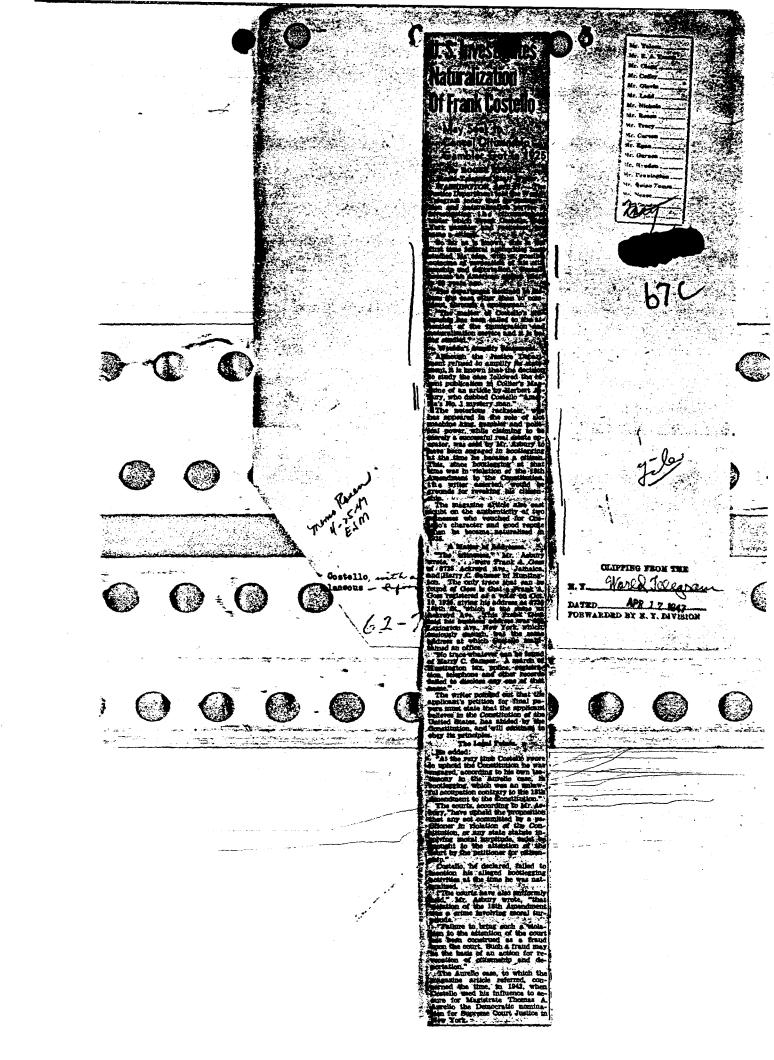
Mr. Hendon Mr. Jones_

Mr. Leonard

Mr. Penning Mr. Quinn T

Mr. Nease

Miss Gandy_





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Various accounts in New York City newspapers reported the following information:

On August 23, 1943, the Democratic Judicial Convention of the First Judicial District, comprising the counties of the Bronx and New York, nominated Magistrate THOMAS A. AURELIO as one of their candidates for Justice

of the Supreme Court in that district. On the following day, the Republican Judicial Convention for that district made a similar nomination of Magistrate AURELIO. Four days later, District Attorney FRANK S. HOGAN of New York County publicly disclosed that on the morning after Magistrate AURELIO received the Democratic nomination, he telephoned to FRANK COSTELLO on COSTELLO's private, unlisted telephone. The principal part of this conversation was as follows:

AURELIO: Good morning, FRANCESCO, how are you? And thanks for everything.

COSTELLO: Congratulations! It went over perfect. When I tell you something is in the bag, you can rest assured.

AURELIO: It was perfect. Right now I want to assure you of my loyalty for all you have done. It is undying.

COSTELLO: I know. I'll see you soon.

AURELIO subsequently admitted the above conversation, but claimed he did not know that COSTELLO was engaged in illegal activities. Following the revelation that the Democratic nomination of AURELIO had been procured by COSTELLO, the committee on vacancies of both the Democratic and the Republican Parties declared the nomination vacant and attempted to nominate other candidates for the office. AURELIO then appealed to the courts, which upheld his legal right to remain on the ballot, and in November 1943, AURELIO was elected to the position of Justice of the Supreme Court.

During the course of unsuccessful disbarment proceedings instituted against AURELIO, COSTELLO admitted he had helped AURELIO win the Democratic nomination for the Supreme Court, and also that he had assisted MICHAEL J. KENNEDY to win the leadership of Tammany.

Various accounts in New York City newspapers, during the year 1944, reported that COSTELLO and JOE ADONIS ran the "Big Hall", a gambling establishment in Cliffside Park, New Jersey, until the day before it was raided by representatives from the Bergen County, New Jersey Prosecutor's Office, and that the night before the raid, the paraphernalia

was moved, indicating a "tip off" had been given in advance of the raid. It was further alleged that COSTELLO and ADONIS make Bergen County Headquarters for their gambling activities. COSTELLO and ADONIS were reportedly together at Duke's Restaurant, a notorious racketeer hangout in Palisades Park, New Jersey, around the time of this raid in 1944.

The "New York Herald Tribune" under dates of June 19. 1944, and June 21, 1944, and the New York Mirror of June 24, 1944, reflect that on June 14, 1944, EDWARD WATERS, a taxicab driver, turned over to the New York City Police Department the sum of \$27,200.00, which had been left in his cab by a passenger he had driven from the New Yorker Hotel to the Sherry Netherland Hotel in New York City's short time prior to his finding of the money. On June 17, 1944, COSTELLO appeared at the New York City Police Department and laid claim to this money, and he was identified by the taxicab driver as the man who had left the money in his cab. COSTELLO at this time, called himself a real estate operator and said he was carrying the cash to close a deal. The New York City Police Department refused to return the money on the grounds that he had not proved the funds were obtained legally. Newspaper accounts stated that the sum of \$27,200.00 represented the receipts for a day from bookmakers employed by COSTELLO to take bets at the Aqueduct Race Track in New York City. COSTELLO filed suit in the Supreme Court of the State of New York to recover this money, but the Government entered a claim for the amount, to apply on approximately \$36,000.00 in back taxes owed by COSTELLO. COSTELLO did finally secure the return of this money through court action.

The "New York Times" of February 24, 1945, reflected that on February 23, 1945, Police Commissioner LEWIS J. VALENTINE of New York City named FRANK COSTELLO as one of the three individuals in control of bigtime gambling in New York City, the other two being JOE ADONIS and FRANK ERICKSON.

According to various newspaper accounts in New York City newspapers, FRANK COSTELLO sponsored a dinner at the Copacabana Night Club, New York City, on January 21. 1949.

This dinner was for the benefit of the Salvation Army. COSTELLO had been appointed a Vice-Chairman of the Men's Division of a fundraising campaign of the Salvation Army. It was reported in

- 11 -

these newspapers that COSTELIO and his attorney, GEORGE WOLF, announced that one hundred and fifty persons each contributed \$100.00 to attend this dinner. It was disclosed by the Salvation Army in advance of the dinner. Reporters and photographers were prevented from entering the dining room at the Copacabana Night Club to see who was attending the dinner; however, GEORGE WOLF gave out a partial list of guests.

Among the officials present at this dinner, according to the newspaper accounts, were HUGO ROGERS, the Borough President of Manhattan, and leader of Tammany Hall; Supreme Court Justice THOMAS AURELIO; Supreme Court Justice MORRIS EDER; Supreme Court Justice ALGERNON I. NOVA; Supreme Court Justice ANTHONY J. DI GIOVANNA; Supreme Court Justice SAMUEL DI FALCO; County Judge THOMAS DOWNS; Special Sessions Justice JOSEPH V. LOSCALZO; City Court Justice LOUIS J. CAPOZZOLI; Commissioner of Elections CARMINE G. DE SAPIO; General Sessions Judge FRANK X. MANCUSO; CLARENCE NEAL; Representative ARTHUR KLEIN, of the 19th Manhattan District; and JAMES E. BRANIGAN, President of the National Democratic Club.

Newspaper accounts also reflected that there were in attendance at this dinner members of the underworld from Chicago, Illinois; Cleveland, Ohio; Newark, New Jersey; and New York City. Among those specifically known to have attended the dinner were PHILIP KASTEL, COSTELLO'S partner in New Orleans Louisiana; FRANK ERICKSON the outstanding New York City gambler; and VITO GENOVESE, an outstanding New York City racketeer.

When

Newspaper Reports Various newspapers report that the activities of FRANK COSTELLO in Nassau County, New York, are centered about the Roosevelt Raceway at Westbury, New York. The races are run by the Long Island Trotting Association and the Old Country Trotting Association. A prominent figure in the latter association is GEORGE MORTON LEVY, attorney for COSTELLO in Nassau County. The newspapers reported further that COSTELLO'S money financed the Old Country Trotting Association and that LEVY is the go-between.

On August 23, 1950 in the New York Press, COSTELLO appropried through his attorney, GEORGE WOLF, the sale of three

On August 23, 1950 in the New York Press, COSTELLO announced through his attorney, GEORGE WOLF, the sale of three buildings in the Wall Street area, a thirteen-story office building at 79 Wall Street, and two four-story business buildings located at 87 Wall Street and 114 Wall Street, for a sum of approximately \$500,000. According to WOLF's statement to the press, COSTELLO was the president of the 79 Wall Street Corporation, and his wife, LORETTA COSTELLO, was vice-president, and he further explained that instant sale represented all of COSTELLO's real estate holdings in New York City.



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The "World Telegram and Sun" newspaper, on March 15, 1951, identified JOSEPH S CHOENBAUM as having been a Treasury man for twenty-five years, and indicated that when his relationship with COSTELLO became known to the Treasury Department, he was called before the Intelligence Unit to face charges which concerned itself generally with "consorting with criminals and others of ill repute." When questioned concerning his activities with COSTELLO, SCHOENBAUM refused to answer any questions, and shortly thereafter resigned from the Treasury Department.

On March 31, 1951 the Senate without debate voted contempt citations against FRANK COSTELLO, JOE ADONIS and FRANK ERICKSON, who had appeared before the Kefauver Committee when it was in session in New York City.

On September 10, 1951 Federal Judge THOMAS F.
MURPHY, Southern District of New York, scheduled trials for
FRANK COSTELLO, JOE ADONIS and FRANK ERICKSON on November 12,
1951 in connection with their indictment for contempt of the
United States Senate.

The indictments were based on refusals of the above three individuals to answer questions put to them by the Senate Crime Investigative Committee.

The following is a brief summary of testimony furnished by witnesses who appeared before the Senate Crime Investigative Committee while it was in session in New York:

On March 12, 1951 GEORGE MORTON LEVY was the first witness who appeared before the Committee. He described himself as being a lawyer and President of the Nassau County Trotting Association, Inc. Under questioning by RUDOLPH HALLEY, the Committee's Chief Counsel, LEVY traced the organization of the corporation operating the Roosevelt Raceway at Westbury, Long Island, giving financial details and the names of its owners and employees.

Mr. LEVY testified that in 1946 the late BENJAMIN DOWNING, who was at that time Chairman of the New York State Harness Racing Commission, threatened to revoke the track's license unless bookmaking on the premises was stopped. In response to this LEVY stated that he suggested to Commissioner DOWNING that possibly FRANK COSTELLO could keep the track free of bookmakers. LEVY further stated that he would be the one to contact to rid the track of bookmakers, since he understood that COSTELLO had a reputation of having influence with gamblers. He added that he did contact COSTELLO, and an agreement was made that COSTELLO would "see what he could do" about getting the bookmakers out of the track.

LEVY testified that he paid COSTELLO \$15,000 a year, or a total of \$60,000 from 1946 to 1949 inclusive. He added that he did not consider himself to be a close friend of COSTELLO; however, did admit that on occasions he had played golf with him, FRANK ERICKSON and JOSEPH SCHOENBAUM in 1944 or 1945.

He described SCHOENBAUM as being an employee of the Bureau of Internal Revenue at that time.

He also stated that the only other business he had ever had with COSTELLO was about fifteen or eighteen years ago, at which time he, as an attorney, handled an income tax matter for COSTELLO in Washington, D. C. He recalled that he went to Washington to see some representative of some Bureau concerning this matter. He added that the only other business dealing he had with COSTELLO was about four of five years ago when COSTELLO purchased a home in Nassau County, at which time LEVY's law firm searched the title.

LEVY testified that shortly after he had talked with COSTELLO to aid him in getting rid of the gamblers, he noticed that the park was free of gamblers. He further testified that he had not paid COSTELLO the \$15,000 due him in 1950 in view of the fact that during the summer of 1949, when the Treasury Department made its routine examination of the books of the track for the years 1946 and 1947, they noted the payments which appeared on the books to COSTELLO, and the Treasury Department thought that it was against public policy, or not a necessary and deductible item under the tax laws and therefore refused to make the allowance.

On March 13, 1951 COSTELLO testified and gave his home address as 115 Central Park West. However, immediately after answering the question as to his residence, his attorney, GEORGE WOLF, received permission to read a prepared statement.

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After the reading of the statement, COSTELLO admitted that when he was a boy, he was sometimes known by his mother's maiden name, "SEVERIO", and that he might have used that name in later life. He admitted that in 1950 he was arrested in New York State for possession of a revolver, and that he probably used the name FRANK SEVERIO at that time. COSTELLO then advised that he was unable to recall whether or not he had used any other names.

HALLEY thereupon produced an application for naturalization on which COSTELLO used the name FRANCISCO CASTIGLIA.

COSTELLO advised that he was at the present time in the real estate business. However, he stated he did not believe he was in the liquor business at the time he executed his application for naturalization. He testified that an individualy by the name of SAUSSER and FRANK GOSS had witnessed his naturalization application; however, denied that either of these two individuals were at that time engaged in boot-He stated that he had later bought liquor which was legging. smuggled into the United States from Canada, and that he had sold it illegally and that he had purchased this liquor from a man named HARRY SAUSSER. However, he denied that this HARRY SAUSSER was in any way connected with the SAUSSER who witnessed his naturalization application. COSTELLO testified that he was engaged in buying liquor imported from Canada in approximately 1927, 1928 or 1929. However, he felt quite certain that it could not have been as early as 1922 or 1923. He stated that to the best of his recollection he did not think it was any earlier than 1927.

Chief Counsel RUDOLPH HALLEY pointed out that COSTELLO's first declaration of naturalization was made in 1923, and that the date of the filing of these papers was May 1, 1925. HARRY SAUSSER, whose name appeared on his naturalization papers, gave his employment as being in the real estate business in Huntington, Long Island, and FRANK GOSS, who also witnessed his naturalization papers, listed his business as being real estate.

Senator TOBEY then remarked that if in fact there were a conspiracy between the parties involved to break the laws, and if at a later date COSTELLO were made a citizen, there would be a good possibility of deporting COSTELLO, since he had falsified the records.

COSTELLO then admitted that he had been indicted in 1925 for conspiracy to smuggle liquor into the United States. Mr. HALLEY established that GOSS and SAUSSER were among 62 co-defendants and that the case against COSTELLO was later dismissed by the late Federal Judge FRANCIS A. WINSLOW.

It was then brought out that COSTELLO was admitted to citizenship on September 10, 1925. COSTELLO denied that he ever engaged in the business of selling, purchasing, transporting or processing alcoholic beverages within the United States prior to that time. COSTELLO admitted that he had been a bootlegger for some time and that he had operated from an office located at 405 Lexington Avenue, New York City.

Mr. HALLEY then read from a statement of interrogation of COSTELLO in 1947 before the New York State Liquor Authority, in which he testified that he had been engaged in bootlegging from 1923 to 1926. COSTELLO admitted that he had made this statement; however, stated that after thinking it over, to the best of his recollection, he had never engaged in the bootlegging business prior to 1926 or 1927.

COSTELLO also denied that at the time he became a citizen and swore to uphold the Constitution of the United States, he was violating any of the laws of the United States. COSTELLO then refused to answer a direct question as to his current financial position on the grounds that it might incriminate him. He was asked specifically as to his net worth and refused to answer the question.

COSTELLO named the following associates with whom he was connected in the Louisiana Mint Company in New Orleans. He described this company as being a slot machine company and his associates were as follows: PHIL KASTEL, New Orleans, part owner; CHARLES MURPHY, lawyer and certified public accountant who acted for COSTELLO in New Orleans; FRED RICKERFORD, part owner; DUDLEY GEIGERMAN, manager.

COSTELLO then stated that he had been invited to go into the slot machine business in New Orleans in 1935 by the late Governor HUEY LONG. He stated that LONG had approached him to make a survey of New Orleans and determine how many locations could be had, since LONG wanted to pass legislation permitting slot machines so that the state could obtain revenue for an old age pension. COSTELLO admitted that the use of slot machines at that time in Louisiana were illegal. COSTELLO then stated that he was "retired" from the slot machine business in New Orleans.

COSTELLO further testified that PHIL KASTEL, RICHARDFORD and CARLOS MARCELLA were all in partnership in the ownership and management of the Beverly Country Club in New Orleans. He said that he held a twenty per cent interest. He refused to answer the question as to whether or not the Beverly Club had a gambling casino attached to it.

HALLEY then read from another Senate Sub-Committee's records before which COSTELLO had testified in April, 1950, at which time COSTELLO stated in answer to the same question, that the Beverly Country Club "just to make it clear; roulette and dice" were played there. He at that time testified that he received \$18,000 in salary in 1950 from the club.

When confronted with his former testimony, COSTELLO stated that his duties with the club were merely to solicit different acts to appear at the club, and act as a good will man.

COSTELLO testified that in 1950 he sold the 79 Wall Street Corporation, at which time he realized a net profit of \$119,756.42. He also admitted that during 1950 he had earnings of \$26,800 as gambling winnings, and that during 1950 his total income was \$168,357.23, plus \$4,500 salary from the Beverly Club. COSTELLO then testified that in connection with another business deal he at two times borrowed \$25,000 from FRANK ERICKSON.

COSTELLO admitted that he was acquainted with W. H. GALLAGHER, Chairman of the Board of the Pennsylvania Exchange Bank, but denied any knowledge of the fact that GALLAGHER had made a \$100,000 loan to ERICKSON.

COSTELLO then admitted that he had received \$60,000 from GEORGE MORTON IEVY for assisting in getting the book-makers out of Roosevelt Raceway. He stated that the only thing he did to earn this money was to spread propaganda around that bookmakers would be arrested if they appeared at the park.

COSTELLO then admitted that he was friendly with WILLIE MORETTI, a New Jersey gambler, and admitted that MORETTI had telephoned him 130 times in 1943 while MORETTI was recuperating from an illness in California.

At the close of the session on this date, Senator O'CONOR pointed out that COSTELLO had answered many questions throughout the day and had only refused to answer the question as to his net worth. He pointed out that COSTELLO and his attorney should consider this fact, since it would be necessary to propose a citation for contempt unless COSTELLO saw fit to answer that question on the following day.

COSTELLO continued his testimony on March 14 and at first denied detailed knowledge of the slot machine business conducted in Louisiana by "DANDY PHIL KASTEL", at which time Chief Counsel HALLEY read to him wiretap recordings that showed that COSTELLO was setting a price on the machines.

HALLEY then asked COSTELLO whether or not he had heard of an individual named JAMES McLAUGHLIN, to which COSTELLO replied he had never heard of anyone by that name. COSTELLO then denied that IRVING SHERMAN had introduced JAMES McLAUGHLIN, who worked for the telephone company, to him. He also denied that McLAUGHLIN had checked his telephone wires at his request and stated he had never given anyone a contract to check his wires. COSTELLO also denied having given anyone any money to check his telephone wires.

COSTELLO admitted that he at one time endorsed a note for \$325,000 for PHIL KASTEL, in order to assist him in obtaining the Whitely Distributorship in this country. COSTELLO denied that he had ever received anything for endorsing this note from KASTEL.

At that point Mr. HALLEY brought out testimony which COSTELLO in 1939 had given to a Treasury Agent. At that time COSTELLO stated that he had an interest in the Whitely Distillery.

COSTELLO advised that he had a bank account of \$90,000 to \$100,000, but stated that he did not have an opportunity to check his bank blance recently and that he had received his bank statement.

On January 5, 1952 COSTELLO'S trial for Contempt in connection with his appearance before the Senate Investigative Committee in New York City began at the United States Court House in New York City.

On January 14, 1952 the case was given to the jury and they reported back to the judge at 3:55 P.M. on January 15 that they were hopelessly deadlocked and could not reach a decision. Judge SYLVESTER J. RYAN discharged the jury and the case was set to be retried on January 18, 1952.

On April 8, 1952 COSTELLO was entenced by Federal Judge RYAN to 18 months imprisonment and fined \$5,000.00.

The "New York Times" newspaper on October 31, 1951 contained an article which described a meeting between COSTELLO and RUDOLPH HALLEY at an East Side restaurant.

HALLEY explained in the article that he was having dinner at a restaurant with some friends and that COSTELLO apparently was having dinner with friends at the same restaurant and that they happened to leave simultaneously and when they reached the sidewalk COSTELLO grabbed his hand and shook hands with him.

JOSEPH T. SHARKEY, Acting City Council, President, who was opposing HALLY in the campaign for the Council Presidency at that time had charged that HALLEY had said at this meeting, "FRANK, I'm sorry, I hope there are no hard feelings."

HALLEY explained the meeting at the restaurant but stated he did not recall COSTELLO shaking his hand and also denied that he had spoken to COSTELLO.

The "New York World Telegram and Sun", on September 10, 1952, indicated that Attorney General JAMES P. MC GRANERY had decided to institute denaturalization proceedings against COSTELLO. The article further indicated that denaturalization proceedings would be based on the fact that COSTELLO concealed the fact that under the alias of FRANK SAVERIO, he had been convicted of carrying a concealed weapon, and had been sentenced to a year in jail. The article further continued that if COSTELLO obtained his citizenship under false pretences, his citizenship should be immediately revoked, and he should be deported.

The "New York Journal American" newspaper, on September 30, 1952, quoted Senator WILLIAMS of Delaware as saying that he had written a letter to Attorney General McGRANERY, requesting that any Justice Department case of denaturalization against COSTELLO be held in abeyance until the Government was certain that all of his tax assessments had been collected, and that he was no longer a necessary witness at trials which may come up in the future concerning former key Government officials.

On April 23, 1953, COSTELLO pleaded not guilty to an indictment charging he evaded more than \$73,000 income taxes. COSTELLO had been brought by car from Milan to New York. Judge JOHN W. CLANCY released him on \$5,000.00 bail York. and he was remanded to the Federal House of Detention in New York sending COSTELLO'S plea to remain in a New York jail claiming he should have been incarcerated in "common jail", Federal Judge SYLVESTER RYAN denied his plea on May 27 and COSTELLO was returned to Milan, Michigan.

The following is a description of FRANK COSTELLO:

Name

Height

Weight Build

> Complexion Residences

¿ Hair

Eyes

FRANK COSTELLO, with alieses: Frank Saverio, Francesco Saverio Frank Castello

Frank Stello, Francisco Castiglia

Frank Severio

Born 1393, Calabria, Italy

5'7"

170 pounds

Medium

Dark Chestnut

Dark brown

Medium

115 Central Park West

New York, New York (City address)

Barkers Point Road

Sands Point, Long Island (country

address)

. Naturalized

Married

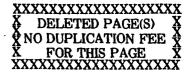
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	New York, N.Y.			payment bail
				of taxes
	United States Marshal	FRANK COSTELLO	October 9,	evading released payment ball Oct.
	New York, B.Y.		1939	of taxes 10, 1939;
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				1014 dismissed USKS to November
				Southern 1939 District
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##	United States	FRANK COSTELLO	July 25,	contempt pending
	Marshal New York, M. Z.	#C-1760-51	1951	
	New York,			
	Federal Defention Headquarters	FRANK COSTELLO	August 15,	refusing 1 year.
	New York City		***************************************	to answer to months Senate see nota-
	New York United States	FRANK COSTELLO	August 22,	Committee tions refusing 1 year
	Penitentiary	#20125	1952	to answer 6 months
	Lewisburg Pennsylvania			certain October 9 questions 1952,
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Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

ro : (MR. ROSEN

DATE: May 17, 1947

FROM

675

SUBJECT:

FRANK COSTELLO

MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING

PURPOSE

To advise that the April 12 and April 19 editions of Collier's Magazine contain articles entitled Mamerica's Number One Mystery Man by Herbert Asbury. The two articles set forth in detail the activities of Frank Costello, the notorious underworld hoodlum of New York City. The articles state that the New York Police and the FBI have periodically tapped the telephone of Costello and have kept him more or less under surveillance. The Bureau's files reflect that Costello was investigated in connection with the case entitled. Etal, National Stolen Property Act

BACKGROUND

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The April 12, 1947 issue of the Collier's Magazine published an article entitled "America's Number One Mystery Man" by Herbert Asbury. This article sets forth that Frank Costello is the number one mystery man of the American underworld and of the American political scene. It states that for years the New York Police and the FBI have periodically tapped his telephone and kept him more or less under surveillance. The article states that Costello is the real big shot of the underworld and is known as the "Prime Minister." The article sets forth in detail the connection between Costello and his underworld associates and political friends.

The first article appearing in the April 12 issue states that the telephone of Frank Costello at his apartment in Central Park West has been tapped for almost four years by the New York City Police Department. The article sets forth the exact conversation between Costello and Magistrate Thomas A. Aurelio, who was appointed in 1943 as Justice of the New York Supreme Court. The article states that Aurelio called Costello one morning to express "undying loyalty" to Costello. Costello in return replied "I know, when I tell you something is in the bag, you can rest assured." As a result of the above conversation which was later extensively publicized, it is stated that very little information is furnished by Costello over the telephone since the above incident.

The April 12 issue of Collier's further states "Costello's telephone wires were tapped by the FBI as early as 1935 when a Federal Grand Jury indicted him and several others in connection with \$185,000 jewel robbery in Florida and transportation of the stolen property to New York. He was not tried on this charge but the two men who actually stole the jewelry, whom Costello admitted he knew were sent to prison. The article further states that on several occasions since this case Costello has been trailed and investigated by G-Men.

In connection with the above statement, a review of the Bureau's files reflects in a case entitled Etal, National Stolen Property Act

62-76543

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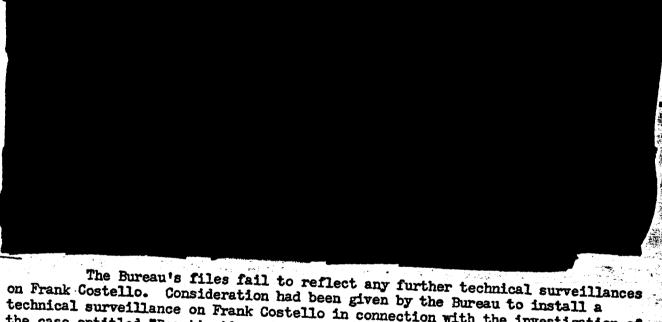
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EX-61

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Memorandum to Mr. Rosen

Bureau file 87-30, serial 113, that a telephone surveillance was maintained on Frank Costello, residing at 241 Central Park West, New York City, telephone Endicott 2-3677, and was in operation from April 19, 1935 to April 30, 1935.



on Frank Costello. Consideration had been given by the Bureau to install a technical surveillance on Frank Costello in connection with the investigation of the case entitled "Reactivation of the Capone Gang, Miscellaneous Information, Crime Survey." However, due to a situation which existed between the Bureau and the New York Telephone Company, no installation was made.

The above is for your information.



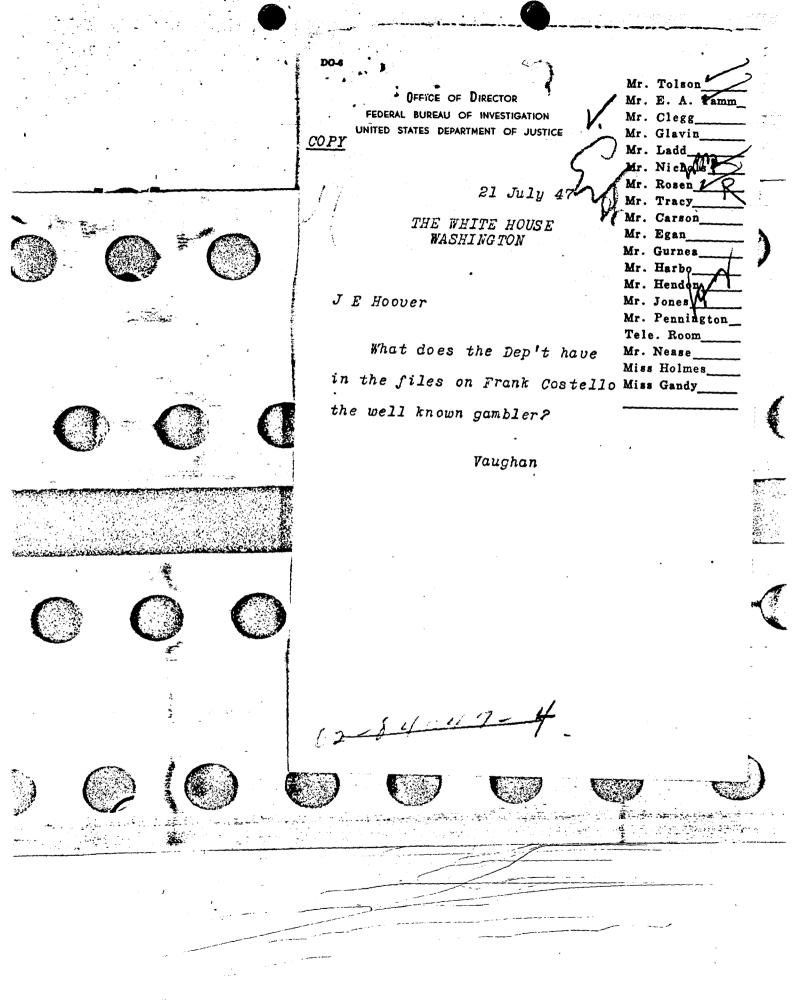


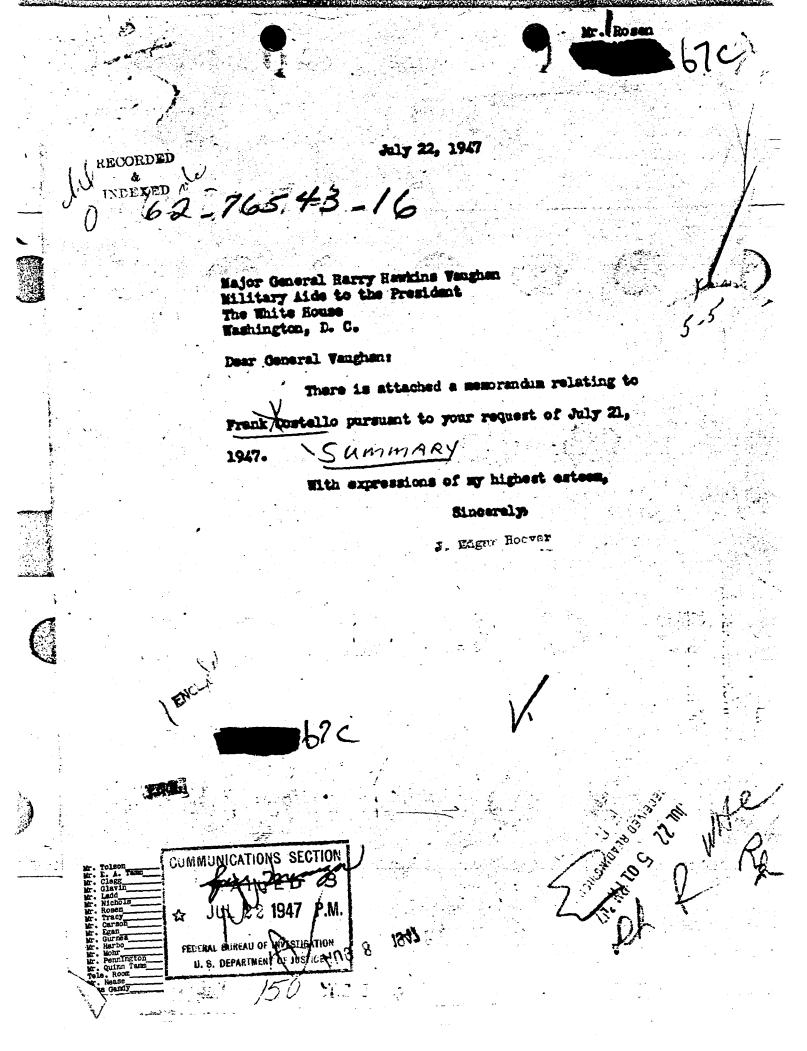


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ac Mr. Rosen

O) D MENORANDEN

Frunk Costello, who has also been known unier the aliases was born in Calabria.

Italy, in 1893.
According to the New York Daily News, it was reported that Costello is supposedly an illegitimate child insemnch as after his arrival in the United States he is understood to have used the name of Saverio, which was the maiden name of his mother.

time he was sentenced to the penitentiary occurred in April of 1915 when he was sentenced to serve one year on a charge of possessing a revolver.

ities, including booksking and alot machine operations, becoming known as the glot machine king of the United States.

According to newspaper reports, it was subsequently arranged between Senator long and Costello to place slot machines in New Orleans, Louisians, At the time it was Senator long's contention that he wanted to raise about \$25,000 to \$30,000 each year to devote to a fund for the blind. Senator long died before this scheme was placed into operation. Nowever, a city ordinance was later passed in New Orleans requiring the payment of \$30 on each slot machine maintained there.

Costello appears to possess considerable political power, and according to newspaper accounts on August 24, 1943, the day after Thomas A. Aurelio received the Demogratic nomination for the position of Justice of the Supreme Court of the First Judicial District of the State of New York, Aurelio Charles and the Costello on the latter's unlisted telephone line and pledged claric manying loyalty to Costello for the latter's assistance in securing Aurelio's Latter in Domination. The District Attorney's Office of New York County had placed a constant of the County and placed a constant of the County in the County in

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Memorpher reports indicated that Costello helped Aurelio win the momination and also that he did assist Michael J. Kennedy to win the leadership of Tammany Hall after his first selection, Representative James E. Pay was found to be out of the running; that Costello influenced the following district leaders described as old personal friends to vote for Kennedy; Paul F. Sarubhi of the First Assembly District, John DeSelvio, better known as Jimmy Kelly, might club owner and leader of the Second Assembly District, Abraham Rosenthal, leader of the Righth Assembly District and Clarence H. Meal, Jr., leader of the Twentieth Assembly District. Costello also stated that he used his influence with these same four leaders, Michael J. Kennedy and Bert Stand to secure the Supreme Court momination for Aurelio.

Howspaper accounts also reported that Costello is a friend of James "Jimmy Hines, Tammany Hall politician who was convicted in New York as a result of his involvement with the Dutch Schults Gang. Costello likewise was also said to have been acquainted with Tom "Boss" Pendergast of Mansas City, Missouri and to have met him on various occasions.

have stated that Costello controls the 79 Wall Street Corporation which owns real estate assessed at more than \$500,000@@@

Costello received considerable publicity in June, 1944, in connection with his leaving \$27,200 in a taxical while going from the New Yorker Hotel to the Sherry Metherland Hotel. When he attempted to claim this money at the New York City Police Department, he was denied it, according to press accounts, on the grounds that it had been originally obtained illegally by him. On appeal to the courts, the money was awarded to Costello with the provise that it was to be applied to a claim of approximately \$36,000 in back taxes eved to the Federal Government. Recent information indicates that this matter is still under litigation

Costello resides et 115 Central Park West and also has a summer residence en Barker's Point Road, Sands Point, Long Island.

In addition to the arrest previously mentioned, Costello was arrested by the Police Department of New York City on May 31, 1935, and charged with conspiracy. On June 3, 1937, this charge was dismissed. On September 9, 1939, Frank Costello was received at the Federal Detention Headquarters, New York City, and charged with conspiracy to evade payment of tax. On September 10, 1939, he was released on bail.



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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FREEDOM OF INFORMATION/PRIVACY ACTS SECTION

SUBJECT: FRANK COSTELLO

FILE NUMBER: 62-76543 SECTION 2







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Memorandum for Mr. Ladd

No investigation concerning the denaturalization of Costello has been conducted by the Bureau.

ACTION

The above is for your information.







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Memo to Mr. Rosen

67C

advised that from the New York indices it appears that the above data is the only pertinent available information in the New York files in answer to the inquiry of the He pointed out, however, that there are numerous references to Frank Costello in the Crime Survey and other files of the New York Office.

Office Memorandum · UNITED

GOVERNMENT

TO

MR. LADD

From

M. ROSEN

SUBJECT:

FRANK COSTELLO MISCELLANEOUS CRIME SURVEY DATE: September 22, 1949

St. 2-

Clegg Glavia Ladd Mckol Rises Trycy Egan Gurnea Harbo Mohr Penningto

PURPOSE:

To advise that the Los Angeles Mirror has published a statement that Mayor DeLesseps Morrison of New Orelans has asked the FBI to investigate the Frank Cos tello Cambling Syndicate.

BACKGROUND:

Recent news releases relating to the meeting of the members of the America Municipal Association at Chicago last week have contained statements attributed to Mayor Morrison of New Orleans and Mayor Bowron of Los Angeles to the effect that Frank Costello, the notorious under world character, heads nationwide gambling syndicates which dominate rackets in Los Angeles, New York, New Orleans and Miami.

The Los Angeles Mirror of September 14, 1949, carried a statement that Mayor Fletcher Bowron of Los Angeles on September 13, last, called Mayor Morrison of New Orleans and verified that Morrison had asked the FBI to investigate the Frank Costello Gambling Syndicate. According to the news release, Bowron was asked if he intended to request the FBI to enter the investigation and he is quoted as replying that he would "Have a statement on that later."

Other news releases in this connection indicated that Mayor Marison is running for re-election as Mayor of New Orleans and at the recent meeting of the American Municipal Association he made charges that the Costello machine which is allegedly represented locally in New Orleans by Costello's Lieutenant Phil Kastel is attempting to prevent his re-election.

No record can be located in the Bureau files of a request from Mayor Morrison for investigation of Frank Costello by the FBI.

RECOMMENDATION:

That it be ascertained from the New Orleans Office whether Mayor Morrison has made a request to that office for an investigation of Costello.

If you approve, an appropriate teletype is attached. 2 1

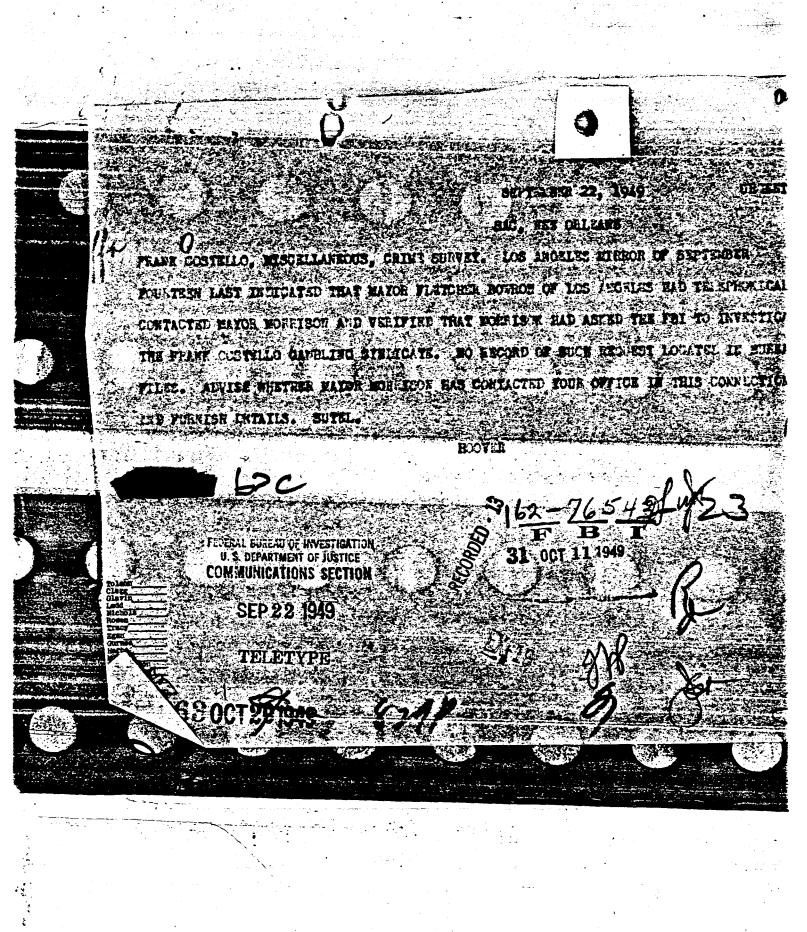
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U. S. DEPARTMENT OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 22 1949

TELETYPE

FBI WASHINGTON DC

9-22-49

8-29 PM

FEJ

SAC, NEW ORLEANS

URGENT

FRANK COSTELLO, MISCELLANEOUS, CRIME SURVEY. LOS ANGELES MIRROR OF SEPTEMBER FOURTEEN LAST INDICATED THAT A XXX MAYOR FLETCHER BOWRON OF LOS ANGELES HAD TELEPHONICALLY CONTACTED MAYOR MORRISON AND VERIFIED THAT MORRISON HAD ASKED THE FBI TO INVESTIGATE THE FRANK COSTELLO GAMBLING SYNDICATE. NO RECORD OF SUCH REQUEST LOCATED IN BUREAU FILES. ADVISE WHETHER MAYOR MORRISON HAS CONTACTED YOUR OFFICE IN THIS CONNECTION AND FURNISH DETAILS.

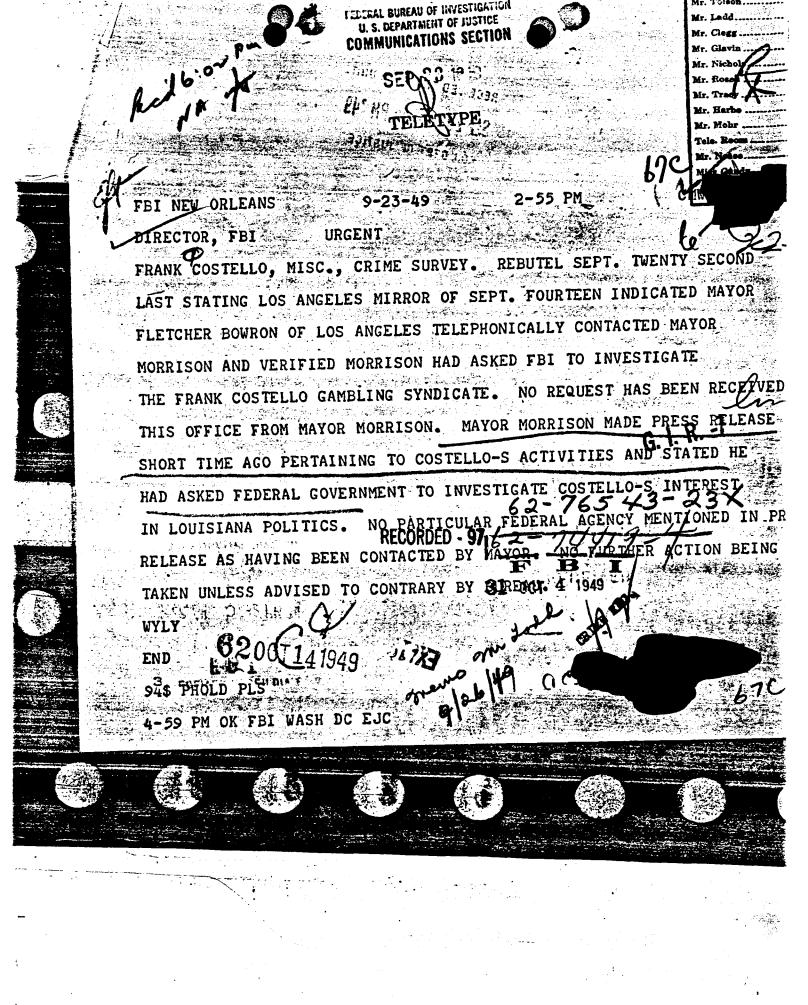
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SUBJECT: FRANK COSTELIO MISCELLANEOUS CRIME SURVEY ma 2-1

Mr. Gurnes
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hohr
Mr. Penringo
Mr. Quinn Tu
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Holmes

PURPOSE

To advise that in connection with a recent statement in the Los Angeles Mirror to the effect that Mayor DeLesseps S. Morrison had requested the FBI to investigate the Frank Costello gambling syndicate the New Orleans Office has now advised that no such request has been received from Mayor Morrison although he recently issued a news release stating that he had asked the Federal Government to investigate Costello's interest in Louisiana politics.

BACKGROUND

As you will recall, there have been several recent news releases relating to a meeting of the American Municipal Association at Chicago week before last which was attended by mayors of various cities. Some of these releases reflect charges made by Mayor Morrison of New Orleans and Mayor Bowron of Los Angeles to the effect that Frank Costello, the notorious underworld character, directs a nation-wide gambling syndicate which dominates rackets in Los Angeles, New York, New Orleans and Miami.

In this same connection, the Los Angeles Mirror of September 14, 1949, quoted Mayor Bowron as saying that he had telephonically contacted Mayor Morrison of New Orleans and verified that Morrison had asked the FBI to investigate the Frank Costello gambling syndicate. Bowron was asked if he would request the FBI to enter the investigation in Los Angeles and was quoted as saying that "He would have a statement on that later."

Other newspaper publicity in the same connection indicated that Morrison is a candidate for re-election as Mayor of New Orleans and that he has made charges that the Costello machine controls the rackets in New Orleans through Costello's Lieutenant Phil Kastel and that these interests were opposing his re-election.

The Bureau files reflected no record of a request from Mayor Morrison for impestigation of Frank Costello by the FBI and, accordingly, the New Orleans Office was requested to advise whether such a request had been received there.

DETAILS

The New Orleans Office has now advised that no request for investigation of Costello has been received from Mayor Morrison. Morrison assume the pressore a short time ago concerning Costello's activities in which he stated that he had asked the Federal Government to investigate Costello's interest in Louisiana politics. This release did not name any particular Federal agency as having been contacted by the mayor.

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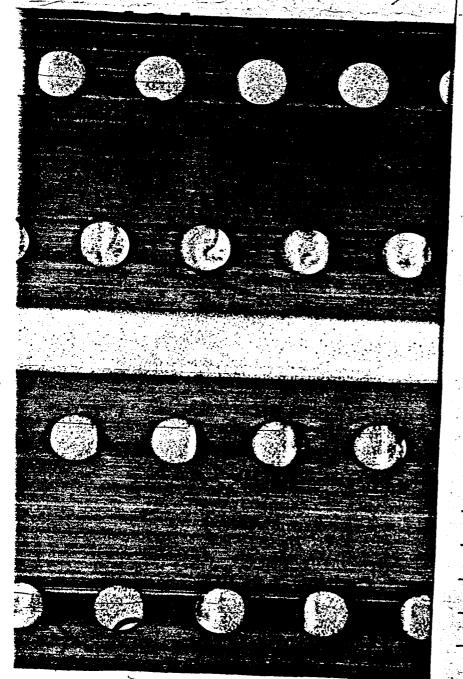
1 OCT 20 IEX 91

Further developments of interest connection with this matter will be

Ligobrought to your attention-

W

Hovember 18, 1949 Jederal Bureou of Investigation Plant, Florida Dear Then I was in New York a few days age
I was informed by a reliable person that Frank
Costelle has a home in Hallandale, Florida and
has been poing back and forth to this home from
time to time, I don't recall having seen may reference to this in reports I have read upon Sostelle so I am possing this information on you for your benefits 5/9. Edja Horner CIR 17 407 25 m JEH; EH 51 NOV 29 1949



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FEDERAL	BUREAU	OF INV	76. J	CAMTAN.
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TO:			
	Dire		Mr. Teleparene
-		Ladd	Mr. Ladd
- 14, 15 T	MI'.	Clegg Glavin	Mr. Clegg
		Harbo	Mr. Glavia
		narbo Nichols	Mr. Rosen
		Rosen	Mr. Tracy
	Wr !	Tracy	Mr. Harbo
	Mr. 1	Fletcher	Mr. Mohr
	_Mr.	Nobr Vohr	Tele. Room
- 11 . <u></u>		Carlson	Mr. Nease
· · · • <u>-</u>		Vease	Miss Gandy
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Clyde Tolson

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT october 24, 1949 Office Memorandum referred him on Servinted and Porleans.

Commission, New Commi NA FROM 50 SUBJECT: John Chierry by Op







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	For your information:
	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: $62 - 765 43 - 27$

XXXXXX XXXXXX XXXXXX

February 7, 1950.

Department of Justice. Fashington, D. C.

Edgar Hoover, F. B. I. Chief, Washington, D. C.

Gentlemen;

Re. Gambling Racketeers Junk Costello, et al.

Why don't the Government proceed against these Foreign Gambling Racketeers and bounce them out of the country, to there mative Italy and other lands?

Is it that these Racketeers are too powerful even

Its a pretty mess when the Government sits or stands idly by and permits these like to infect the communities to encourage other mobsters in there practices.

lets start a clean up and get rid of them or must the Citizens start on organization of there ewn to deal direct-

People loose respect for the law inforcing arm of the Government when nothing is done to clean up these cess-pools.

Lets get busy and get out of that old swivel chair.

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	For your information:
	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: 62-76543. Three unrecorded Serials between sample 28 % 29

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OFFICE OF DIE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTIC Record of Telephone Call or Visi thru operator from Tele. Room_ IMILE - phoned. New York City Hour 1:24pm Date Feb. When informed of the Director's absence from consented to speak with the city, After checking, he was rean assistant. in Mr. Nichols' ferred to division. stated advises that he was from Cincinnati, Ohio, and that he ferred to ana rticle on the first page of New York Herald Tribune, which he had just seen, wherein Frank Costello was giving answers to certain questions. thought this article was outrageous and that he is "sore as hell" about it. is checking into the matter and preparing a memorandum. RECORDED 84 FEB 23 1950

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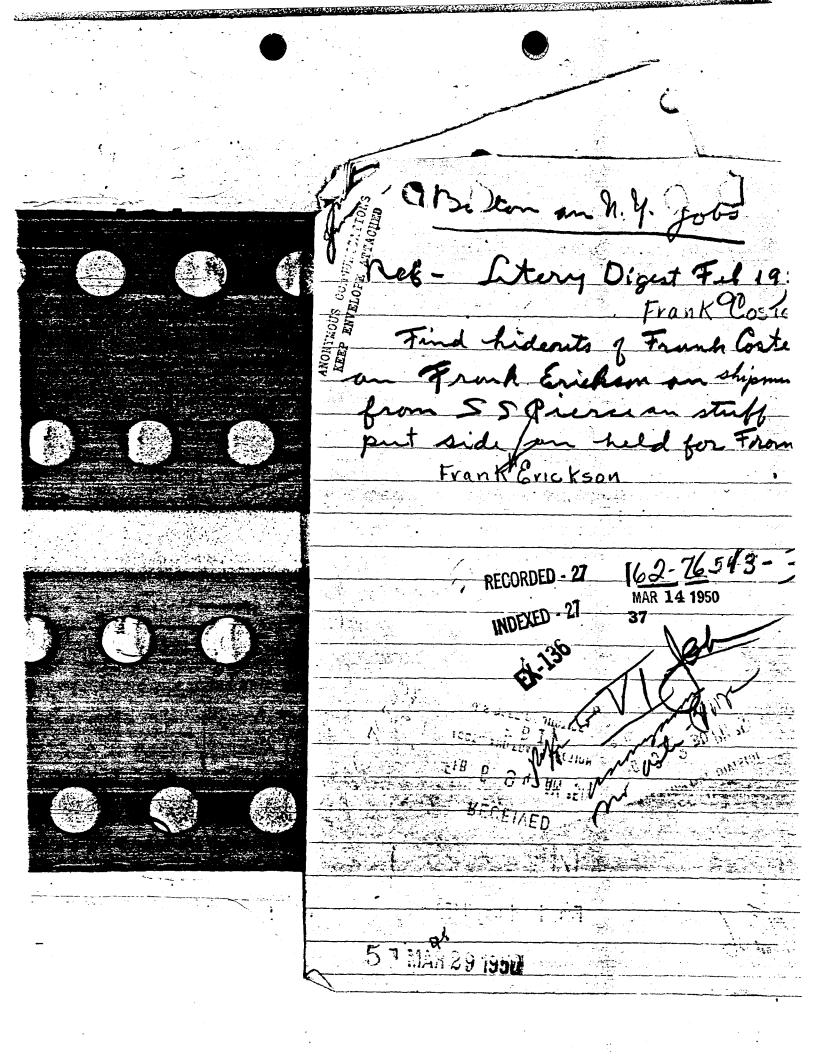
dinterestante un la familia

A Kirmelin

SE 25

MARIENTES

elstant Attorney General February 27, 1950 PRANK COSTRLIO Blice Frenk Costiglia Reference is made to your memorandum of February 23, 1950, your file Please be advised that information pertaining to any possible criminal violation concerning Frank Costello has previously been transmitted to the Criminal Division as reflected in previous memorands transmitted in connection with the came subject matter. s subject matter,



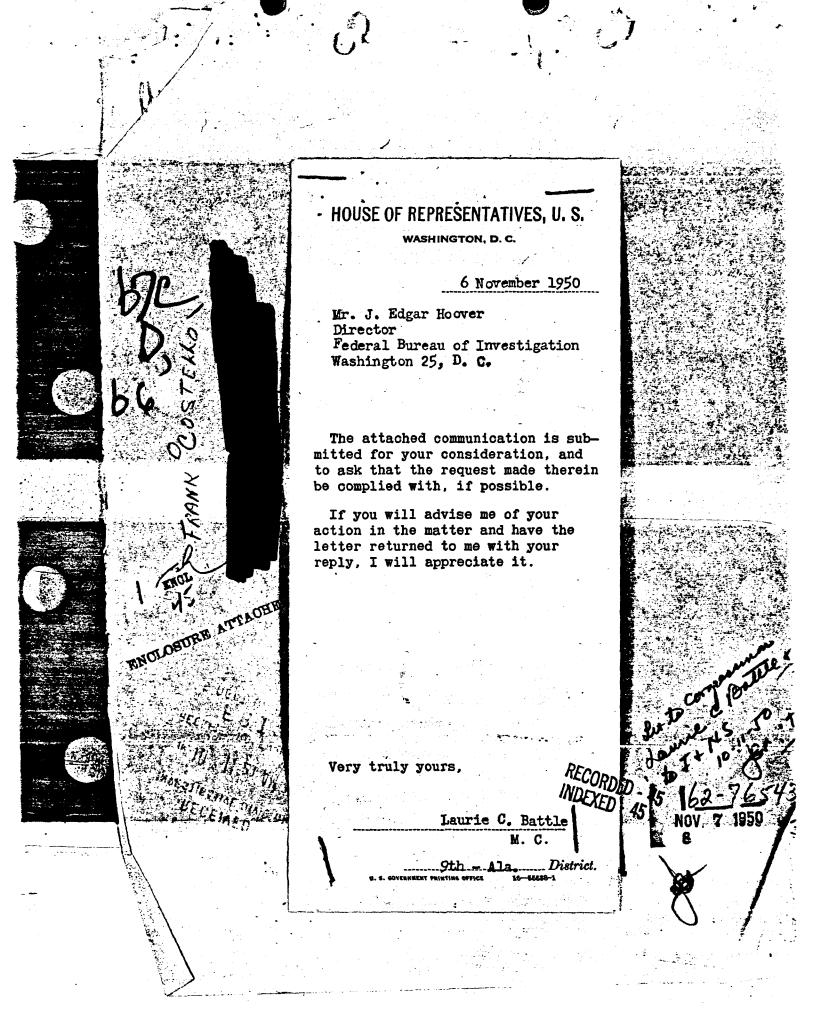






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	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: $62 - 76543 - 33634$

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Immigration and Waturalization Service November 11, 1 RECORDED Director, FBI FRANK COSTELLO There is enclosed a copy of a letter from ferred to this Bureau by Congressmen Laurie C. Bettle letter refers to a deportation matter concerning Frank Costello and is being furnished to you for whatever action is deemed appropriate. Congressmen Battle has been advised that this matte is being referred to you. He desires to be advised of any action taken in this matter. NOV 13 1950

TRUE COPY

October 30, 1950. D

Honorable Laurie Battle, Congressman to House of Representatives. Washington, D. C.

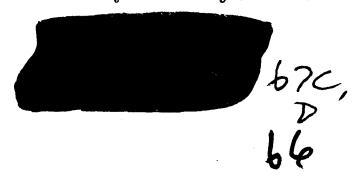
Dear Sir:

Recently it has come to my attention that the Federal Bureau of Investigation has enough evidence against Frank Costello, the gambler, to deport him, but can't, because of the influence of some of the men in Washington. As a strong candidate for good, clean, and honest government, I think this is a deplorable situation, and if possible should be remedied as soon as possible.

I realize that the affairs of state are heavy upon your shoulders, but this to, I think, is also of upmost importance.

If you are not to busy, I would appreciate a prompt answer to this letter, stating the possibilities of either jailing, or deporting Mr. Cosello.

Yours for better government





Honorable Laurie C. Bettle House of Representativ Washington, D. C. My dear Congressment Your letter of Movember 6, 1950. with which was enclosed the letter of concerning Frank costello, has been recelved. letter concerns & deportation matter which is not within the jurisdiction of this Bureau but is within the authority of the Immigration and Maturalization Service. I have, therefore, taken the liberty of referring a copy of to Acting Commissioner A. R. Mackey, Immigration and Maturalization Service. United States Department of Justice for attention. The original of his letter is in returned herewith in accordance with your reques marine and the second I do want you to know that your inter referring this matter to me is very much appreciated. & mei REC'B-TOLSON'S OFFICMVILED NOV 13 1950 Unmi - rd

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Office Memorandum

Mr. Ladd JM

A. Ros FROM:

FRANK OFSTELLO SUBJECT:

DATE: February 13, 195 Clegg

Glavin

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KOSST. Tracy

Harbi Belmon

Mohr_

Nesse

Tele. Hoos

10:35 a.m. Call:

65 H

While calling from New York on other matters, stated that Bureau Agents today observed Frank Costello, the well-known New York gambler, walking into the United States Courthouse. Further pointed out that the Kefauver Committee is holding hearings in the United States Courthouse today and it appeared likely that Costello was being called as a witness.

INDEXED - 82

5 1 FLB 23 1951.

ANONYMOUS COVMUNICATION KEEP KNVILOPE ATTACHED

A 3-1

If you are really on the level about digging up where the Costello mob has its dough buried, heres a tip.

Investigate the tie up between Costello and who fronts for him on investments in notels and apartments, mostly in Burielo and that part of the state.

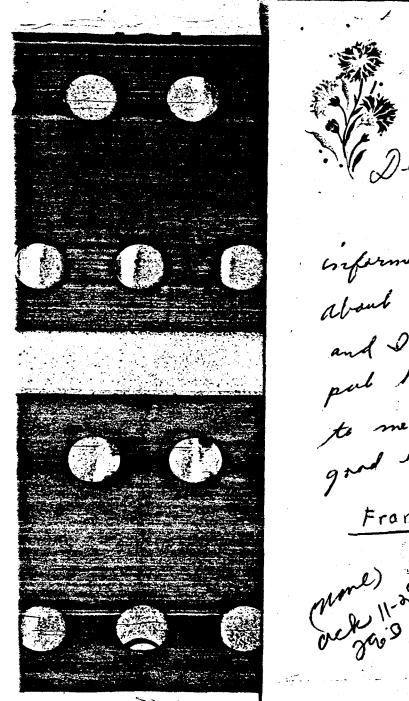
Id sign my name but it aint helthy but this tip sure is.

HANDLED BY
BTOF DEBK
INDEXED - 115

AUG 29J 1951

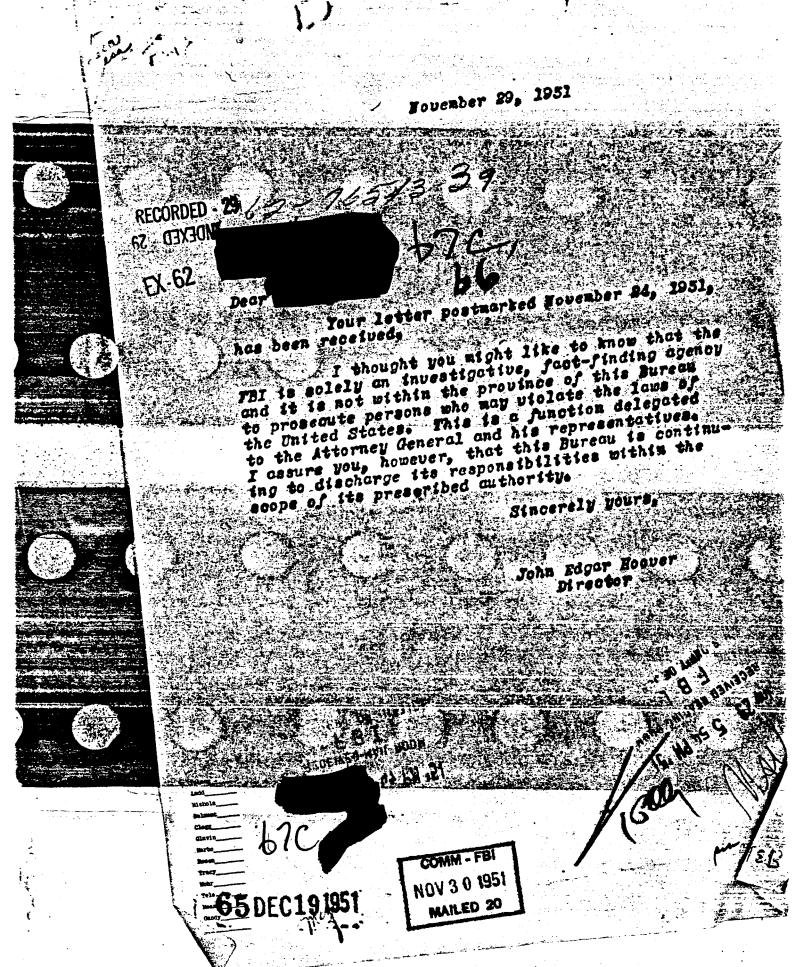
I EX-5

Year to to



Dear Thr. Hower, I hear quite a bit of information through the newspapers about this man Frank Coatello, and I thought I'd ack you men ?

put him behind the bars. It seen to me be diserved it. Good but 4 grad balth to you. a fraid, Frank Costello





2	Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.
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V	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: $62 - 76543 - 40$





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	For your information:
	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: 62-765 43- 41

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Dime of Distance

DATE OF MAIL 9/16/53

HAS BEEN REMOVED FOR OFFICE, ROOM 1736

TO BE KEPT PERMANENTLY IN HIS

SEE FILE 66-2554-7530 FOR AUTHORITY.

SUBJECT JUNE MAIL

REMOVED BY 00 UL 12 1952

FILE NUMBER 62 - 765 43 - 42

PERMANENT SERIAL CHARGEOUT

September 5, 1952 MEMORANDUM Frank Saverio, Francèsco Frank Castello, Frank Stello SUM MARY January 26, 1891, at Cosensa, Italy, and January 28, 1896, at Regio, Calabria, Italy. He is reported to have stated in his petition for naturalization that he embarked from haples, Italy, on April 18, 1895. He is said to have filed a Declaration of Intent at New York, New York, on March 26, 1923, and to have been granted his citisenship on September 10, 1925, Certificate of Naturalisation number 2136470. His residence has been reported to be 115 Central Park West, New York City where he has resided with his wife, Mrs. Loretta Geigerman Costello. Costello is alleged to have engaged in bootlegging activities in 1923 and is alleged to have branched from that into gambling and alot machine activities. He is characterized in the press as one of the most prominent underworld figures in the country attached an arrest record for Costell INDEXED - 117 RECORDED - 117 . SEP 18 185 53 OCT 3-1952

SEPTEMBER 18, 1952

SAC'S, NEW YORK PHILADELPHIA)

URGENT

PRANK COSTELLO, ETAL, INFO CONCERNING, INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

RENTEL SEPTEMBER POUR LAST, AND BUREAU CALLS TODAY. PHILADELPHIA

ADVISE BUREAU RESULTS OF

BY TWO P.M.

SEPTEMBER NINETERN NEXT. NEW YORK SUTEL BY SAME TIME WHETHER
ANY PURTHER DEVELOPMENTS HAVE OCCURRED IN THIS MATTER AND SUTEL
DEVELOPMENTS
DETERN THEREAFTER. THIS MATTER MUST BE AFFORDED VIGOROUS,

CONTINUOUS ATTENTION AND THE BUREAU KEPT CLOSELY ADVISED OF

ALL DEVELOPMENTS.

HOOVER

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SEP 18 1952

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	Deleted under exemption(s) 670 with no segregable material available for release to you.
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	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: 62-76543 - 5 unrecorded serials and serial 45

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OCTOBER 10, 1952

AIR MAIL

SAC, AT LANTA

K3-1

FRANK COSTELLO, INFORMATION CONCERNING, INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION.

COSTELLO CONFINED AT USP LEVISBURG, PENNSYLAVNIA, SERVING

SENTENCE OF EIGHTEEN MONTHS FOR CONTEMPT OF CONGRESSIONAL

COMMITTEE.

HOOVER

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Hic

62-76543-NOT RECORDED 106 001 15 002

COMM - FBI OCT 1 0 1952 MAILED 31

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G. I. R. -3

RECORDED - 56

INDEXED . 56 162 765 43-46

EX (3) 2 . OCT 10 1952

57 OCT 27 1952

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR, FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION OFFICIAL INDICATED BELOW BY CHECK MARK **西班班班班班班班班班班班** Se No Fo Wh

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r. Laughlin	
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	For your information:
	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: 62-76543-54ibls 49 through 52

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S.a.C. New York -10/15/52

RE: FRANK COSTELLO, was: Frank Saverio,
Francesco Saverio,
Frank Castello, Frank Stello

470

Park P

COSTELLO's last known residence was 115 Central Park West, New York City. However, he is currently incarcerated in the Federal Penitentary at Atlanta, Georgia.

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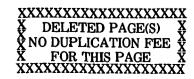


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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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D2	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: 62-76543-5erials 54 portions of 55 and 56 through





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

1894.R.H.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

Director.

The following FBI record, NUMBER 936 217

is furnished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
		~		
Police Department New York	Frank Costello - #B-38412	1927 31	conspiracy .	Jump 3 1937 dismissed
New York		1935		
	As Frank Costelle	Ranhett	n May 31 1935 oo) E b Traca
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(Federal case) D	back out.	ted States Mersha	(per
ederal Detention			her York Her You	l -
Keadqua rters	Frank Costello	October	conspired to	October 10 19
lies York	#2833 1	3000	evade peyment	bail
Hew York		1939	of taxes	
mew fork Mited States	Frenk Costello	Oe tober		وأبد ومقدودها
Anshel	#C-23-463	oe refer	evading payment	rolessed on t
New Yerk	40-23-03	3 030	of teres and	Ontober 10 19
How York		1939	Section 1014 USIS to Southern	complaint divmissed
Man York] .	District of	November 8 19
	•		Louisiana	MOVERNEE O 15
hilted States	Freek Costello	July	contempt	pending
Marshal	#C-1760-51	25	outresape ,	Perserre?
Hew York week.	7 5100 52	1951		
Hew York			•	
ederal Detention	Frank Costello	August	refusing to	1 yesy
Headquarters	#64136	15	answer	6 months
Beer York City		1952	Senate Committee	August 22 195
New York		1		United States
				Penitentiary
		*		Levisburg
mited States	Frank Costello	August	refusing to	l year
Penitontiary	₹20125	55	enswir certain	5 mosths
levisburg ·		1952	questions	Cotober 9 195
Panery Venta		*	before Senate :	transfersud b
			Sub-Committee	Atlanta
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mited States	Frank Costello	October	investigation	18 months
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ED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

Director.

936 217

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER Frank Costello #16433	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED December 26,1952	CHARGE	DISPOSITION 18 months
Federal Correctional Institution Milan				
			contempt Senate Sub-Committee	
Michigan		trans-	7	
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

Director.

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
	Frank Costello Ne	w York N	ew York May 6, 19	08
	assault and robbe	ry; May	8, 1908 discharge Vyork March 12,	d 1015
•	revolver: April	. 1915 P	enitentiary	
	Frank Costello # New York April 8	United 1952 co	States Marshal Nationpt of congres	ew York
	April 8, 1952 fir	hed \$1,00	Deach on counts	1, 3,
	to run concurrent	ncea o m	onths on counts 5 ar on counts 6, 9	, 6, 7. . 10
	and 11 to run con	hcurrent1	y and to be serve	d after
	and 7; 30 days ea	ach on co	6 months on count unts 1, 3 and 4 t	o be
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ED STATES DEPARTMENT OF

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

Director.

936 217

nished FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

CONTRIBUTOR OF	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
		·		
	Description: Race: White	•		
	Sex: male Height: 5-9 Weight: 170 11	a		
	Hair: brown Eyes: brown		•	
	Build: medium Complexion: me Birth: 1-26-93, 1	lium Koly	•	•
	Recidence: in 195	1, 115 C	ntral Park W. NY	, NY
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

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Police Department	Frank Costollo	Ray	conspiracy	Juma 3 1937_
New York	#B-38412	31		dismissed
Hen York	A. Dennie Centell	1935 Benhette	May 31 1935 co	nspiracy
	(Pederal case) D	ersty Walt	ed States Reroha	l (per
	information rece	ived from	FEW LOCK HER LOS.	4) .
rederal Detention	Frank Costello	oc so per	conspired to	October 10 19
Headquarters New York	#28331	1939	evade payment of taxes	pa11
Hen Acek Hen Icek		4939	OI CATOD	
Inited States	Frank Costello	redect of	evading payment	released on i
Marshal .	#C-23-463	9	of taxes and	On saver 10 19
New York		1939	Section 1014 USKS to Southern	complaint dismissed
Hea York			District of	Koverder 8 1
			iculpiana	
Inited States	Frank Costello	Jely	contempt	pending
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Hea Aock		1951		
Pederal Detention	Frank Costello	August	reftsing to	l yeer
Headquarters	#64136	15	BESTER	6 months:
New York City		1952	Senate Committee	
Hen York				Calibratical Perilection
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United States	Frank Costello	August	refesing to	l year
Penitentiory	£20125	\$2	enswer certain	6 months
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			crime	
United States	Frank Costello	October	investigation	18 months
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		United		
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	1	Hortheas	u	

Notations indicated by * ARE NOT BASED ON FINGERPRINTS IN FBI files. The notations are based on data furnished this Bureau concerning individuals of the same or similar names or aliases and ARE LISTED ONLY AS INVESTIGATIVE LEADS.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

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	esault and robberank Severio New revolver; April 5 rank Costello #-New York April 8, April 8, 1952 fin 1, 5 and 8; sente to run concurrent and 11 to run consctual completion	York New 1915 Pe United 1952 coned 6 moly; 1 year of the 6	V York May 6, 190 1908 discharged York March 12, 1 nitentiary States Marshal Ne tempt of congress each on counts 1 nths on counts 5, or on counts 8, 9, and to be served months on counts nts 1, 3 and 4 to	915 york 3, 6, 7 10 after 5, 6
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16-15190-2 U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

SAC, New York (94-419)

October 15, 1953

PLOS PRANK COSTELLO CONCERNING

39160

Reurlets dated October 5 and 12, 1953, and your sirtel dated October 10, 1953.

The Bureau has no objection to your furnishing a copy of the revised summary you submitted concerning Costello to Assistant United States Aftorney McMahon; however, it is desired that the following changes be made prior to transmittals

The first page of the summary should be dated and placed on Bureau letterhead. The first paragraph should be deleted and the following substituted:

Lodd

Richols

Belmost

Clegg

Glavin

Harbo

Rosen

Tracy

Genty

Mohr

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Tele. Rec

OCT 28 1953 (1)

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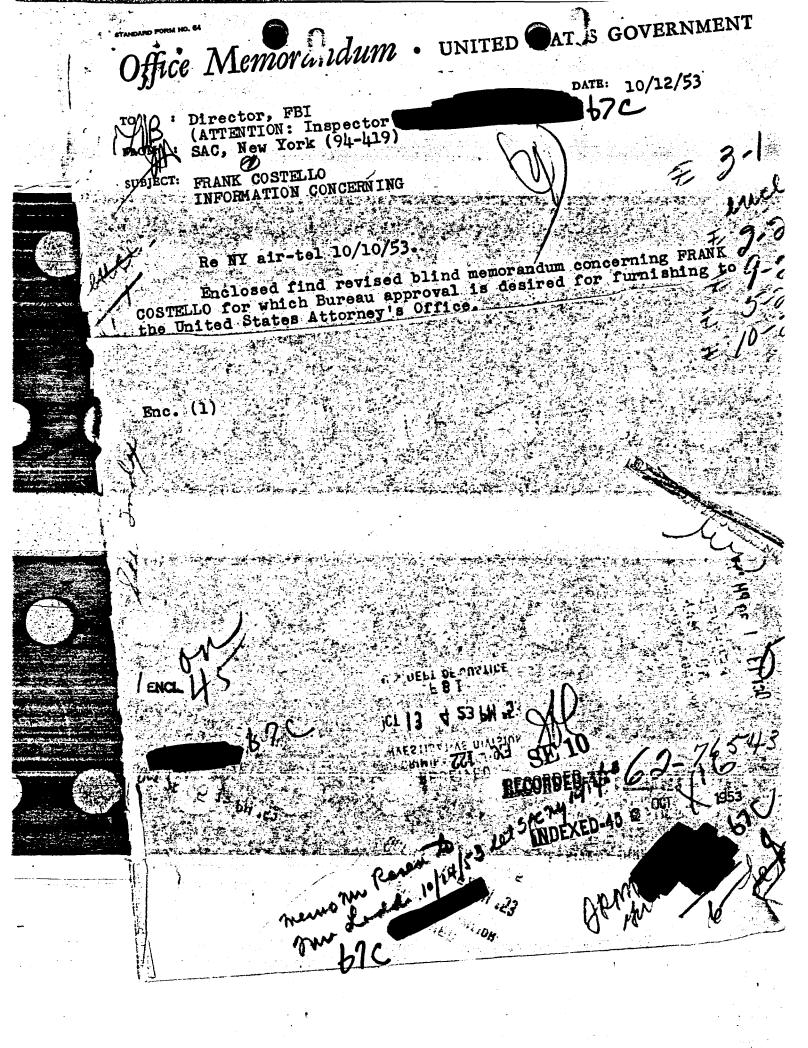






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4	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: 62-76543.60 pgs. 2 & 3

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FRANK COSTELLO Sum November #936217.
Born: January 26, 1893; W.Y.

Calabria, Italy
Arrived in U.S.: April 2, 1895
Naturalized: September 10, 1925
Resides: 115 Central Park West,
New York City

(Also resides at country estate at Barkers Point Road, Sands Point, L. I.) Presently incarcerated at Federal House of Correction at Milan, Michigan

The following information concerning FRANK COSTELLO is a result of a review of all the information pertaining to the subject maintained in the files of this office, the pertinent portions of which are set forth below:

Collier's magazine of April 12, 1947 reflects that when he was married and when he was arrested in New York City, as well as during his examination by a U. S. Attorney in 1935, COSTELLO claimed he had been born in New York City, exact date not given. However, according to this magazine, in his petition for final naturalization, COSTELLO said he was born January 26, 1891 at Cosenza. Italy.

S.L.A.

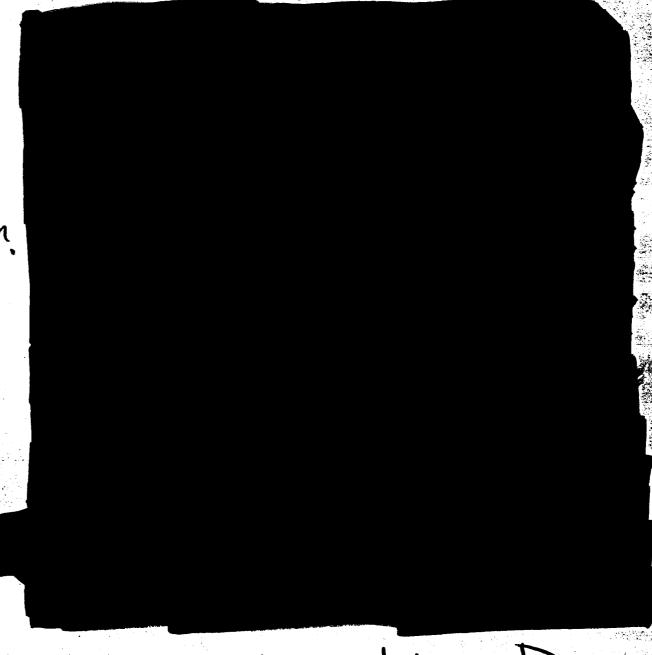
37D

In the "New York News" of June 25, 1944, it is stated COSTELLO was born in Calabria, Italy, in 1893. This newspaper indicates his mother's maiden name was SAVERIO and his father's name was STELLO or CASTELLANO.

The records of Selective Service Board 24, New York City, reflect COSTELLO was born January 26, 1893 in Calabria, Italy.

In Collier's magazine of April 12, 1947, it is reflected that in his petition for final naturalization papers, COSTELLO said he had embarked from Naples, Italy, on March 1, 1895, and had arrived in the United States on April 2, 1895. This magazine further indicates COSTELLO was granted his citizenship papers on September 10, 1925. COSTELLO filed his declaration of intent on March 26, 1923, and he gave his residence as 234 East 108th Street, New York City.

62-76543-60 ENCLOSURE This magazine article further shows that at the time of his arrest on March 12, 1915, in New York City, COSTELLO said he was a steamfitter by occupation and that he had lived at 222 East 108th Street, New York City, for twenty-three years. The "New York News" of June 25, 1944 indicates it was pointed out in court at this time that COSTELLO had not worked at the above mentioned occupation for a couple of years, having been engaged in the operation of a saloon.





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The records of the County Register's Office, New York County, reflect that on May 23, 1944, the properties known as 79-89 Wall Street, 148-152 Pearl Street and 114-16 Water Street, New York City, were purchased by the 79 Wall Street Corporation, a real estate holding company with an effice at 30 Broad Street, New York City, of which COSTELLO is President and his wife, LORETTA B. COSTELLO, Vice President and Secretary. This property is assessed at \$512,000.00 and was purchased subject to a mortgage of \$249,483.00.

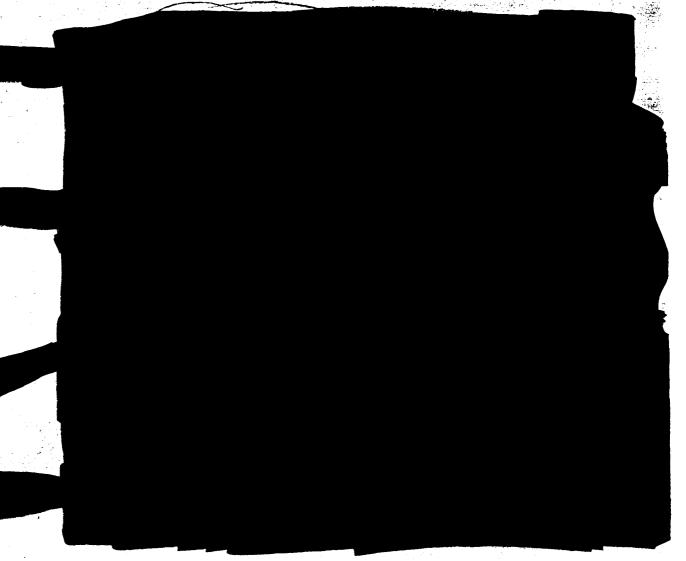
The records of the Secretary of State's Office, State of New York, reflect a certificate of incorporation for the 79 Wall Street Corporation was filed on April 21, 1944 with the Secretary of State by BLANCHE WOLF, 30 Broad Street; HARRY SHAPIRO, 261 Broadway and GEORGE WOLF, 30 Broad Street; all New York City, who were listed as directors. BLANCHE WOLF is the daughter of GEORGE WOLF, COSTELLO'S present attorney.

Collier's magazine of April 12, 1947 indicates
COSTELLO pays \$3,600.00 a year rent for an apartment at 115
Central Park West, New York City.



67D -

The "New York Herald Tribune" of June 22, 1944 reflects that on May 13, 1944 COSTELLO purchased, in his wife's name, a twelve-room house on Barker's Point Road near Sands Point Road, Sands Point, Long Island, as a summer residence. COSTELLO paid \$15,000.00 in cash for the home and assumed a \$16,000.00 mortgage already on the property.



67D, C

OVERNMENT

TO

: Director, FBI -

SAC, Miami (62-2358)

SUBJECT:

FRANK COSTELLO, Was

GIIF

(TOP HOODLUM COVERAGE)

DATE: October 16, 1953

Q\$ 3-1

Re SAC Letter No. 53-58 dated August 25, 1953.

Œ

FRANK COSTELLO, FBI No. 936217, is often referred to as the top ranking criminal in the United States. His permanent address is in New York. He is presently incarcerated in the Federal Reformatory at Milan, Michigan, having been convicted of contempt of Congress in connection with his appearance before the Kefauver Committee.

Although FRANK COSTELLO makes his headquarters in New York City, he was a regular visitor to South Florida each winter prior to his conviction.

67D

In April, 1951 COSTELLO began construction of a home at 11th Avenue and Hollywood Boulevard, Hollywood, Florida, on a lot owned by his wife, LORETTA B. COSTELLO. After some unfavorable publicity construction was discontinued and it has never been completed.



cc: New York (Info.)

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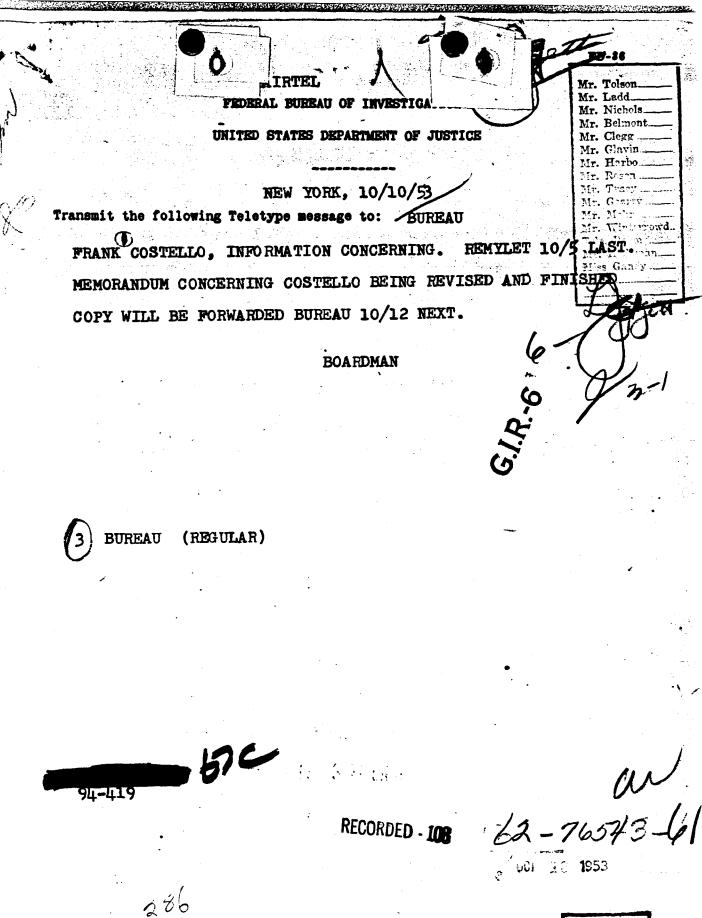
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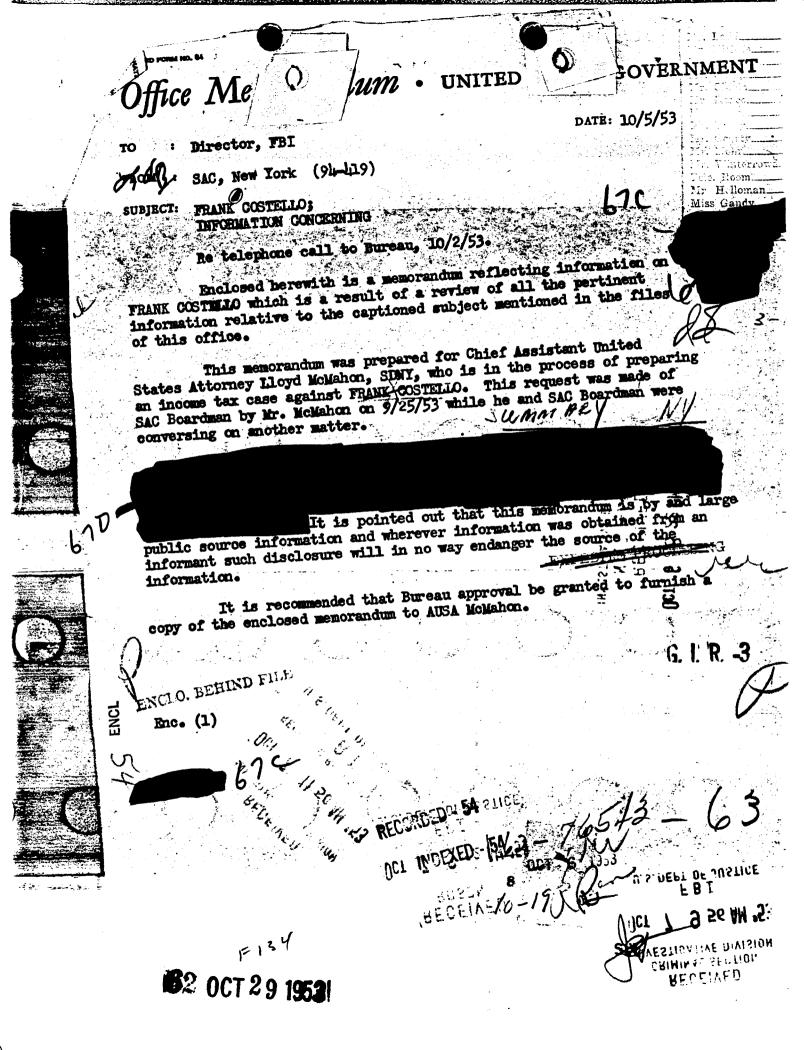


5 2 UCI 30 1953 Special Agent in Charge Mr. Rosen

MM 62-2358



In view of the above, and since COSTELLO's sentence is soon to expire, he is being carried as a "top hoodlum" of the Miami Field Division. No doubt the New York Office has also classified him as such. It will be appreciated if New York will in the future furnish Miami with copies of any correspondence which it directs to the Bureau regarding FRANK COSTELLO. Miami would particularly like to be advised promptly in the event New York receives information relative to COSTELLO or his wife proceeding to Florida.





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Office Mem. VERNMENT 12/17/53 DATE: Director, FBI SAC, New York (94-419 sub file 22) FRANK COSTELLO GIIR Re Atlanta letter to Director, 11 t is also noted that other than newspaper articles similar to that appearing in the "Atlanta Constitution" on 11/7/53 the NY office has no information that the FRANK COSTELLO organization plans to operate in Atlanta. 1-Atlanta (94-235) RECORDED 31 DEC 24 1953 1954 8 nec 195 58 JAN 6

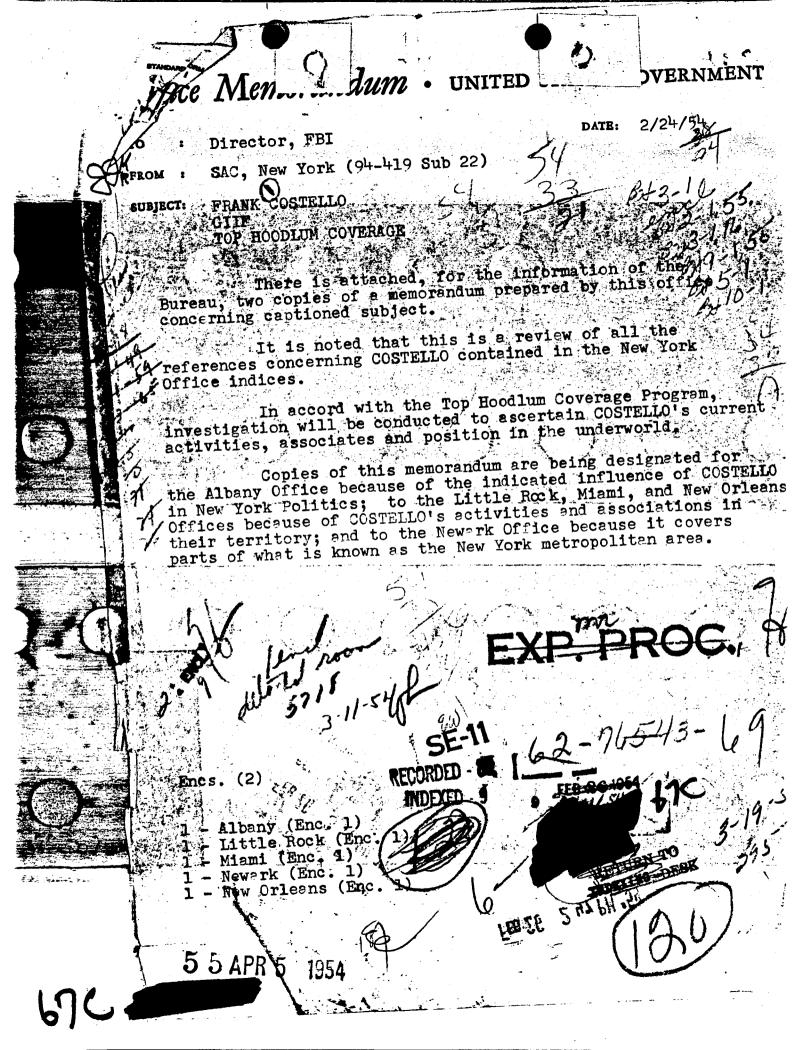






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MEMO

New York, New York February 24, 1954

GENERAL PRVESTIGATIVE INTELLIGENCE FLIE

FRANK COSTELLO TOP HOODLUM COVERAGE

FRANK COSTELLO was:
Francesco Costaglia, Frank Saverio,
Frank Castello, Frank Stello
FBI Number 936217

The following information concerning FRANK COSTELIO is a result of a review of all the information pertaining to the subject maintained in the files of this office.

BACKGROUND

FRANK COSTELLO has furnished various information as to his origin. "Colliers" magazine of April 12, 1947 reflects that when he was married, and when he was arrested in New York City, as well as during his examination by the United States Attorney in 1935, COSTELLO claimed he had been born in New York City, exact date not given. However, according to this magazine, in his petition for final naturalization, COSTELLO said he was born January 26, 1891 in Cosenza. Italy

New York "News" of June 25, 1944, it is stated that COSTFLIO was born in Calabria, Italy, in 1893. This newspaper indicates his mother's maiden name was SAVERIO and his father's name was STELLO or CASTELLANO.

The records of Selective Service Board 24, New York City, reflect COSTELLO was born January 26, 1893 in Calabria, Italy.

THE REST OF SHEET SHEET SHEET WAS TO SHEET SHEET

62-76543-69

JEH: 641 94-419 Sub 22

ENCLOSURE

NY 94-419 Sub 22

The "Colliers" magazine article reflected that in COSTELLO's petition for final naturalization papers, he stated he had embarked from Naples, Italy, on March 1, 1895 and had arrived in the United States on April 2, 1895. If this date is correct, the above mentioned 1896 birthdate could not be correct. This magazine further indicates that COSTELLO was granted his citizenship papers on September 10, 1925. It is granted his citizenship papers on September 10, 1925. It is presumed this naturalization took place in New York City because presumed this naturalization took place in New York City because his declaration of intent on March 26, 1923, he gave his residence as 234 East 108th Street, New York City.

This magazine article further shows that at the time of his arrest on March 12, 1915 in New York City, COSTELLO stated he was a steamfitter by occupation and that he lived at he was a steamfitter by occupation for twenty-three years, 222 East 108th Street, New York City, for twenty-three years,

The New York "News" of June 25, 1944 indicates it was pointed out in court at this time that COSTELLO had not worked at the above mentioned occupation for a couple of years having been engaged in the operation of a saloon.





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NY 94-419 Sub 22

HARV ASHAPIRO, 261 Breadway, and GEORGE Welf, 30 Broad Street, all New York City, who were listed as directors.

It is noted that BLANCHE WOLF is the daughter of GEORGE WOLF, COSTELLO's attorney.

In various newspaper accounts

Pic.

has been ascertained that GEORGE WOLF, 30 Broad Street has been COSTELLO's attorney for a long period of time.

670,

It has been ascertained that COSTELLO resides at 115 Central Park West, New York City. "Colliers" magazine of April 12, 1947 indicates that COSTELLO pays \$3,600.00 rental a year for this apartment.

PJA

The "New York Herald Tribune" of June 22, 1944 reflects that on May 13, 1944, COSTELLO purchased in his wife's name a twelve room house on Barker's Boint Road near Sand Point Road, Sands Point, Long Island, as a summer residence. COSTELLO paid \$15,000.00 cash for the home and assumed a \$16,000.00 mortgage already on the property.

00 CRIMINAL ACTIVITIES The records of the United States Attorney, Souther District of New York, reflect COSTELLO was indicted by Fedge of The Torney of November 18, 1926, on a character of New York City on November 18, 1926, on but we of conspiracy to violate the Prohibition Amendment, but we found not guilty on January 20, 1927. NY 94-419 Sub 22

To noted the trial in this conspiracy case resulted in the acquittal of nine minor defendants and disagreement as to six.

The state of the trial in this conspiracy case resulted in the acquittal of nine minor defendants and disagreement as to six.

The records of the State Supreme Court, New York City, reflect that on April 5, 1929, in that Court, a judgment for \$25,272.00 was entered against COSTELLO in favor of the Rothmere Corporation, which judgment was satisfied of record on October 1, Corporation, was controlled by ARNOLD ROTHSTEIN, the 1943. This corporation was controlled by ARNOLD ROTHSTEIN, the notorious gambler who was murdered.

Also, on April 5, 1929, another judgment for \$10,122.00 was entered against COSTELLO in favor of the estate of ARNOLD ROTHSTEIN, which judgment was satisfied of record on December 3, 1943.

The records of the United States Attorney's Office, Southern District of New York, reflect that from bootlegging COSTELIO branched into gambling, engaged in bookmaking and slot machines. He became known as the slot machine king of the United States.

NY 94-419 Sub 22

50,

Novelty Company, through a suit brought by the Mills Novelty Company, secured an injuction in Federal Court in 1931, against seizing of their slot machines. This injunction remained in effect until 1933, at which time, as a result of an appeal by the City of New York in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, the injunction was revoked, and the machines operated by the Midtown Novelty Company were seized by the New York City Police Department.

M 91-419 Sub 22

The records of the United States Attorney Southern District of New York, reflect COSTELLO admitted he paid neither Federal or State income taxes from 1919 until 1932 when he arranged to settle both of them pala neither rederal or State income taxes from 1919 until 1932 when he arranged to settle both of them. He said that he paid \$305,000.00 to New York State but aid not disclose how much he paid the Rederal Covernment

On June 7, 1935, COSTELLO was indicted by a Federal Grand Jury at New York City for violation of the Interstate Transportation of Stolen Property Act. paid the Federal Government. Grand Jury at New York City for violation of the Interstate
Transportation of Stolen Property Act. The following individual Transportation of Stolen Property Act. NOEL CHARLES SCAFFA; NIC Were indicted with him at this time: NOEL CHARLES AL HOARD WITH ALIES CALL; ALBERT J. CONTENTO WITH ALIES ALVINGSTERN ALIES "BROADWAY CHARLES "BROADWAY "BROADWAY "BROADWAY "BROADWAY "B

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NY 94-419 Syb 22

above were indicted for the interstate transportation of this jewelry and also for conspiracy. Indictments as to constitution of this were Nol-Prossed on June 3, 1937.

NY of 119 Sub 22

The New Orleans Office advised that on May 6, 1940;
FRANK COSTELLO together with

with conspiracy to violate the Income Tax Laws in the Federal Court in the State of Louisiana. COSTELLO and his coedefendant were acquitted.

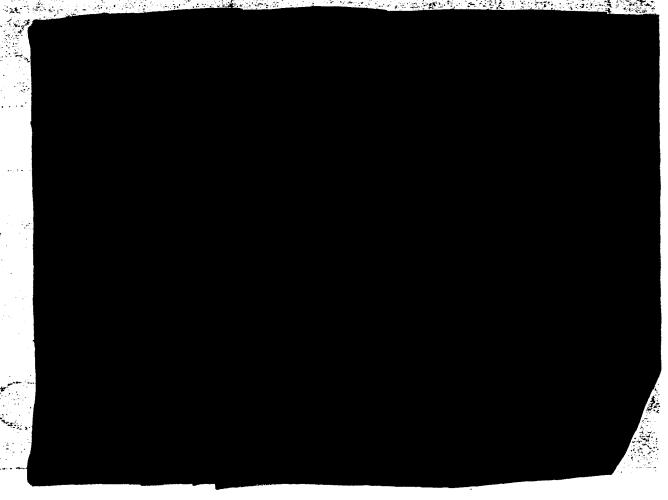
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New Orleans item of April 27, 1950 reported that Service States Service Congressional Sub-Committee, admitted having operated five

NY 94419 Sub 22

()()

or six hundred slot machines in New Orleans at one time but stated that he had not owned any slot machines for approximately five or six years. He testified that the only gambling he was linked with was a casino he operated just outside the New Orleans city limits and gambling in the casino was limited to certain types, which were roulette and dice. He further testified that his New Orleans associate was KASTEL. He futher stated that he had been invited to New Orleans by a public official but did not identify this individual. He testified that he had never operated anywhere except New York and New Orleans.



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NY 94-419 Sub 22

Information was developed by the New York Office that as of 1938, it was reported COSTELLO, together with JACOB SHAPIRO. LOUIS BUCHALTER, CHARLES "LUCKY" SUCIANO, ABRAHAM ZWILLMAN, and NO BENJAMIN "BUGS" SIECEL, all outstanding racketeers, SHAPIRO, BUCHALTER, and SIECEL presently being deceased, had received considerable notoriety through police announcements and newspaper stories as members of the "Big Six" of New York City.

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NY-94-419 6ub 22

Verious accounts in New York City newspapers reported the following information:

On August 23, 1943, the Democratic Judicial Convention of the First Judicial District, comprising the counties of the Bronk and New York, nominated Magistrate THOMAS A AURELIO as one of their candidates for Justice of the Supreme Court in that district. On the following day, the Republican Judicial Convention for that district made a similar nomination of Magistrate AURELIO. Four days later, District Attorney FRANK S. HOGAN of New York County publicly disclosed that on the morning after Magistrate AURELIO received the Democratic nomination, he telephoned FRANK COSTELLO on CONSTELLO's private unlisted telephone. The principal part of this conversation was as follows:

AURELIO

()()

COSTELLO:

Good morning, FRANCESCO, how are you? And thanks for everything!

Congratulations! It went over per When I tell you something is in the bag, you can rest assured.

NY 94-419 Sub 22

AURELIO:

COSTELLO

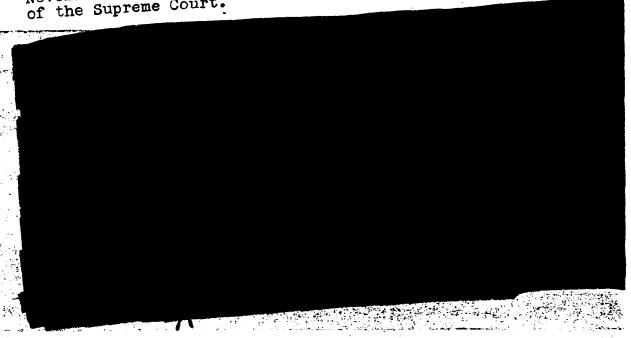
It was perfect. Right now I want to assure you of my loyalty for all you have done. It is undying all you have done.

1 know. 1411 see 700 Boon.

teleph 19 1/2 placed in cen

The board Shakes and State of the State of t

AURELIO subsequently admitted the above conversation, but claimed he did not know that COSTELLO was engaged in illegal activities. Following the revelation that the Democratic nomination of AURELIO had been procured by CETELIO, the committee on vacancies of both the Democratic and the Republican Parties on vacancies of both the Parties of Both the Part



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NY 94-419 Sub 22

Also, according to these newspaper accounts, COSTELLO stated he knows HENRY GOODMAN, former Magistrate of the City of New York and now a practicing attorney.

Various accounts in New York City newspapers during the year 1944, reported that COSTELLO and JOE ADONIS, the well-known racketeer, ran the "Big Hall", a gambling establishment in Cliffside Park, New Jersey, until the day before it was raided by representatives from the Bergen County, New Jersey Prosecutor's Office, and that the night before the raid, the paraphernalia was moved, indicating a "tip off" had been given in advance of the raid. It was further alleged that COSTELLO and ADONIS make Bergen County Headquarters for their gambling activities.

The "New York Herald Tribune" under dates of June 19,1944 and June 21, 1944, and the "New York Mirror" of June 24, 1944, reflect that on June 14, 1944, EDWARD WATERS, a taxicab driver, turned over to the New York City Police Department the sum of \$27,200.00, which had been left in his cab by a passenger he had driven from the New Yorker Hotel to the Sherry Netherland Hotel in New York City a short time prior to his finding of the money. On June 17, 1944, COSTELLO appeared at the New York City Police Department and laid claim to this money, and he was identified by the taxicab driver as the man who had left the money in his cab. COSTELLO at this time, called himself a real estate operator and said he was carrying the cash to close a deal. The New York City Police Department refused to return the money on the grounds that he had not proved the funds were obtained legally.

67D

NY 94-419 Sub 22

COSTELLO filed suit in the Supreme Court of the State of New York to recover this money, but the Government entered a claim for the amount, to apply an approximately \$36,000.00 in back taxes bued by COSTELLO COSTELLO and finally secure the return of this money through Court action.

The "New York Times" of February 24, 1945, reflected that on February 23, 1945, Police Commissioner VEWIS J. VALENTINE of New York City nemed FRANK COSTELIO as one of the three individuals in control of bigtime gambling in New York City, the other two being JOE ADONIS and FRANK ERICKSON.

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NY. 94-419 Sub 22

On September 3, 1946, COSTELLO was observed by agents of the New York Office to be riding in a car bearing New York License which was registered to

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NY 94-419 Sub 22

When BENJAMIN "BUGS" SIEGEL, the late racketeer, was under surveillance by agents of the New York Office in October 1946, it was noted that he frequently met with COSTELLO at the Copacabana Night Club in New York City. As a result of spot surveillances which had been maintained on COSTELLO in October 1946, it was ascerteined that COSTELLO visits the lobby of the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel practically every day and makes many contacts and conducts some of his business there. Physical surveillances reflected that at approximately 6:00 PM each day he visits the Copacabany Night Club, where he conducts more business. COSTELLO was observed in the company of well-known hoodlum who resides at

the ex-chauffeur and bodyguard of BENJAMIN "BUGS" SIEGEL

who is



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MEMO NY94-419 Sub 22

According to various newspaper accounts in NYC newspapers, exact dates not known, FRANK COSTELLO sponsored a dinner at the Copacabana Night Club, NYC, on 1/24/49, which, according to information elsewhere in this memorandum, has been alleged to be under control of COSTELLO. This dinner was for the benefit of the Salvation Army. COSTELLO had been appointed a vice-Chairman of the Men's Division of a fund-raising campaign of the Salvation Army. It was reported in these newspapers that COSTELLO and his attorney, GEORGE WOLF, announced that one hundred and fifty persons each contributed \$100.00 to attend this dinner. It was disclosed by the Salvation Army that COSTELLO had personally donated \$10,000.00 to the Salvation Army in advance of the dinner. Reporters and photographers were prevented from entering the dining room at the Copacabana Night Club to see who was attending the dinner; however, GEORGE WOLF gave out a partial list of guests.

Among the officials present at this dinner, according to the newspaper accounts, were HUGO/ROGERS, the Borough President of Manhattan, and leader of Tammany Hall; Supreme Court Justice NY THOMAS AURELIO, who is referred to previously in this memorandum as having admitted COSTELLO's help in securing AURELIO's nomination for this judgeship; Supreme Court Justice MORRIS/EDER; Supreme Court Justice ALGERNON IN NOVA; Supreme Court Justice ANTHONY J. YDIAGIOVANNA; Supreme Court Justice SAMUEL/DIFFALCO; County Judge THOMAS DOWNS; Special Sessions Justice JOSEPH V. DOSCALZO; City Court Justice LOUIS J. CAPOZZOLI; Commissioner of Elections CARMINE G. DE SAPIO; General Sessions Judge FRANK X. MANCUSO, presently Tammany leader of the 16th Assembly District and Chairman of the Tammany Elections Committee

Representative ARTHURAKTEIN, of the 19th Manhattan District; and JAMES E. BRANIGAN, President of the National Democratic Club.

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MEMO NY 94-419 Sub 22

Mewspaper accounts also reflected that there were in attendance at this dinner members of the underworld from Chicago, Illinois; Cleveland, Chio; Newark, NJ; and NYC. Among those specifically known to have attended the dinner were PHILIP KASTEL, COSTELLO's partner in New Orleans, Louisiana; FRANK ERICKSON, the outstanding NYC gambler; and VITO GENOVESE, an outstanding NYC racketeer.

various newspapers in NYC in January, 1949, reported that SAMUEL J. DI FALCO took office at that time as Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York and that DI FALCO immediately appointed as his secretary P. VINCENT VIGGIANO, a brother-in-law of JOSEPH "Socks" LANZA, well-known NYC racketeer

According to various accounts in NYC newspapers, exact dates not known, Dr. RICHARDAHOFFMANN has been ascertained to be COSTELLO's personal psychiatrist. According to these newspapers, Dr. HOFFMANN said COSTELLO had come to him in the early part of 1947 because he did not sleep well and his mind was troubled.

According to further newspaper accounts, in the early part of 1949, RICHARD HOFFMANN, JR., the son of COSTELLO's psychiatrist, was appointed secretary of the Department of Marine Navigation of the City of New York.

Various accounts in NYC newspapers, exact dates not known, indicated that in the early part of 1949, the name of Dr. CHARLES L. SINGER, a dentist, 677 West End Avenue, with offices at 1819 Broadway, NYC, and a member of the Tammany organization of the Second Assembly District, was submitted to the United States Senate as a nominee for Director of the United States Assay Office in NYC.

According to these newspapers, when it became apparent that Dr. SINGER was COSTELLO's dentist, his name was withdrawn by the White House.

MEMO NY 94-419 Sub_22

Howspaper reports, exact names and dates of these newspapers not being known, have indicated slot machines were legalized during 1949 in Prince Georges County and almost immediately after this legalization a representative of the COSTELLO Gambling Syndicate showed up at a hotel in Washington, D. C. equipped with a \$100,000 bank loans







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MEMO NY 94-419 Sub 22

Los Angèles also advised that the Santa Monica
Independent newspaper was running a series of articles
concerning gambling and bookmaking. The newspaper stated
that local gambling in Santa Monica was organized into that
syndicate, which was controlled by one man who in the case
of gambling in Santa Monica had been residing in that city.
The paper had alleged that this individual, in turn, is
just one scene at the base of another pyramid moving ferward
during the master control of the nation-wide syndicate described
as the MAFIA run by characters such as FRANK COSTELLO, FRANK
ERICKSON, PHIL KASTEL and others.

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MEMO NY 94-419 Sub 22

"The World Telegram and Sun" newspaper on 3/15/51 identified JOSEPH SCHOENBAUM as having been the treasury man for 25 years, and indicated that when his relationship with COSTELLO became known to the Treasury Department he was: called before the Intelligence Unit to face tharges which concerned itself generally with that of consorting with criminals and others/low reputes. When questioned concerning his activities with COSTELLO, SCHOERBAUM refused to answer any questions and shortly thereafter resigned from the Treasury Department.

On 3/19/51 the "Daily News" newspaper carried an editorial which concerned itself with COSTELLO's activities. The article exserted that crime was on a syndicated level, but stated we do not have criminal mobs pulling gun battles in the streets or bombing one anothers headquarters the way the CAPONES and their competitors used to do in Chicago.

The article stated that if organized crime were "rubbed out" hundreds of thousands of so called "little people" on the payrolls of many of the legitimate enterprises owned by racketeers would be out of jobs. It said that if the crime syndicate were wiped out they would also wreck a majority of legitimate businesses.



The "Herald Tribune" newspaper of 3/27/51 carried an article which indicated that Attorney General J. HOWARD MC GRATH told a Senate Crime Investigating Committee on that date that there is no federal law under which the Justice

MEMO NY 94-419 sub 22

Department could deport FRANK COSTELLO or have him stripped of his citizenship. The Attorney General pointed out that the of his citizenship. The Attorney General pointed out that the case for denaturalisation against COSTELLO was 25 years old, oase for denaturalisation against COSTELLO was 25 years old, and that witnesses might be difficult, to find and the government might or might not be able to prove its charges government might or might not be able to prove its charges that COSTELLO had committed a fraud when applying for that COSTELLO had committed a fraud when applying for that COSTELLO had committed a fraud when applying for that citizenship. It was stated that the Justice Department has citizenship. It was stated that the Justice Department has recommended passage by Congress of a Senate bill which would make a conviction on any felony cause for deportation.

on 3/31/51 the Senate without debate voted contempt citation against FRANK COSTELLO, JOE ADONIS and FRANK ERICKSON, who had appeared before the Eastwern Committee when it was in session in NYC.

On 4/2/51 FRANK COSTELLO was interviewed by WALTER WINCHELL, well-known correspondent at Miami Beach, Florida.

COSTELLO told WINCHELL that the tingent of the T. V. Newsreel and other things such as cameras in the Court room unnerved him, and that his conscience suffered considerably as a result. He told WINCHELL he was not a gangster; however, he added he can be quoted as saying he had not sold bibles he added he can be quoted as saying he had not sold bibles all of his life. He claimed that his political influence was all of his life. He claimed that his political influence was all of his life. He claimed that his political influence was attemed from a "religious desire" to see Italian-Americans get stemed from a "religious desire" to see Italian-Americans get a "better break" and the distribution of good political gobs in NY, where the heaviest Italian population is at the present time.

He claimed that the only possible solution for curing the ununsavery municipal conditions revealed by the Crime Committee was the legalization of gambling. He added that gambling could not be sampressed no matter how many laws were

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MEMO NY 94-419 sub 22

inacted ner how many policemen tried to enforce them. He compared the gambling situation with the prendettion are and commented that gambling was a worse situation because more people gambled in some form than drink. COSTELLO refused to answer the question as to his underworld and explained that that particular question was involved in the contempt proceedings.

670

MEMO

WY 94-419-sub 22

By letter of 1/b/51 the San Juan Office advised that the Press of the Virgin Islands had carried stories disclosing that LOUIS POKRASS, President of Tele-King Corporation of New York, was opening an electronics company in the Virgin Island. The San Juan Office determined that the company was to be known as the Robbins Electronics Corporation and that SYDNEY KERSLER and BENYBAYNE, operators of the Virgin Isle Hotel and various other enterprises in the Islands were to be associated with the business.

It was brought out, in recent press report on the investigation by the Kefauver Committee, that FRANK COSTELLO and MEYER LANSKY were, at one time, investors in Tele-King and that POKRASS was identified as an associate of COSTELLO and JCE ADONIS during Prohibition Days and a partner of BUGSEY SIEGEL in the Flamingo Hotel in Las Vegas.

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The "Herald Tribune" newspaper of 4/30/51 contained an article indicating that LIONEL MARKS, an associate of FRANK COSTELLO, offered to buy within a year the multimillion dollar vacation village on Grand Bahama Island, sixty miles East of Palm Beach Florida for a reported four million sixty thousand dollars to be paid in cash. The plans of MARKS and his associates called for an additional expenditure of seven million dollars on improvements to property including a race track and club house.

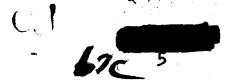




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MY 94-419-sub 22

On March 15, 1951 COSTELLO testified and gave his home address as 115 Central Park West, However, immediately after answering the question as to his residence, his attorney, GEORGE WOLF, received permission to read a prepared statement.

This statement concerned itself with alleged public statements made by members of the Committee to the effect that COSTRILO was the leader of a national crime syndicate

After the reading of the statement, COSTELLO admitted that when he was a boy, he was sometimes known by his mother's maiden name, "SEVERIO", and that he might have used that name in later life. He admitted that in 1950 he was arrested in New York State for possession of a revolver, and that he probably used the name FRANKSEVERIO at that time. COSTELLO then advised that he was unable to recall whether or not he had used any other names.

HALLEY thereupon produced an application for naturalization on which COSTELLO used the name FRANCISCO CASTAGLIA.

COSTELLO advised that he was at the present time in the real estate business. However, he stated he did not believe he was in the liquor business at the time he executed his application for naturalization. He testified that an individual by the name of SAUSSER and FRANK GOSS had witnessed his naturalization application; however, denied that either of these two individuals were at that time engaged in bootlegging. He stated that he had later bought liquor which was smuggled into the United States from Canada, and that he had sold it illegally and that he had purchased this liquor from a contract the sold it illegally and that he had purchased this liquor from a contract the sold it illegally and that he had purchased this liquor from a contract the sold it illegally and that he had purchased this liquor from a contract the sold it illegally and that he had purchased this liquor from a contract the sold it illegally and that he had purchased this liquor from a contract the sold it illegally and the sold it is a sold man named HARRYVSAUSSER. However, he denied that this HARRY SAUSSER was in any way connected with the SAUSSER who witnessed his natural ization application. COSTELLO testified that he was engaged in buying liquor imported from Canada in approximatel 1927, 1928 or 1929. However, he felt quite certain that it could not have been as early as 1922 or 1923. He stated that to the best of his recollection he did not think it was any earlier than 1927.

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Chief Counsel RUDOLPH HALLEY pointed out that COSTELLO's first declaration of naturalization was made in 1923, and that the date of the filing of these papers was May 1, 1925. HARRY SAUSSER, whose name appeared on his naturalization papers, gave his employment as being in the real estate business in Huntington, Long Island, and FRANK GOSS, who also witnessed his naturalization papers, listed his business as being real estate.

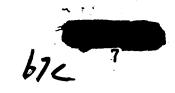
Senator TOBEY then remarked that if in fact there were a conspiracy between the parties involved to break the laws, and if at a later date COSTELLO were made a citizen, there would be a good possibility of deporting COSTELLO, since he had falsified the records.

COSTELLO then admitted that he had been indicted in 1925 for conspiracy to smuggle liquor into the United States. Mr. HALLEY established that GOSS and SAUSSER were among 62 co-defendants and that the case against COSTELLO was later dismissed by the late Federal Judge FRANCIS A. WINSLOW.

It was then brought out that COSTELLO was admitted to citizenship on September 10, 1925. COSTELLO denied that he ever engaged in the business of selling, purchasing, transporting or processing alcoholic beverages within the United States prior to that time. COSTELLO admitted that he had been a bootlegger for some time and that he had operated from an office located at 405 Lexington Avenue, New York City.

Mr. HALLEY then read from a statement of interrogation of CCSTELLO in 1947 before the New York State Liquor Authority, in which he testified that he had been engaged in bootlegging from 1923 to 1926. CCSTELLO admitted that he had made this statement; however, stated that after thinking it over, to the best of his recollection, he had never engaged in the bootlegging business prior to 1926 or 1927.

COSTELLO also denied that at the time he became a citizen and swore to uphold the Constitution of the United States, he was violating any of the laws of the United States. COSTELLO then refused to answer a direct question as to his current financial position on the grounds that it might incriminate him. He was asked specifically as to his net worth and refused to answer the question.



he was connected in the Louisiana Mint Company in New Orleans.
He described this company as being a slot machine company and his associates were as follows: PHIL KASTEL, New Orleans, part owner; CHARLES MURPHY, lawyer and certified public accountant A who acted for OOSTELLO in New Orleans; FRED MICKERFORD, part owner; DUDLEY GEIGERMAN, manager.

COSTELLO then stated that he had been invited to go into the slot machine business in New Orleans in 1935 by the late Governor HUEY LONG. He stated that LONG had approached him to make a survey of New Orleans and determine how many locations could be had, since LONG wanted to pass legislation permitting slot machines so that the state could obtain revenue for an old age pension. COSTELLO admitted that the use of slot machines at that time in Louisiana were illegal. COSTELLO then stated that he was "retired" from the slot machine business in New Orleans.

COSTELLO further testified that PHIL KASTEL, RICHARDFORD and CARLOS MARCELLA were all in partnership in the ownership and management of the Beverly Country Club in New Orleans. He said that he held a twenty percent interest. He refused to answer the question as to whether or not the Beverly Club had a gambling casino attached to it.

HALLEY then read from another Senate Sub-Committee records before which COSTELLO had testified in April, 1950, at which time COSTELLO stated in answer to the same question, that the Beverly Country Club "just to make it clear; roulette and dice" were played there. He at that time testified that he received \$18,000 in salary in 1950 from the club.

When confronted with his former testimony, COSTELL(
stated that his duties with the club, were merely to solicit
different acts to appear at the club, and act as a good will man.

COSTELLO testified that in 1950 he sold the 79 Wall Street Corporation, at which time he realized a net profit of \$119,756.42. He also admitted that during 1950 he had earnings of \$26,600 as gambling winnings, and that during 1950 his total income was \$168,357.23, plus \$4,500 salary from the Beverly Club.



MEMO NY 94-419- sub 22

COSTELLO then testified that in connection with another business deal he at two times borrowed \$25,000 from FRANK ERICKSON.

COSTELLO admitted that he was acquainted with W. H. GALLAGHER, Chairman of the Board of the Pennsylvania Exchange Bank but denied any knowledge of the fact that GALLAGHER had made a \$1000000 loan to ERICKSON.

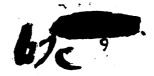
\$60,000 from GEORGE MORTON LEVY for assisting in getting the bookmakers out of Roosevelt Raceway. He stated that the only thing he did to earn this money was to spread propaganda around that bookmakers would be arrested if they appeared at the park.

COSTELLO then admitted that he was friendly with WILLIE MORETTI, a New Jersey gambler, and admitted that MORETTI had telephoned him 130 times in 1943 while MORETTI was recuperating from an illness in California.

At the close of the session on this date, Senator O'CONOR pointed out that BOSTELLO had answered many questions throughout the day and had only refused to answer the question as to his net worth. He pointed out that COSTELLO and his attorney should consider this fact, since it would be necessary to propose a citation for contempt unless COSTELLO saw fit to answer that question on the following day.

COSTELLO continued his testimony on March 14 and at first denied detailed knowledge of the slot machine business conducted in Louisiana by "DANDY PHIL KASTEL", at which time Chief Counsel HALLEY read to him wiretap recordings that showed that COSTELLO was setting a price on the machines.

HALLEY then asked COSTELLO whether or not he had heard of an individual named JAMES MC LAUGHLIN, to which COSTELLO replied he had never heard of anyone by that name. COSTELLO then denied that IRVING BHERMAN had introduced JAMES MC LAUGHLIN who worked for the telephone company, to him. He also denied that MC LAUGHLIN had checked his telephone wires at his request and stated that he had never given anyone a contract to check his wires. COSTELLO also denied having given anyone any money to check his telephone wires.



MEMO NY 94-419 sub 22

costello admitted that he at one time endorsed a note for \$325,000 for PHIL KASTEL, in order to assist him in obtaining the Whitely Distributorship in this country, COSTELLO denied that he had ever received anything for endorsing this note from KASTEL.

At that point Mr. HALLEY brought out testimony which COSTELLO in 1939 had given to a Treasury Agent. At that time COSTELLO stated that he had an interest in the Whitely Distillery.

COSTELLO advised that he had a bank account of \$90,000 to \$100,000, but stated that he did not have an opportunity to check his bank balance recently and that he had received his bank statement.

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When COSTELLO was recalled to the Stand his attorney, GEORGE WOLF informed the Committee that COSTELLO was ill and in view of the klug light heat and frequent interruptions, COSTELLO could not reply properly to questions put to him.

MEMO 1119 sub 22

COSTELLO then told the Committee that he was in no condition to testify and would not testify until he was well enough. COSTELLO said he was in very bad health and did not feel that he could, at any time, testify to any questions.

Mr. HALLEY reminded COSTELLO that he could be cited for contempt, at which time COSTELLO left the hearing.

Dr. VINCENT J. PANNETTIERE testified that he was an ears nose and throat specialist with an office at 35-20 98th Street, Corona, Queens. He testified that he had visited FRANK COSTELLO on March 15, 1951 and testified generally as to COSTELLO'S throat. In answer to a question by RUDOLPH HALLEY as to whether COSTELLO could talk in a reasonable conversational basis, for reasonable periods, if he had urgent business requiring him to talk, Dr. PANNETTIE answered that COSTELLO'S condition was such that it would not endanger his health under the conditions set forth by

On March 16, 1951 COSTELLO returned to the HALLEY. hearing room with his attorney, at which time, his attorney read another statement from a physician, Dr. Douglas Quick, 350 Park Avenue, New York City, indicating that COSTELLO was undergoing treatment for a throat ailment.

Committee then asked that COSTELLO testify The

for a short time. COSTELLO refused to answer questions saying, he did not feel that he was well enough to enswer any question

The Committee then announced that COSTELLO would continue under subpoens and that a Committee appointed physic would examine him.



MEMO NY 9h-h19 sub 22

The "Daily News" of April 10, 1951 reflected that the United States Senate contempt citations of FRANK COSTELLO, FRANK ERICKSON and JOE ADONIS were turned over to United States Attorney, IRVING SAYPOL, for prosecution yesterday.

SAYPOL said that he would study the record before presenting the case to a Federal Grand Jury. He could not fix a date for the beginning of the presentation.

COSTELLO faces contempt punishment chiefly for his refusel to tell the Kefauver Crime Investigation Committee his net financial worth.

It was noted that COSTELLO claimed the constitutional privilege in that he said his comments would tend to incriminate him and he refused to testify.

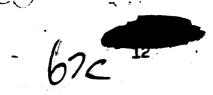
On September 10, 1951, Federal Judge THOMAS F. MURPHY, Southern District of New York, scheduled a trial for FRANK COSTELLO, JCE ADONIS and FRANK ERICKSON on November 12, 1951 in connection with their indictment for contempt of the United States Senate.

The indictments were passed on refusals of the above three individuals to answer questions put to them by the Senate Crime Investigative Committee.

On January 5, 1952 COSTELLO'S trial for Contempt in connection with his appearance before the Senate Investigative Committee in New York City began at the United States Court House in New York City.

United States Attorney MYLES J. LANE presented the Government's case against COSTELLO which concerned itself generally with his refusal to testify before the Senate Investigative Committee.

in no physical condition to testify and furthermore that he did not feel that the atmospher of television, et cetera, was conducive for his testimony for which reason he refused.



MEMO NY 94-419 sub 22

RUDOLPH HALLEY testified on behalf of the Government.

Pederal Judge SYLVESTER J. RYAN ruled that COSTELLO'S constitutional rights were not infringed by his having to testify before television and newsreel cameras and left the matter as to whether or not COSTELLO'S Constitutional and civil rights were violated to the jury to determine whether or not COSTELLO was unable to testify because of his mental or physical condition.

On January 14, 1952 the case was given to the jury and they reported back to the judge at 3:55 P.M. on January 15, 1952 that they were hopelessly deadlocked and could not reach a decision. Judge SYLVESTER J. RYAN discharged the jury and the case was set to be retried on January 18, 1952.

The "Daily Mirror" newspaper on January 16, 1952 indicated that 11 of the jurors had voted for conviction of COSTELLO and only one held out for acquittal which resulted in a hung jury.

The "New York Post" newspaper on January 17, 1952 reflected that the contempt trials of racketeers JOE ADONIS and FRANK ERICKSON were being postponed until after the retrial of FRANK COSTELLO.

The retrial of FRANK COSTELLO began on March 31, 1952 and on April 4, 1952 the jury returned and found COSTELLO guilty on all counts of a ten-count indictment, charging him with refusing to answer questions before the Senate Crime Investigative Committee. The jury deliberated five and one-half hours.

COSTELO'S attorney filed a motion for retrial which was based on a story which appeared in the "New York Post" newspaper which related that a reporter of that paper had gone to the home of JOSEPH MONSKY, a juror, and had urged Mr. MONSKY, who was ill, to come to court. MONSKY did come to court and served on the jury.

NY 94-419 sub 22

On April 8, 1952 COSTELLO was sentenced by Federal Judge RYAN to 18 months imprisonment and fined \$5,000.00.

After the jury was discharged in connection with COSTELLO'S first trial for contempt. COSTELLO made application to leave the jurisdiction to take a trip to Hot Springs, Arkansas. GECRGE WOLL, who represented COSTELLO, appeared before Federal Judge VINCENT L. LEIBELL, Southern District of New York, and told the court that COSTELLO was suffering from bursitis and that COSTELLO'S personal physician, Dr. DOMENICK SPOSTA, had recommended the bath at Hot Springs.
Permission was given to COSTELLO to go to Hot Springs.



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MEMO NY 9h-419 and 22

During COSTELLO's visit to Hot Springs, Arkansas, his attorney in New York City filed a motion before Federal Judge LIEBELL requesting that COSTELLO be permitted to go to New Orleans. Judge LIEBELL refused to grant him permission and claimed there was not sufficient showing to permit COSTELLO to do any further travelling.

COSTELLO arrived back in New York City on October

24, 1951.



-674 15

MEMO FY 94-119 aux 22

The "New York Times" newspaper on October 31, 1951 contained an article which described a meeting between COSTELLO and RUDOLPH HALLEY at an East Side restaurant.

having dinner at a restaurant with some friends and that CCSTELLO apparently was having dinner with friends at the same restaurant and that they happened to leave simultaneously and when they reached the sidewalk COSTELLO grabbed his hand and shook hands with him.

JOSEPH T. SHARKEY, Acting City Counil President, who was opposing HALLEY in the campaign for the Council Presidency at that time, had charged that HALLEY had said at this meeting, "FRANK", Im sorry, I hope there are no hard feelings."

HALLEY explained the meeting at the restaurant but stated that he did not recall COSTELLO shaking his hand and also denied that he had spoken to COSTELLO.

670 16

MEMO 22 and 22

On July 3, 1952, the United States Court of Appeals, Second Circuit, unanimously apheld the conviction of FRANK COSTELLO for sontempt of the Senate Crime Committee on courts 5, 6, and 8, but reversed the conviction on counts 1, 3, 4,7,9,10 and 11 on which COSTELLO was found guilty on April 4, 1952 by the United States District Court. By the reversal of the above counts, COSTELLO'S imprisonment to a term of eighteen months continues. However, his fine was reduced from \$5,000.00 to \$2,000. The Appeals Court was made up of Judges AUGUSTUS N. HAND, HARRIE B. CHASE and JEROME FRANK.

On July 15, 1952, Justice ROBERT H. JACKSON, United States Supreme Court, denied an application for Stay of Mandate, ordering the imprisonment of COSTELLOS

On July 18, 1952, petition was made to the United States Court of Appeals, Second Circuit, for a rehearing of the appeal. This application for a rehearing automatically suspended the mandate.

On August 13, 1952 COSTELLO lost his last appeal when Supreme Court Justic JACKSON, for the second time, refused to permit COSTELLO to remain free on \$5,000.00 bail while awaiting appeal to the Supreme Court.

COSTELLO surrendered to the United States Marshal for the Southern District of New York on August 15, 1952, to begin serving the eighteen months sentence he received for contempt of the Senate Crime Committee.

After COSTELLO surrendered himself, he was taken to Lewisburg Penitentiary to serve his sentence.

The "New York Times" newspaper, on October 15,
1952 carried an article which indicated that COSTELLO had been
removed from the Federal Penitentiary at Lewisburg, Pennsylvania
to Atlanta Penitentiary. The article quoted Justice Department
officials as saying that it was believed best to remove
CCSTELLO to a "more secure" institution.

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MEMO NY 94-419 sub 22

It is noted that in December, 1952 COSTELLO
wes interviewed by Bureau agents at the Atlanta Penipentiary
in connection with a deportation case against

COSTELLO was an admitted associate of
and when COSTELLO was question concerning his
knowledge he stated "I will only talk to
my lawyer and my wife".

It is noted that both of these individuals are privileged.

The "New York World Telegram and Sun", on September 10, 1952, indicated that Attorney General JAMES P. MC GRANERY had decided to institute denaturalization proceedings against COSTELLO. The article further indicated that denaturalization proceedings would be based on the fact that COSTELLO concealed the fact that under the alias of FRANK SAVERIO, he had been convicted of carrying a cencealed weapon, and had been sentenced to a year in jail. The article further continued that if COSTELLO obtained his citizenship under false pretences, his citizenship should be immediately revoked, and he should be deported.

The "New York Journal American" newspaper, on September 30, 1952, quoted Senator WILLIAMS of Delaware as saying that he had written a letter to Attorney General MC GRANERY, requesting that any Justice Department case of denaturalization against COSTELLO be held in abeyance until the Government was certain that all of his tax assessments had been collected, and that he was no longer a necessary witness at trials which may come up in the future concerning former key Government officials.

The "New York Times" newspaper of October 8, 1952 quoted RUDOLPH HALLEY, President of the City Council of New York, as saying that THOMAS LUCHESE, wa: "Three Finger Brown" had succeeded FRANK COSTELLO as the "political back of the organized crime syndicate".



MEMO NY 94-419 sub 22

The article further quoted HALLEY as saying that the time has come to say that he is the boy I mean who is wearing the mantle of CCSTELLO, explaining that, although, LUCHESE had been a threat to COSTELLO for the political leadership of the crime syndicate "they had been kept together by the common cause".

P3C

The "New York Daily Mirror" on September 15, 1952 contained an article by DREW PEARSON which indicated that FRANK COSTELLO has not been deported because he has friends in high places. The article stated that COSTELLO'S friends in Congress have been revealed through a little black book carried by COSTELLO's Washington lobbyist, MURRY CFF, who was actively working to defer the slot machine bill and was fighting all legislation which would hamper gambling.

PEARSON further stated that COSTELLO'S lobbying tactics included entertaining certain congressmen at dinner and parties and that OFF, an ex-convict and former prison mate of JAKE GUZIK(well known Chicago hoodlum) occupied a suite at the Congressional Hotel where he held court for congressmen. OFF allegedly, picked up bar-taps, loans his telephone for long distance calls and threw parties every Friday.

On February 24, 1953, the United States Attorney for the Southern District of New York, MYLES J. LANE, made an application before the court to have a receiver appointed and to enjoin COSTELLO and his wife, LORETTA, from disposing of their property until a government income lien totalling \$486,722.00 was satisfied. The government stated that an appointment of a receiver was the only means the government had to pry into any secret assets that COSTELLO may have.

67c 19

MEMO 22 BY 94-419 and 22

The "Long Island Daily Press" for March 12, 1952 announced that FRANK COSTELLO'S troubles were piling up while he was serving his eighteen months sentence in Federal Prison, Milah, Michigan. It announced that a Federal Grand Jury indicted COSTELLO on charges of evaded \$73,437.00 in income taxes for the years 1946 and 1949, thus spoiling any chance he may have had for a parole. It stated that a warrant for his re-arrest was sent to the Milan Prison so that when he finishes his present sen tence on February 14, 1954, he will be taken back to Manhattan for trial on the new indictment. If he is convicted, he could be sentenced for five years and fined \$10,000,00 on each of the four counts of indictment. In addition, as previously mentioned, he faces deportation proceedings and a civil suit by the government for \$700,000 in tax claims. In addition to this, previously mentioned, the government is also suing him to prevent either he or his wife from arranging a mortgage on transferring any of their property until the government is paid up completely.

On April 23, 1953, COSTELLO pleaded not guilty to an indictment charging he evaded more than \$73,000 income taxes. COSTELLO had been brought by car from Milan to New York. Judge JOHN W. CLANCY released him on \$5,000.00 bail York. Judge JOHN W. CLANCY released him on \$5,000.00 bail and he was remanded to the Federal House of Detention in and he was remanded to the Federal House of Detention in and he york York sending COSTELLO'S plea to remain in a New York New York sending COSTELLO'S plea to remain in a New York Jail claiming he should have been incarcerated in "common jail claiming he should have been incarcerated in "common jail claiming he should have been incarcerated in "common jail". Federal Judge SYLVESTER RYAN denied his plea jail". Federal Judge SYLVESTER RYAN denied his plea jail" and COSTELLO was returned to Milan, Michigan.

It is noted that upon COSTELLO being sentence he was first confined to Lewisburg Federal Penitentiary, lat transferred to Atlanta Federal Penitentiary for security results and finally transferred to the Federal Correctional Institutional Michigan.





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MEMO NY 94-419 aub 22

The "New York World Telegram and Sun" newspaper on December 9, 1952 printed an article stating that the State Crime Commission was hunting for VITO GENOVESE, retailess underworld dictator, in whose mind the article said "lies underworld dictator, in whose mind the article said "lies the secret of the link between crime and politics in New York" The article concluded by stating that in 1949 Governor THOMAS. The article concluded by stating that in 1949 Governor THOMAS. E. DEWEY publicly declared that GENOVESE who was then interesting himself in the political aspirations of BILL O'DWYER had supplanted FRANK COSTELLO as chief in the New York, underworld.



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MEMO 22

The "New York Daily News" of October 30,
1953 reflected that COSTELLO was released from Milan Nichigan
Federal Penitentiary on October 29, 1953. This article
indicated that COSTELLO stepped from the Federal Prison into
the back seat of a chauffeured limousine and raced away at
speeds up to 100 miles per hour in an attempt to avoid reporters.
The newspaper article indicated that employees of the New
York Central Railroad had reported that COSTELLO boarded
the "Detroiter", a train scheduled to arrive in New York at
7:55 a.m. on October 30, 1953.

The New York "Daily News" of November 2, 1953 contained an article indicating that FRANK COSTELLO sought permission on November 1, 1953 in Federal Court to leave the jurisdiction of United States District Court, Southern District of New York for awhile.

It was noted that CCSTEILO was scheduled to go to trial December 7, 1953 on charges of dodging payment of \$73,437. 00 to the Federal Government in taxes between 1946 and 1949. COSTELLO was represented by JOSEPH L. DELANEY, his attorney, who asked United States District Judge EDWARD A. CONGER to direct the United States Attorney's Office to show cause why COSTELLO should not be allowed to leave New York City.

visit New Wrieans and possibly other places where books relating to his income are kept.

The "New York World Telegram and Sun" of November 4, 1953 reflected that Federal Judge EDWARD J. DIMOCK ruled on that date that FRANK COSTELLO could visit his home in Sands Point, Long Island but would not be allowed to go to New Orleans or other distant points.

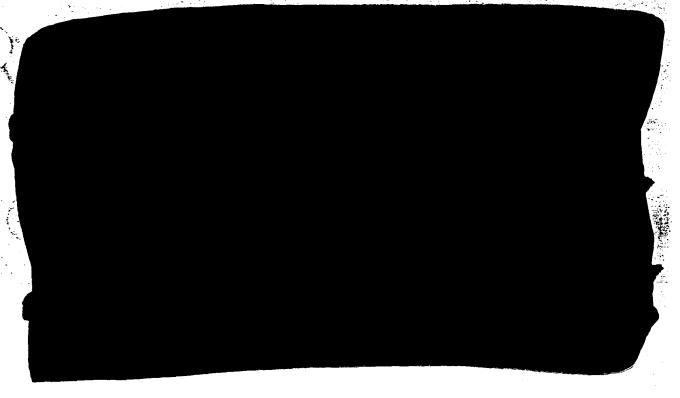
Judge DIMOCK told COSTELLO'S attorney that COSTELLO could renew his plea for permission to travel if he submitted sufficient evidence to warrant such travel.

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MEMO A A Sub 22

The New York Daily News of November 8, 1953 contained an associated press article datelined. November 7, 1953 at Atlanta, Georgia, which indicated an anti-slot machine crusader declared that interests controlled by New York gambler FRANK COSTELLO are sneaking gambling devices into Atlanta in a million dollar deal. This charge was made November 6, 1953 by Solicitor JOHN I. KELLY of Criminal Court who was seeking a court order for destruction of 41 slot machines seized when they were released by Federal Authorities,

KELLY said a deal amounting to almost a million dollars was recently completed here by a firm he said is "fronting" for COSTELLO. KELLY charged that the transaction was the first step of a move to gain entry under the guise of a legal enterprise and then branch out into slot machines. KELLY charged that the next step should be an attempt to "fix" law enforcement officers. Only then, he added, would the underworld flow of gambling devices begin.



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MM0 NY 94-419 and 22 + .

The "New York Daily News" of February 5, 1954 reflected that the trial of FRANK COSTELLO on income tax evasion charges scheduled for March 1, 1954 was postponed on February 4, 1954 until April 5, 1954. The article stated that COSTELLO'S attorney, LEO C. FENNELLY, stated that he meeted more time to prepare a defense.

NY 94-419 sub 22 MEMO

intelligence file, concerning FRANK COSTELLO the following Case Files New York Office case files are also located in the New York Office:

NY 46-1884 Entitled ٦.

AERODYNAMIC RESEARCH CORPCRATION; KENSINGTON SHIPYARD and DRYDOCK CORPORATION; ET AL.

FAG

Washington Field

This investigation was conducted in 1947 as a result of information that FRANK COSTELLO had obtained interest and control of Aerodynamic Research Corporation, noninterest and control of Aerodynamic Research Corporation, non-profit tax free corporation in Washington, D.C., as a means of avoiding income tax from war profits of four plants owned by Aerodynamic. Investigation failed to establish that COSTELLO had any such interest.

NY 58-577 Entitled 2.

BRIBERY

This case was predicated on information appearing in the "New York Daily Mirror" March 30, 1951 on page 10 in the column entitled MALTER WINCHELL in New York page 10 in the column entitled Waller Windhell in New York which colu n contained a sentence stating FRANK COSTELLO's tips to courtroom employees amounted to \$600.00.

Investigation in this case resulted in denials of members of the United States Marshal's Office and other court house employees of having accepted money or anything of value from FRANK CCSTELLC or his attorney, GEORGE anything of value from FRANK CUSTELLS or his attorney, GEORGE WOLF, Investigation also developed information that WINCHELL'S information was possibly the outgrowth of a practical joke information was possibly the outgrowth of a practical in the Pressure of the United States initiated in the Pressroom of the United States Court House among the members of the Presse

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27898

MEMO 845 22

Investigation in this case was discontinued upon the opinion of the United States Attorney's Office indicating that further investigation is not warranted under circumstances set forth above.

3. WY 62-11163 ENTITLED

PRANK COSTELLO; ET AL INFORMATION CONCERNING PRISON IRREGULARITIES, U.S. PRISON LEWISBURG, PA.



4. NY 69-51 ENTITLED

FRANK COSTELLO, CONTEMPT OF CONGRESS

Investigation in this case was conducted during the early part of 1952 at the requested of the United States Attorney's Office, SDNY, in connection with COSTELLO'S trial for Contempt of Congress.

Investigation was terminated upon COSTELIO'S

conviction.

5. NY 74-182 Entitled

FRANK COSTELLO:

ET AL

PER JURY.

Investigation in this case was instituted in 1951 at the request of the Office of the United States Attorney for SDNY in connection with alleged per jury by COSTELLO and other witnesses before the Unites States Senate Investigative Committee.

Investigation was discontinued based on the opinion of the United States Attorney's Office that successful prosecution could not be had, inasmuch as corroborative evidence and witnesses were not located.

Description

The following is a description of FRANK COSTELC

FRANK COSTELLO Francisco Costaglia, Frank Saverio, Name Francesco Saverio, Aliases Frank Castello, Frank Stello, Born 1893, Calabria, Italy. Height 170 pounds Weight Medium. Build Dark Chestnut Hair Dark brown Eyes Medium 115 Central Park West Complexion New York, New York (City address) Residences Barkers Point Road Sands Point, Long Island (country add)

Naturalized Citizen Marital Status Married

Criminal Arrest Record

FRANK CCSTELLO: FBI 936217

MEMO " NY 94-419 sub 22

Contributor of Fingerprints	Name and	Arrested Recelved		Disposition
Police Dept. New York City	#B-38412 as FRANK COSTELLO	Manhattan,	35 conspira May 31, 1935	dismissed , conspiracy
	(Federal ca	se); Deput infor	y United Stat mation receiv	es Marshal, (per ed from NYC).
Federal Detention Headquarter NYC	PRANK COSTELLO #28331	10/9/39	conspire to evade payment	
United States	FRANK COSTELLO #C-23-463	10/9/39	evading payment of taxes and Sect	complaint ion dismissed
United States	FRANK	יי איי איי איי	SD of Lo	ui sia na
Marshal NYC	COSTELLO #C-1760-51	7/25/51	Contempt	pending
Federal Detention Headquarters NYC	FRANK COSTE #64136	LLD 8/15/5		Senate 6 months
U.S. Penitenti- ary, Lewisburg, Pa.	FRANK COSTE #20125	LL O 8/22/5	answer questic Senate Committ investi	certain 6 months ns before 10/9/58 Sub- trans. ee to Atla
U. S. Penitentiary Atlanta, Ga.	FRANK COST #7286	6 in tr	ansfer invesu.S. Crime entiary before	tigation, Contempt 18 month re Senate committee



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Assistant Attorney General T. Vincent Quinn

March 18, 1948

Director, FBI

FRANK COSTELLO, ET AL

Reference is made to your memorandum of March 2, 1948, your file TVQ:mcm, in which you request to be furnished with complete information contained in the Bureau's files relating to some 73 individuals and organizations.

An examination of the Bureau's files discloses that all information contained in the Bureau's files relating to any possible violation of a Federal Statute on the part of any of these individuals has been furnished to the Division of Records of the Department from time to time as this information was received in the Bureau.

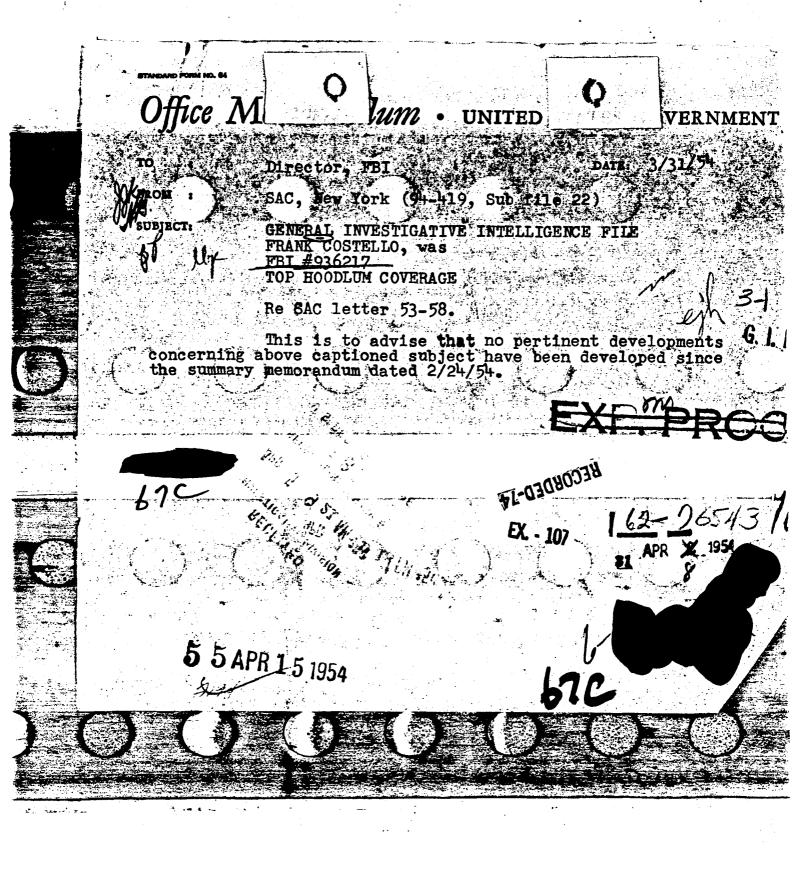
The Bureau does not possess any information of an evidentiary value which has not been previously furnished to the Department.

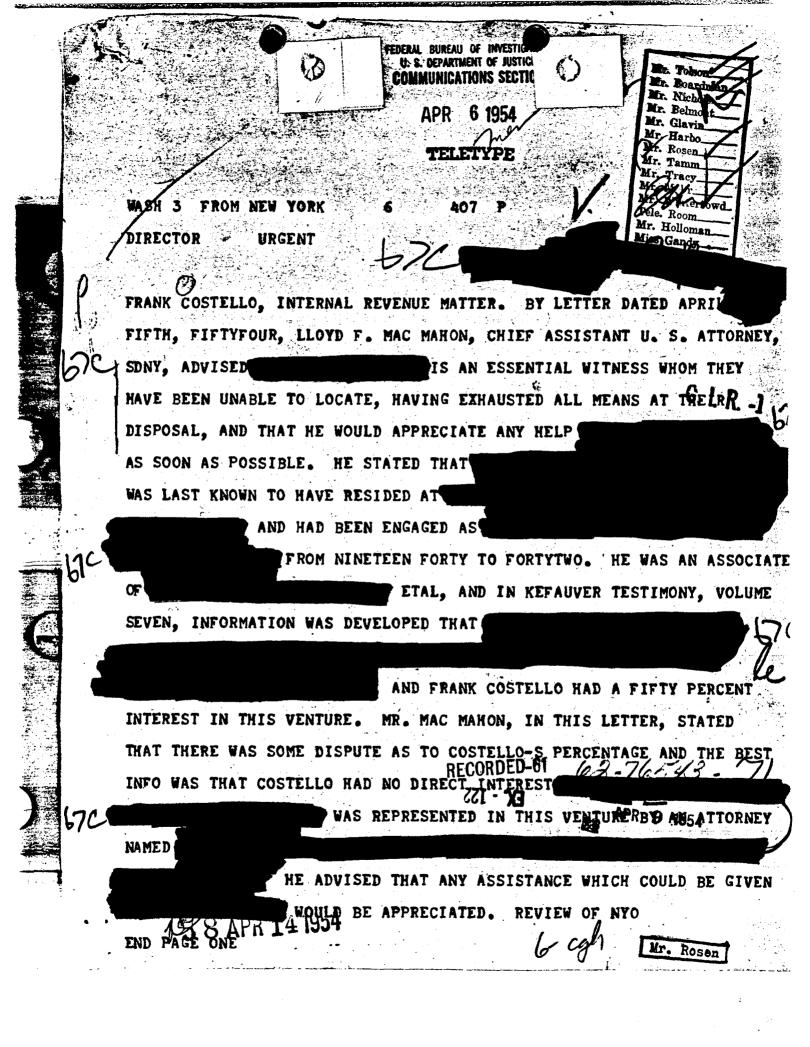
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52 APR 30 1954

MAR WINES INCOME





PAGE TWO

INDICES DISCLOSED NOTHING PERTINENT AS TO THE PRESENT LOCATION AND ON APRIL SIXTH, FIFTYFOUR, MR. MAC MAHON WAS TELEPHONICALLY SO ADVISED. MR. MAC MAHON STATED THAT HE DID NOT ANTICIPATE THAT THERE WOULD BE ANY PERTINENT INFO IN OUR FILES BUT THAT HE WAS DESIROUS OF HAVING INVESTIGATION CONDUCTED BY THE FBI LOOKING TOWARD THE LOCATION HIM THAT SUCH INVESTIGATION SHOULD BE CONDUCTED BY INTERNAL REVENUE AND NOT BY THE FBI SINCE INTERNAL REVENUE HAD JURISDICTION OVER THE INCOME TAX VIOLATION ON WHICH COSTELLO WAS BEING TRIED AND IN WHICH WAS CONSIDERED AN ESSENTIAL WITNESS. MR. MAC MAHON STATED HE BELIEVED THAT THIS MATTER SHOULD BE HANDLED BY THE FBI EVEN THOUGH IT WAS AN INCOME TAX TRIAL SINCE HE FELT THAT THE FBI WAS BETTER EQUIPPED TO LOCATE A WITNESS THAN WERE THE INTERNAL REVENUE X*ACCOUNTANTS* AND THERE POSSIBLY WAS AN OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE CASE PREDICATED SOLELY ON THE FACT THAT NOT BE LOCATED. IT WAS POINTED OUT TO MR. MAC MAHON THAT THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR LOCATING THE WITNESS WAS THE INTERNAL REVENUE-S AND NOT THE FBI-S BUT THAT IF WE RECEIVED ANY INFO FROM OUR INFORMANTS IT WOULD BE BROUGHT TO HIS ATTENTION. AND SOURCES MR. MAC MAHON IN A RATHER SARCASTIC VEIN STATED "THANKS FOR THE COOPERATION". THIS APPARENTLY IS ANOTHER EFFORT BY THE USA-S OFFICE. SDNY. TO USE THIS OFFICE FOR INVESTIGATIONS NOT WITHIN OUR

CC: MR. ROSEN

AND SUPERVISOR

END ACK PLS
WA NY R 3 WA FCH

JURISDICTION.

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DIRECTOR. FBI

April 8, 1954

SAC. MIAMI (62-1273 Sub Section E) FRANK GGOTELLO MIAMI FIELD DIVISION GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE INTELLIGENCE FILE TOP HOODLUM COVERAGE

Re SAC Letter Number 53-58.

Enclosed will be found individual memoranda on each of the 50 persons who are currently classified as top hoodlums by the Miami Field Division, which memoranda contain information that has been brought to our attention regarding these persons in the past six months.

Copies of the memoranda prepared on (FRANK COSTELLO. are being forwarded herewith to the New York Office inasmuch as those individuals have been classified as top hoodlums in the New York Field Division. For the same reason, copies of the memoranda on are being furnished the Cleveland Division: memoranda on

furnished to the Newark Field Division; memoranda on are being furnished the Detroit Division; and a copy of the memorandum on

is being furnished the Chicago Field Division.

Enclosures 50

1 - Cleveland (Encls. 3)

1 - Newark (Encls. 2)

1 - New York (Encls. 5) 1 - Chicago (Encl. 1)

1 - Detroit (Encls. 2)

*FCORBED - 26 162 - 7654 EX. - 107 193 APR 21 1954

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DÇ

Miami, Florida March 31, 1954

RE: FRANK COSTELLO, WAS.
GIIF (TOP HOODLUM COVERAGE)

COSTELLO is not known to have been in Florida since his release from prison at Milan, Michigan, October 29, 1953. He still owns the lot at Hollywood Boulevard and 11th Avenue, Hollywood, Florida, where he originally started construction of a home. However, this building was abandoned after adverse publicity and construction has not been resumed.

No additional information has been received relative to any new interests he may have in Florida.

ENCLOSURE

63-76542-12



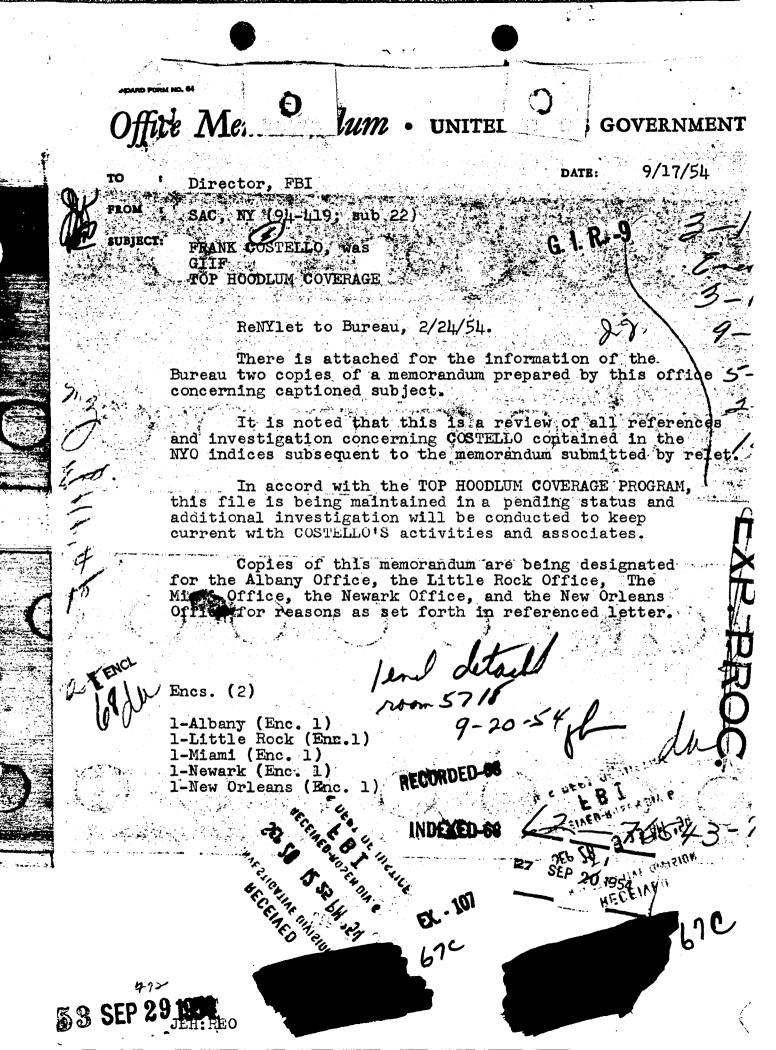
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New York, New York September 17, 1954

GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE INTELLIGENCE FILE

FRANK COSTELLO, TOP HOODLUM COVERAGE

Francesco estaglia, Frank Saverio.
Francesco estaglia, Frank Saverio.
Frank Castello, Frank Stello
FBI Number 936217

The following information concerning FRANK COSTELLO is a result of a review of all information pertaining to the subject and of investigation conducted concerning the subject contained in the files of this office subsequent to February 24, 1954.

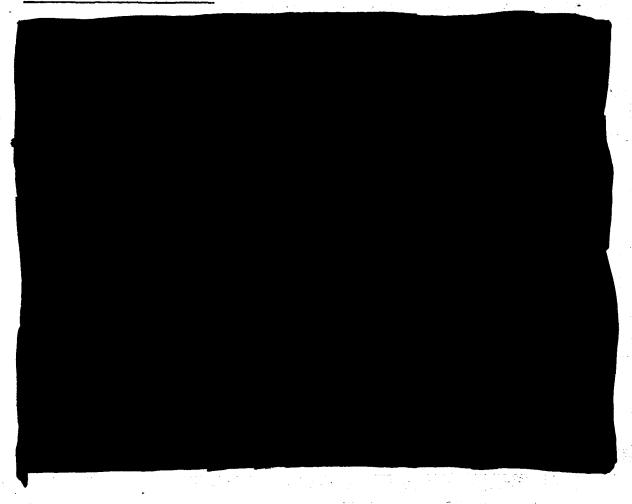
BACKGROUND

FRANK COSTELLO continues to reside at 115 Central Park West and maintains a summer home at Sands Point, Long Island. A view of the background data contained in the records of the Federal Detention Headquarters, New York, New York, where COSTELLO has been recently incarcerated in connection with an income tax evasion case in which he is the defendant, indicates that he is sixty-one years old, born in Calabria, Italy, a United States Citizen, retired and has five years education. His wife's name is LORETTA COSTELLO who resides with him. These records indicate his Central Park West telephone number to be TR 4-2325.

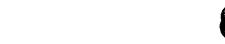
It is noted that COSTELLO is presently on \$50,000 bail pending his appeal on his conviction for evasion of income tax which will be set forth hereafter. The conditions of this bail allow him to leave the Southern District of New York, which is the place of his conviction, only to travel to Sands Point, Long Island, his summer home, which is located in the Eastern District of New York.

Although COSTELLO has petitioned the court to allow him to leave these two jurisdictions to travel to New Orleans, Miami, and other points in the United States for the purposes of business, and in order to raise the fines assessed against him in connection with his conviction, this petition has been denied by the court and his movements are limited to the above two jurisdictions.

CRIMINAL ACTIVITIES



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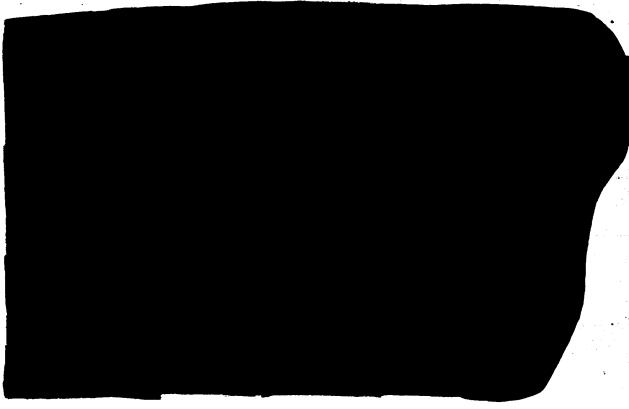




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The New York "Daily News" of January 28, 1954 contained an article by JAMES DESMOND, Staff Correspondent, indicating that while CHARLES (LUCKY)/LUCIANO was in State Prison serving time for "white slavery", four well known mobsters had free access to visit him. These persons were named as FRANK COSTELLO, "acknowledged as the most important gangster in the country", JOSEPH (SOCKS)XLANZA. "the fish market extortionist," MEYERALANSKY, "recently released after serving time for conspiracy in the Saratoga gamble scandal," and the late WILLIE MORETTI, the Jersey racketeer, who was killed "after he talked too much to the Keafauver Committee"

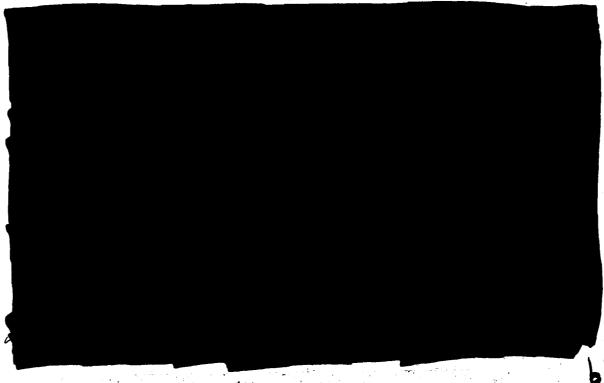


PUN

An article appearing in the New York "Daily News" of February 4, 1954 reflected that FRANK COSTELLO, who was reportedly paid \$65,000 to keep bookmakers away from the Roosevelt Raceway, was quizzed for two hours February 3, 1954 by the Moreland Act Commission on harness racing.

The article stated that COSTELLO was examined on his past or present links with the trotting tracks, dealings with labor rackets connected with the tracks and hidden ownership of stock in the racing tracks.

The article stated that COSTELLO'S purported deal to keep bookies from Roosevelt had been revealed by GEORGE MORTON LEVY, Roosevelt Boss, at a Senate Criminal Investigating Committee Hearing in 1951. The article indicated that since that hearing, a number of COSTELLO'S associates had been linked with the operations of the track. COSTELLO refused to comment to reporters upon his exit from the hearing.



In March 1952 while COSTELLO was serving an eighteen month sentence at United States Federal Prison in Milan, Michigan, a Federal Grand Jury in the Southern

District of New York, New York, New York, returned a four count indictment charging COSTELLO with the evasion of \$73,437 in income taxes during the years 1946, 1947, 1948 and 1949. According to the New York "Daily Mirror" of April 7, 1954 the United States Government opened its income tax case against COSTELLO on April 6, 1954.

In his opening statements Assistant United States Attorney FLOYD MAC MAHON related that the Government had scheduled a large number of witnesses including notorious underworld characters which would prove the Government's charges that COSTELLO'S expenditures during the years 1946 through 1949 were far in access of the amount he returned as income during these years. MAC MAHON explained to the jury that the government needed a base year upon which to check COSTELLO'S net worth and went back to its investigation in 1937 when COSTELLO had stated under oath that he was worth some \$40,000.

MC MAHON revealed that a "net worth and expenditure" check had been made from 1937 through 1949 and that it was upon this check that the Government was basing prosecution.

"Herald Trible" of May 14, 1954:

"FRANK COSTELLO was convicted last night on three of four counts of evading federal income tax. He will be sentenced Monday. The maximum penalty is five years in prison and a \$10,000 fine of each count. The jury of seven men and five women deliberated eight hours, ten minutes in the United States District Court, before returning a verdict at 9:35 p.m. that the sixty-one year old gambler was guilty of underpayment of taxes in 1947, 1948 and 1949.

"The government had offered evidence that the total evasion in four years was \$52,239 although the indictment had charged a total of \$73,437. The jury found COSTELLO innocent on the first count involving his 1946 return in which the disparity charge was \$8,338 paid and \$13,224 due. COSTELLO did not testify in the trial which began April 5.

"Judge JOHN F. X. MC GOHEY continued the defendant in \$5,000 bail until 11:00 am today when it will be raised

MEMO.

to \$25,000, the maximum requested by LEO C. FENNELLY, Chief Defense Council. LLOYD F. MAC MAHON, Chief Assistant United States Attorney had suggested \$50,000 but conceded under questioning by the judge that he had no evidence that COSTELLO might not be available for sentencing.

"Mr. FENNELLY announced that he will appeal the verdict. Pending the outcome of the appeal, COSTELLO would be limited in his freedom to the Southern District of New York except for travel to and from his home in Sands Point, Long Island.

"The jury got the case at 11:25 a.m. after a forty minute charge by Judge MC GOHEY which COSTELLO termed emminently fair.

"On three occasions yesterday the jury, which had listened to one hundred fifty prosecution witnesses and only one defense witness, called for exhibits dealing with COSTELLO'S returns. Then at 4:05 p.m. the jurors asked to have read to them the entire cross-examination - some one hundred pages - of the sole defense witness, an accountant who was a former Federal Bureau of Investigation Agent. The reading was completed at 5:40 p.m.

after serving fourteen months of an eighteen month term for contempt of the Keafauver Senate Crime Investigating Committee. He still faces denaturalizating proceedings, the first step in the Justice Department's attempt to deport him to his native Italy. In addition, a Civil Suit for back taxes is also hanging over his head."

On May 17, 1954 COSTELLO appeared before the Honorable Judge JOHN F. X. MC GOHEY, Southern District of New York, where he received a sentence of five years plus \$10,000 fine on each of counts two, three and four in the indictment. Judge MC GOHEY indicated that the five year sentences were to run concurrently and that in addition to the \$30,000 total fine, COSTELLO was immediately committed to the Federal Detention Headquarters until payment of fines and a motion for bond pending appeal was denied.

On May 18, 1954 the New York "World Telegram and Sun" contained an article indicating that a plea by COSTELLO for freedom on bail pending appeal from his income tax evasion conviction was scheduled for hearing June 7, 1954 before a three judge panel of the United States Court of Appeals.

The article indicated that Appeals Court Judge HAROLD R. MEDINA late May 17, 1954 denied COSTELLO'S motion for his release on bail pending the June 7 hearing.

The New York "Daily Mirror" of June 8, 1954 reported that Attorney ARTHUR GARFIELD HAYS presented COSTELLO'S plea for bail pending appeal of his conviction before the United States Court of Appeals. HAYS based his release application for COSTELLO on what he said were three substantial questions of law and contended that COSTELLO'S conviction was "based on the net worth - expenditures theory, which practically compels a defendant to prove his innocence."

The New York "Daily News" of June 11, 1954 reflected that FRANK COSTELLO lost his plea to get out of the Federal House of Detention pending his appeal. The article stated that a three man United States Court of Appeals in immously denied the appeal plea.

An article in the New York "World Telegram and Sun" dated May 21, 1954 indicated that COSTELIO would be required to appear in Federal Court to answer questions concerning his property which move was aimed on collecting his fine.

On June 17, 1954 the New York "Times" related that FRANK COSTELLO invoked the Fifth Amendment in refusing to answer seventeen of twenty-two questions about his assets. The article stated that Federal Judge EDWARD A. CONGER had scheduled a hearing for April 29, 1954 on a Government motion to cite COSTELLO for contempt.

The article related that the government was seeking to determine COSTELLO'S current assets to satisfy a \$30,000 fine imposed upon him and that on advice of his council COSTELLO refused to answer a series of questions.



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DIRECTOR, FBI (Encls - 78)

April 5, 1955

SAC, MIAMI (62-1273 Sub E)

MIAMI FIELD DIVISION; GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE INTELLIGENCE FILE; TOP HOODLUM COVERAGE.

17C

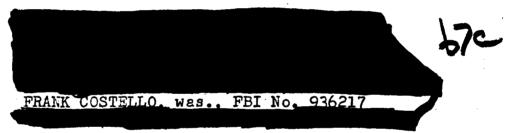
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Re SAC letter 53-58.

Enclosed herewith are individual supplementary memoranda on each of the individuals who have been carried as top hoodlums residing within the territory of the Miami Division.

Of these are being deleted from the list since their activities are not such that they can properly be regarded as top hoodlums or because they reside within the territories of other divisions and are inactive within the Miami Field Division.

In the latter classification are:



The being deleted because their activities do not warrant their being carried as top hoodlums are as follows:

(10) 62-1273 Sub E ENCL Encls. - 78

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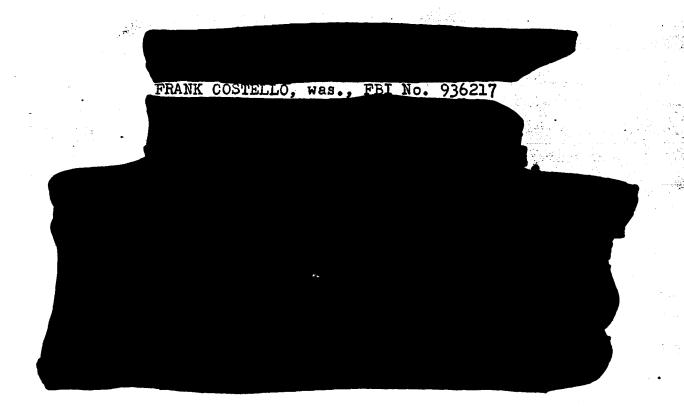
cc: Boston (Encl. - 1)
Chicago (Encl. - 1)
Cleveland (Encls - 4)
Minneapolis (Encl. - 1)
Newark (Encls - 3)
New York (Encls - 8)
Salt Lake City (Encl. - 1)

162-76513 - W NOT RECORDED 140 APR 21, 1955

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MM 62-1273 Sub E abet in done transcription of the

The New York Office was furnished with copies of the supplementary memoranda prepared on the following individuals when are believed to be active in the Greater New York area:



17C

Miami, Florida March 31, 1955

RE: FRANK COSTELLO, was. FBI Number 936217 GIIF (TOP HOODLUM COVERAGE)

PERSONAL HISTORY AND BACKGROUND

No new information has been learned during the past six months. Inasmuch as COSTELLO has not been within the territory of the Miami Division and as he is being carried as a top hoodlum by the New York Office, he is being deleted as same within the Miami Division.

CRIMINAL ACTIVITIES

No new information.

ASSOCIATES

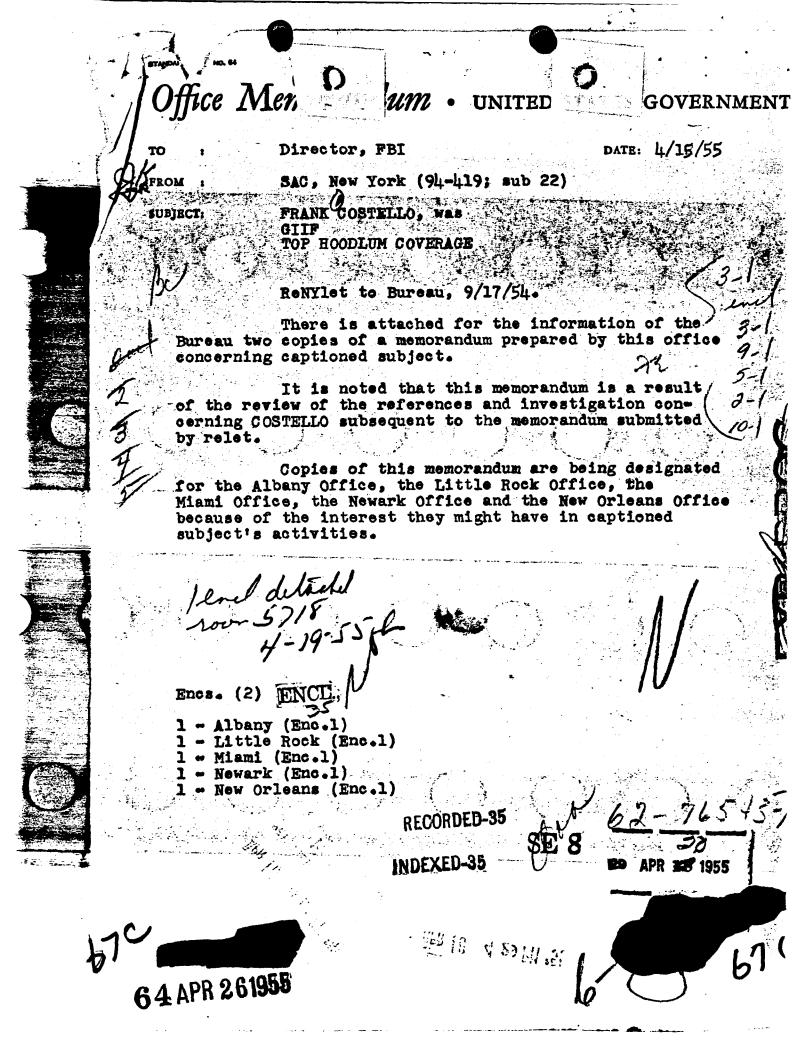
No new information.

LEGITIMATE AND ILLEGITIMATE BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

No new data.

HANGOUTS AND PLACES OF AMUSEMENT FREQUENTED

Nothing new to report.



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MEMO

New York, New York April 15, 1955

GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE INTELLIGENCE FILE

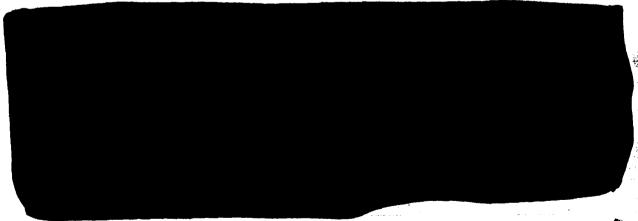
FRANK COSTELLO, TOP HOODLUM COVERAGE

FRANK COSTELLO, was:
Francesco Costaglia, Frank Saverto,
Frank Castello, Frank Stello
FBI Number 936217

The following information concerning FRANK COSTELLO is a result of a review of all information pertaining to the subject and of investigation conducted concerning the subject contained in the files of this office subsequent to September 17, 1954s

BACKGROUND

FRANK COSTELLO continues to reside at 115 Central Park West, New York, New York, at Sands Point, Long Island.



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DESCRIPTION

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MEMO

CRIMINAL ACTIVITIES

The October 28, 1954, edition of the "New York Herald Tribune" contained an article indicating that in a pre-trial deposition preliminary to the deportation hearing of FRANK COSTELLO, the government sought answers to questions dealing with COSTELLO'S activities prior to 1925.

COSTELLO contended that if he answered these questions he might incriminate himself and cited the Fifth Amendment. The article indicated that on October 19, 1954, United States Federal Judge JOHN W. CLANCY had reserved opinion on a government motion to force COSTELLO to answer these questions.

The "New York Daily News" of November 2, 1954, indicated that Federal Judge JOHN W. CLANCY ruled on November 1, 1954, that COSTELLO could not refuse to answer questions involving his activities of more than a quarter of a century ago on the grounds of self-incrimination, inasmuch as crimes committed \$25 or earlier would have prosecution outlawed under the Statute of Limitations.

The November 10, 1954, issue of the "New York Daily News" indicated that on November 9, 1954, the United States Government moved in Federal Court for the immediate denaturalization of FRANK COSTELLO. A hearing was scheduled on the motion before Judge JOHN F. X. McGOHEY, and the government noted that in spite of a court order directing COSTELLO to answer questions concerning his activity prior to 1925, COSTELLO had persisted in refusing to answer any questions except to give his name in a pre-trial hearing on the denaturalization action.

The November 17, 1954, edition of "Newsday" reflected that JACK WASSERMAN, COSTELLO'S attorney had requested Judge JOHN F. X. McGOHEY to find COSTELLO guilty of contempt of court and fine him \$1,000 with a stay of execution pending appeal.

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MEMO

The article indicated that WASSERMAN had filed an affidavit by COSTELLO, stating that COSTELLO would be willing to answer the questions the government asks if the Court of Appeals upholds the contempt citation.

The late city edition of the "New York Times", dated December 2, 1954, indicated that Judge JOHN F. X. McGOHEY dismissed a government motion calling for the immediate denaturalization of FRANK COSTELLO.

The article indicated that Judge McGOHEY held that loss of citizenship was too severe a penalty for COSTELLO'S refusal on constitutional grounds to answer questions at a pre-trial denaturalization hearing. The article indicated that Judge McGOHEY fined COSTELLO \$5,000.00 for disobeying a court directive to answer the pre-trial questions and gave the defense five days in which to file an appeal on the constitutional points.



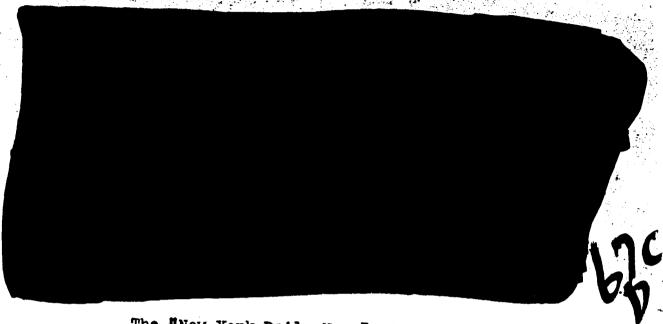




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MEMO



The "New York Daily News" of March 24, 1955, reflects that the New York State Tax Commission on March 23, 1955, filed a \$2,022.69, judgment against gambler FRANK COSTELLO and his wife for unpaid income taxes and penalities for 1953.

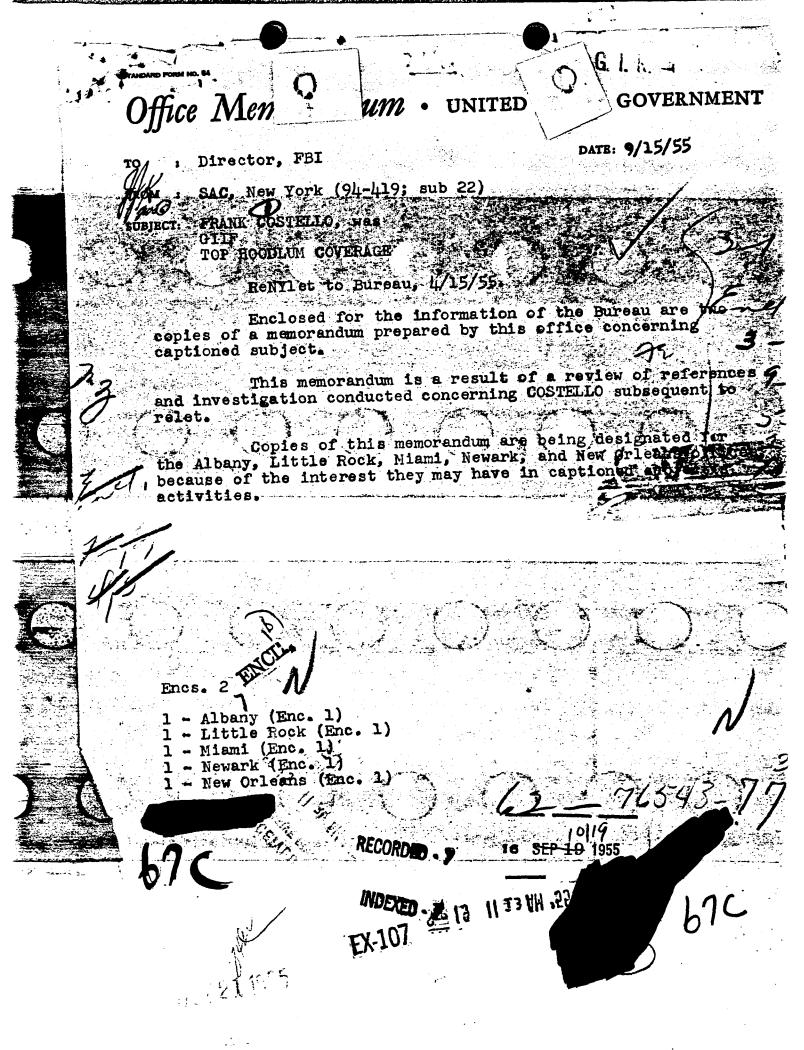
Contributor of Fingerprints	Name and Number	Arrested or Received		Disposition
Police Depart- ment New York	FRANK COSTELLO #B-38412	5/31/35	Conspiracy	6/3/37 dismissed
New York		•		
	conspiracy (Fed	leral case (per info	tan May 31, 1935) Deputy United rmation received	
Federal Deten- tion Head- quarters New York New York	FRANK COSTELLO #28331	10/9/39	conspired to evade payment of taxes	10/10/39 bail
United States Marshal New York New York	PPANK COSTELLO 23-463	10/9/39	evading payment of taxes and Section 1014 USKS to Southern District of Louisiana	released on bail 10/10/39 complaint dismissed 11/8/39
United States Marshal New York New York	FRANK COSTELLO #C-1760-51	7/25/51	Contempt	pending
Federal Detention Headquarters New York City New York	FRANK COSTELLO #64136	8/15/52	refusing to answer senate questions	l year 6 months 8/22/52 United States Penitentiary Lewisburg

Contributor of	Name and	Arrested		
Fingerprints	Number	Received	Charge	Disposition
United States Penitentiary Lewisburg Pennsylvania	FRANK COSTELLO #20125	8/15/52	refusing to answer certain questions before Senate Sub- Committee investigating crime	l year 6 months 10/9/52 transferred Atlanta
United States Penitentiary Atlanta Georgia	FRANK COSTELLO #72866	in		18 months
Federal Correctional Institution Milan, Michigan	FRANK COSTELLO	12/26/52 trans- ferred from Atlanta	Contempt Senate Sub- Committee	18 months 10/29/53 released on minimum expiration on charge of contempt
			Selections Record to Department	(before Senat Sub-Committee investigating crime)
Dauphin	FRANK COSTELLO	4/21/53	In transit	



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Contributor of Fingerprints	No.mo	rested or ceived	Charge	Disposition
Federal Detention	FRANK COSTELLO #H-2884	5/17/54	Evasion of income taxes	5 yrs Fine \$30,000.00-Com
Headquarters NY NY Bureau Field	FRANK COSTELLO	5/31/35	conspiracy	Deputy United States Marshal
Division New York, New York	#	•		



New York, New York

GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE INTELLIGENCE FILE

FRANK COSTELLO, TOP HOODLUM COVERAGE

FRANK COSTELLO, was:
Francesco Staglia, Frank Saverio,
Frank Castello, Frank Cello
FBI Number 936217

470

The following information concerning FRANK COSTELLC is a result of a review of information pertaining to the subject and of investigation conducted concerning the subject, subsequent to April, 1955.

BACKGROUND

FRANK COSTELLO continues to maintain his residence at 115 Central Park West, New York, New York.

CRIMINAL ACTIVITIES

The "New York Daily Mirror" of April 6, 1955, reported that gambler FRAKK COSTELLO lost his fight to beat a five-year rap for income tax evasion, when the United States Court of Appeals unanimously upheld his conviction for May, 1955, but reduced COSTELLO'S fine from \$30,000 to \$20,000. It indicated that this review was made of GOSTELLO'S conviction during May, 1955, for evading payment of \$39,015 in income taxes for the years 1947 through 1949.

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ENCLOSURE

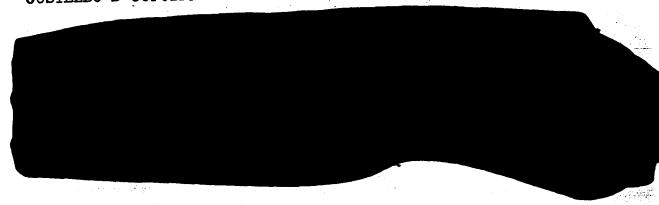
The article indicated that the court pointed out that the prosecution built its case upon what was known as "net worth method". The court stated that it could not be doubted that "a man, having no resources in leans, gifts or inheritances, could have spent what COSTELIO did in the indictment years unless it was out of his income or his wife's, or unless he had a cash reserve accumulated from past years."

The court opinion stated that evidence indicated that COSTELLO received \$30,000 for keeping bookmakers away from a race track for two years and that he had substantial interest in slot machines and juke boxes, and gambled on horses, cars, and fights.

It was pointed out that the court dealing with the conviction for evasion during 1946, was reversed as the evidence presented to the jury as to COSTELLO'S net worth in that year had not been substantiated by the facts. This, however, while reducing the fine in the amount of \$10,000, did not effect the present sentence of five years.

The "New York Daily News" of May 11, 1955, reflected that the United States Court of Appeals unanimously affirmed a \$500 fine imposed on FRANK COSTELLO for contempt in refusing to answer pre-trial questions in a suit to denaturalize him.

At the same time, the court denied a motion by the government to render judgment by default, which would cancel COSTELLO'S certificate of naturalization.



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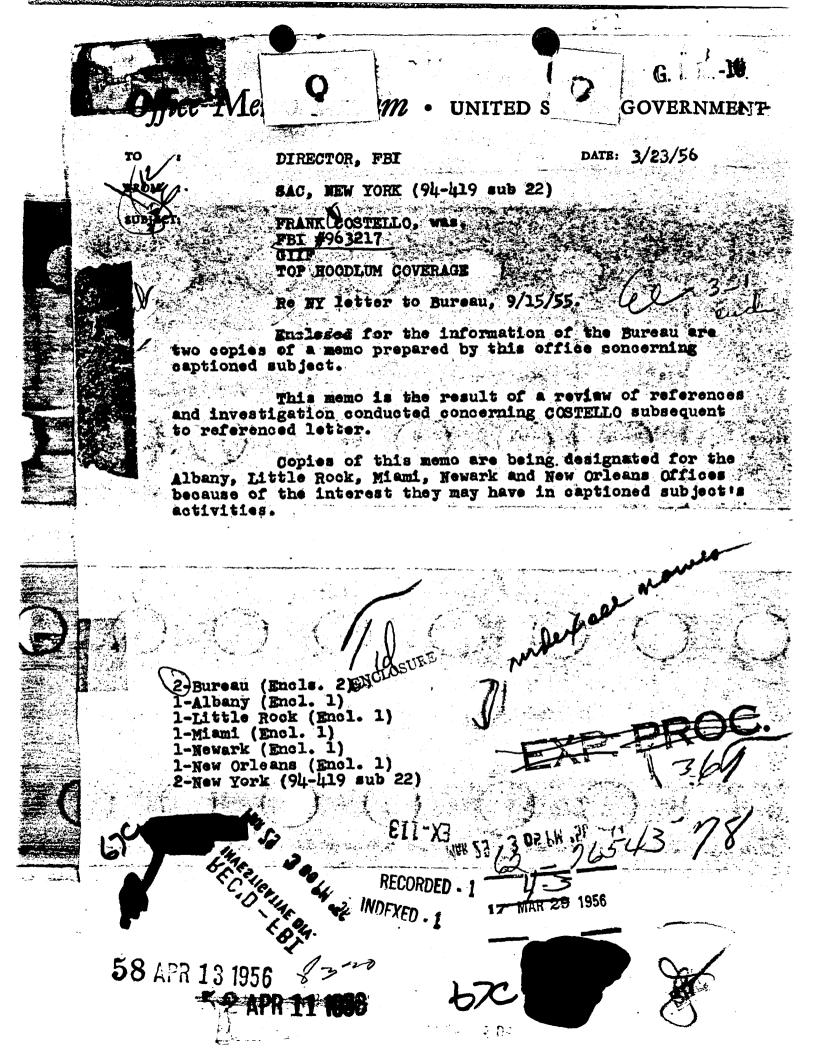
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March 28, 1956 New York, New York

GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE INTELLIGENCE FILE

FRANK COSTELLO, TOP HOODLUM COVERAGE

FRANK COSTELLO, was:
Francesco Costaglia, Frank Saverio.
Frank Castello, Frank Stello
FEI Number 936217

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The following information concerning FRANK COSTELLO is a result of a review of information pertaining to the subject and of investigation conducted concerning the subject subsequent to September, 1955.

BACKGROUND

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FRANK COSTELLO continues to maintain his residence at 115 Central Park West, New York, New York.

COSTELLO further has a summer home located at Sands Point, Long Island, New York.

COSTELLO has no known place of regular employ-

CRIMINAL ACTIVITIES

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The "New York Daily News" of December 19, 1955, reflected that the New York State Tax Commission on December 18, 1955, presented COSTELLO with claims for \$190, 982.24 in state income tax plus interest and penalties for the

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the period 1941, through 1950. This article reflected that numerous tax warrants, one of which also named COSTELLO'S wife, LORETTA, were filed in the New York County Clerk's Office.

en November 1, 1955, the "New York Daily Times" reflected that FRANK COSTELLO, who was free on \$50,000 bail pending a review of his income tax evasion convicted by the United States District Court, New York, New York, had requested the Federal Court to permit him to go to Hot Springs, Arkansas for his health. The article reflected that COSTELLO, whose appeal on the above question was pending before the United States Supreme Court, had entered this motion before Judge SIDNEY SUGARMAN who had reserved decision on the motion. The article indicated that COSTELLO had presented an affidavit by Doctor GERALD F. O'BRIEN, 58 East 66th Street, indicating that COSTELLO was suffering from laryngitis and post nasal drip. The physician had recommended a month in Hot Springs.

On November 29, 1955, criminal decket number lul/9 maintained in the Court Clerk's Office, United States District Court, Southern District of New York, concerning FRANK COSTELLO was reviewed revealing that COSTELLO'S metion for an order enlarging his bail limits had been entered October 26, 1955. The metion had been argued October 31, 1955, and decision reserved by Judge SUGARMAN. It was noted further in these records that COSTELLO'S bendsman for a \$50,000 bail, which had been posted June 19, 1954, was reflected as Manufacturers Casualty Company, 116 John Street, New York, New York.

The "New Yerk Daily News" en December 9, 1955, reflected that COSTELLO had been denied permission to visit Het Springs, Arkansas. The article reflected further that COSTELLO had refused to be examined by a

court appointed physician unless such examination took place in the offices of COSTELLO'S personal doctor. The article indicated that the court stated "In the light of COSTELLO'S refusal to present himself at the office of Doctor WILLIAM B. ALLEN for examination, the motion is denied".

The "New York Daily News" of December 28, 1955, reflected that COSTELLO was ordered by the Federal Court to answer questions concerning his activities in the early 1920's. The article reflected that COSTELLO was under questioning as part of pre-trial denaturalization proceedings against him and had balked at discussing occupations and old friends in the five years prior to 1925.

Assistant United States Attorney ALFRED P. O'HARA advised Federal Judge LAWRENCE E. WALSH that he was interested in knowing whether or not COSTELLO was engaged in bootlegging in the period between 1920, and 1925. O'HARA charged that COSTELLO illegally and fraudulently obtained naturalization in 1925, in that he swore to good moral character in the five years before then when he had in fact dealt in liquor and gambling and evaded federal and state tax.

The article noted that COSTELLO had claimed the Fifth Amendment indicating that answering these questions would be self-incrimination. The article indicated that Judge WALSH ordered COSTELLO to answer certain questions and the article noted further that about a year ago COSTELLO had been fined \$300 for refusing to answer questions concerning his activities in this same period. It also indicated in the article that the United States Supreme Court had rejected COSTELLO'S appeal from the previous contempt finding.

The New York Daily News" of January 5, 1956, reflected that FRANK COSTELLO had complied with Federal Court orders to answer questions concerning his activities

during 1920, to 1925, but had balked temporarily when Assistant United States Attorney O'HARA began questioning him concerning his activities after 1925. The article indicated that after noon time luncheon with his attornies, GEORGE WOLF and ALEXANDER BICKS, COSTELLO went back into the pre-trial examination room and testified until 4:15 pm. The article indicated that COSTELLO'S attornies had informed the press that COSTELLO had "answered everything".

The "New York Times" of March 6, 1956, reflected that en March 5, 1956, the United States Supreme Court upheld the conviction of FRANK COSTELLO on his income tax evasion charges. The article reflected that Justice HUGO L. BLACK delivered the seven to nothing decision and that Justices TOM C. CLARK and JOHN M. HARLAN disqualified themselves.

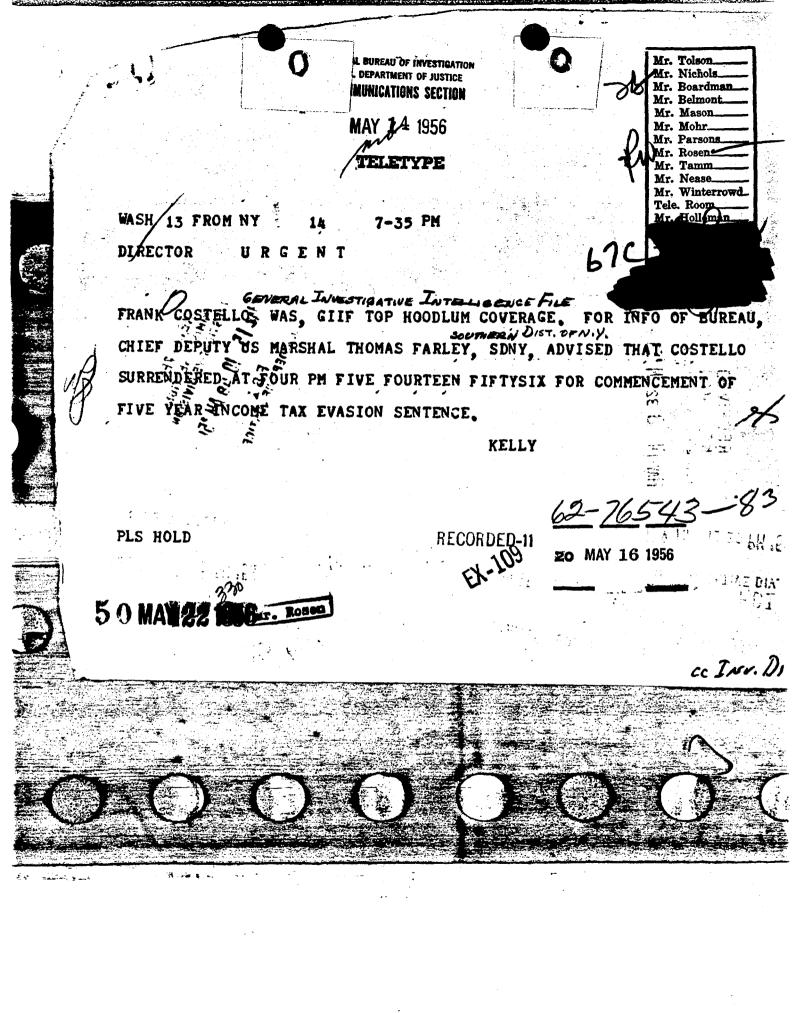


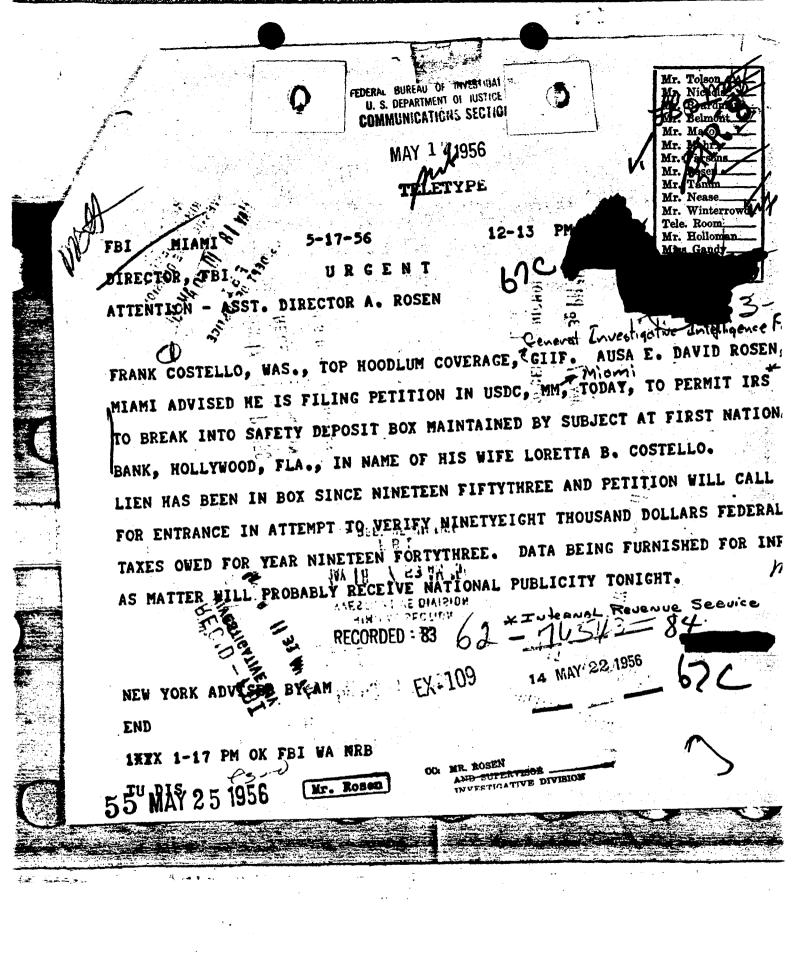
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GOVERNMENT

DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 5/24/56

SAC, NEW YORK (94-419 sub 22)

UBJECT:

FRANK COSTELLO, Was.

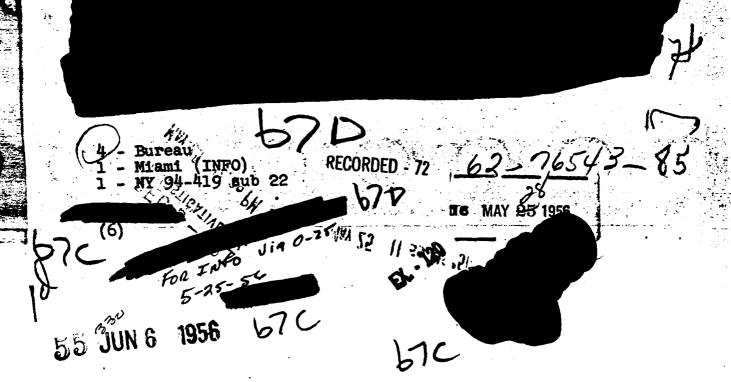
TOP HOODLUM COVERAGE

Pertinent information contained in referenced letters furnished to AUSA ALFRED P. HARA, SDNY, in view of his interests in COSTELLO, both scause of COSTELLO's income tax evasion conviction and because of deportation preceedings pending against GOSTELLO.

On 5/1/56 ASAC E. J. MC CABE was advised by USA WILLIAMS, SDNY, that US Treasury Agents were maintaining a physical surveillance on COSTELLO.

After COSTELLO lost several appeals on his tax evasion conviction, his \$50,000 bail was ordered revoked and he was ordered by the US District Court to surrender to the US Marshal, SDNY, by 4:00 PM on 5/14/56 for commencement of his five year sentence.

Chief Deputy US Marshal THOMAS FARLEY, SDNY, advised on 5/14/56 that COSTELLO had reported at 4z00 PM that date and was in custody for commencement of his sentence.



R-1U Office Mem OVERNMENT May 28, 1956 DIRECTOR, FBI SAC, MIAMI (62-2358) FRANK COSTELLO foreign miscellaneous GIIF: TOP HOODLUM COVERAG Inasmuch as the press has reported surrendered on May 14, 1956, to the USM at New York City, to serve a five year term for Federal Income Tax evasion, no action is being taken on this matter. AUSA, E. DAVID ROSEN, Miami, Florida, advised on May 17, 1956, that on that date he filed a petition in USDC, Miami, Florida, to permit the Internal Revenue Service to break into a safety deposit box maintained by COSTELLO at the First National Bank, Hollywood, Florida, in the name of his wife, LORETTA B. COSTELLO. The Internal Revenue Service has had a lien on the box since 1953 and the petition called for the entry in an attempt to satisfy \$98,000.00 Federal taxes owed by the subject for the year 1943. On May 22, 1956, Mr. ROSEN advised that a hearing has been set for June 6, 1956, for the bank to show cause why COSTELLO's box should not be drilled. This matter is being followed to determine whether the box, contains anything of possible Bureau interest. GRINFO 5/24/50 RECORDED M, EX-108 53JUN6







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Office Men C GOVERNMENT DATE: July 20, DIRECTOR, FEI SAC. MIAMI (62-2358) (TOP HOODLUN COVERAGE) Remytel 5 17/56 and Bulet 7 On 7/13/56, Assistant United States Attorney E. DAVID ROSEN, Miami, Florida, advised SA that an order was entered 6/6/50 authorising the Internal Revenue Service to enter a safety deposit box meintained by the subject in the name of his wife, IORETTA B. COSTRILO, at the First National Bank, Hollywood, Florida. petition had been filed in United States District Court, Miami, on 5/17/56, requesting permission for IRS to break into the box. Mr. ROSEN advised that when the box was entered on 7/3/56, it was found to contain \$1,002.00, consisting of ten \$100 bills and two \$1 bills. It also contained a certificate of deposit #18789, reflecting that \$10,000 had been deposited in the Corn Exchange Bank, New York, N. Y. No details regarding this deposit, such as the name of the depositor er identity of the amount the deposit was made to, were known to Mr. ROSEN. New York (94-419 Sub 22)(Info) RELORDED - 22 INEDXED - 22



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UNITED ST COVERNMENT DATE: September 14, 1956 TO Mr. Price SUBJECT: FRANK COSTELLO DEPORTATION AND DENATURALIZATION PROCEEDINGS ASAC Ed McCabe, New York City, stated that it has been learned from John O'Hara of the Civil Division of the United States Attorney's Office of the Southern District of New York that the denaturalization case will proceed on September 24 against Frank Costello. The United States Attorney's Office is looking towards eventual possible deportation of Costello. McCabe said that there is a possibility that the Federal Judge and the United States Attorney's Office may possibly request the FBI to conduct a check of its indices concerning the 300 members of the jury panel from which the jury will be selected in this case. McCabe said that ordinarily in a denaturalization proceeding of this kind a jury is not used, however, the Judge contemplated calling a jury in this particular instance for utilization in an advisory capacity. McCabe said that he was calling the Bureau in view of Bureau's known interest in matters concerning Costello even though the denaturalization proceedings are not a result of any Bureau investigative effort and since he wanted to alert the Bureau for a possible check of the jury panel. The New York Division has been instructed that in event any requests of this type are received from the U.S. Attorney's Office the U.S. Attorney should be informed that his request must be addressed to the Department in Washington since all requests for Bureau assistance in jury checks must be made of the Bureau by the Department. The New York Division was instructed to advise the Bureau in the event any such request is received.

> RECORDED-11 10 SEP 27 1956.

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Tele. Room Holloman 4

DIRECTOR, FBI

SAC, NEW YORK (92-419 sub 22)

FRANK COSTELLO. was FBI #963217

GIIF

TOP HOODLUM COVERAGE

Re New York letter to Bureau, March 28, 1956.

Enclosed for the information of the Bureau are two copies of a memorandum prepared by this office concern ing captioned subject.

This memorandum is a result of a review of references 🎊 and investigation conducted concerning COSTELLO subsequent to referenced letter.

Copies of this memorandum are being designated for the Albany, Little Rock, Miami, Newark and New Orleans Offices because of the interest they may have in captioned subject's activities.

- Bureau (Encs. 2) ENCLOSURE

- Albany (Encs.1) - Little Rock (Encs.1)

- Miami (Encs.1)

- Newark (Encs.1)

- New Orleans (Encs.1)

- New York (94-419 sub 22)

INDEXED - 24 XX OCT 2 1936

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GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE INTELLIGENCE FILE

FRANK COSTELLO - TOP HOODLUM COVERAGE

Francesco Costaglia, Frank Saverio,
Frank Castello, Frank Stello
FBI Number 936217

September 30, 1956
New York, New York
New York

The following information concerning FRANK COSTELLO is a result of a review of information pertaining to the subject and of investigation conducted concerning the subject subsequent to March, 1956:

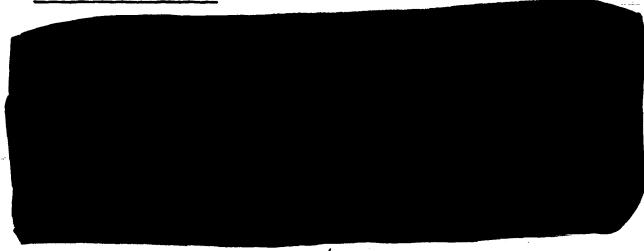
BACKGROUND

FRANK COSTELLO was sentenced March 17, 1955, in the Southern District of New York to three five-year sentences, to run concurrently, for evasion of Income Tax for the years 1947 through 1949.

COSTELLO is presently incarcerated at Federal Detention Headquarters, New York City, awaiting trial on denaturalization and deportation proceedings.

COSTELLO's regular residence is 115 Central Park West, New York City, and he also maintains a summer home at Sands Point, Long Island, New York.

CRIMINAL ACTIVITIES



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ENCLOSURE (2-76543-95







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On May 1, 1956, United States Attorney PAUL W. WILLIAMS, Southern District of New York, advised SACE.J. McCABE that Treasury agents were maintaining a physical surveillance on FRANK COSTELLO to insure that he would not attempt to leave the country.

The "New York Daily News," for May 8, 1956, reflected that on May 7, 1956, Federal Judge JOHN F.X. McGOHEY ordered COSTELLO to surrender by 5:00 P.M., May 14, 1956, to begin serving his five year sentence for income tax evasion.

The article noted that COSTELLO had offered to remove himself permanently to his native Italy if "Uncle Sam would suspend or lighten his sentence and not force him to stand denaturalization proceedings."

McGOHEY also, denied COSTELLO an additional thirty days to wind up his affairs. The article noted that COSTELLO

was suffering from cancer, namely "Melanomo of the left temple as well as from a duodenal ulcer." This information was brought to the Court's attention through the affidavit of Doctor GERALD F. O'BRIEN of 58 East 66th Street, New York City. According to Doctor O'BRIEN melanoma is "notoriously one of the most malignant and fatal forms of cancer." The Court held that the Bureau of Prisons medical facilities were capable of handling COSTELLO's illness.

On May 14, 1956, Chief Deputy United States Marshal THOMAS FARLEY, Southern District of New York advised SA that COSTELLO had surrendered at 4:00 P.M. on that date for commencement of a five year income tax evasion sentence.

The "New York Daily News," on May 16, 1956, reflected that on May 15, 1956, COSTELLO, through his attorney had filed a motion in Federal Court to have his five year sentence set aside on the grounds ther term exceeded the one-year maximum prescribed by Congress for tax evasion.

The "New York Herald Tribune" of August 23, 1956, reflected that Judge JOHN F.X. McGOHEY ruled that COSTELLO's motion was without basis and denied the motion.

On May 17, 1956, the Miami Office advised that Assistant United States Attorney E. DAVID ROSEN had advised that he was filing a petition in United States District Court, Miami, Florida, to permit the Internal Revenue Service to break into the safety deposit box maintained by COSTELLO at the First National Bank, Hollywood, Florida, in the name of his wife, LORETTA B. COSTELLO. ROSEN advised that lien has been on the box since 1953, and the petition will call for entrance in attempt to verify \$98,000.00 in Federal taxex due for the year of 1943.

By letter dated May 28, 1956, the Miami office advised that a hearing had been set for June 6, 1956, for the bank to show case why COSTELLO's safety deposit box should not be opened. By letter dated July 24, 1956, the Miami Office advised that on July 13, 1956. Assistant United States Attorney E. DAVID ROSEN advised Salettat an order was given, June 6, 1956, authorizing the Internal Revenue Service to enter the safety Reposit box.

Mr. ROSEN advised that the box was enterd on July 3, 1956, and was found to contain \$1,002.00 of ten one hundred dollar bills and two, one dollar bills. It also contained a certificate of deposit, number 18789 reflected a deposit had been made in the Corn Exchange Bank, New York City. No details regarding this deposit, such as name of the depositor or the identity of the account were known to Mr. ROSEN.

The "New York Daily Mirror" of May 22, 1956, reflected that a motion to dismiss denaturalization proceedings against COSTELLO had been denied by Federal Judge EDWARD DIMOCK.

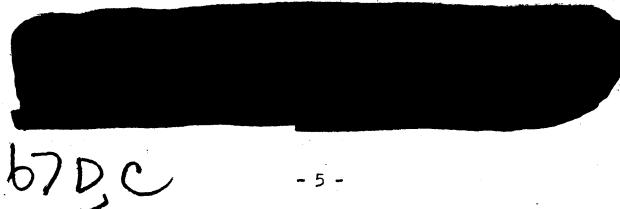
The "New York Daily News" on May 30, 1956, reflected an article indicating that the United States Court of Appeals refused to prohibit COSTELLO's trial and cenaturalization proceedings.

The "New York Herald Tribune" on June 7, 1956, reflected that Federal Judge EDMUND L. PALMIERI granted an adjournment of his denaturalization proceedings trial until September 4, 1956. This adjournment was granted in order that COSTELLO might change attorney's.

The "New York Times" of August 21, 1956, reveals that COSTELLO on August 20, 1956, filed a petition in Federal Court for a one month postponement of his denaturalization trial, and stated that he had an active coronary decease.

COSTELLO's attorney EDWARD BENNETT WILLIAMS of Washington, stated that Doctor EUGENE FIERRO, the present physician at the Federal House of Detention, had recommended that COSTELLO be forthwith hospitalized.

On August 25, 1956, the "New York Times" reflected that on August 24, 1956, Federal Judge EDMUND L. PALMIERI had granted COSTELLO and adjournment of denaturalization case until September 24, 1956.









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Memorandum · united states government

DATE: · DIRECTOR, FBI * SAC, NEW YORK (94-419-22) system: FRANK COSTELLO, was. FBI/#963217 G.I.I.F. TOP HOODLUM GOVERAGE Re NY letter to Bureau 9/30/56. Enclosed for the information of the Bureau are copies of a memorandum prepared by this office concerning captioned subject. This memorandum is the result of a review of references and investigation conducted concerning COSTELLO subsequent to referenced letter. Copies of this memorandum are being designated for the Albany, Little Rock, Miami, Newark and New Orleans Offices because of interest they may have in cpationed subject's activities. Bureau (ENCS. 2) - Albany (ENC. 1) 76543 - Little Rock (ENC. 1) - Miami (ENC. 1) - Newark TENC. 1) - New Orleans (ENC. 1) INDEXED-46 1 - New York (94-419-22) MAR 18 1957 (8) EX 105 MAR 18 ,72 02 PM 33.

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GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE INTELLIGENCE FIRE

FRANK COSTELLO

TOP HOODLUM COVERAGE

March 14, 1957 New York, New York

FRANK COSTELLO, was:
Francesco Costaglia, Frank Saverio
Frank Castello, Frank Stello
FBI Number 936217

The following information concerning FRANK COSTELLO is a result of a review of information pertaining to the subject and of investigation conducted concerning the subject subsequent to September, 1956:

BACKGR OUND

FRANK COSTELLO was sentenced March 17, 1955, in the Southern District of New York, to three five-year sentences, to run concurrently, for evasion of Income Tax for the years 1947 through 1949.

COSTELLO was released from the Federal Detention Headquarters, March 11, 1957, on \$25,000.00 bail panding an appeal to the United States Supreme Court.

COSTELLO's regular residence is 115 Central Park West, New York City, and he also maintains a summer home at Sands Point, Long Island, New York.

CRIMINAL ACTIVITIES

The "New York Daily News" of September 26, 1956, reflected that COSTELLO, while undergoing denaturalization proceedings in the Southern District of New York, raised two objections to the proceedings through his lawyer EDWARD BENNET WILLIAMS, Former Counsel to Senator JOSEPH R. MC CARTHY:

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62-76543-47 ENCLOSURE

- I. That the government affidavit in support of denaturalization proceedings was "polluted beyond salvation by the illicit use" of wire tap information.
- II. That the government invaded COSTELLO's constitutional right to refuse to testify against himself by trying to call him as a prosecution witness. WILLIAMS made the point that while a denaturalization suit is a civil action, the United States Supreme Court has held that loss of citizenship is second only to loss of life in severity of punishment. This ruling, WILLIAMS said, justified resort to the Fifth Amendment, even in a civil action.

Judge EDMUND L. PAIMIERI indicated that he was willing to hear the government's case over the first objection subject to a later ruling but put the trial over until 10:30 AM, September 26, 1956, until he could look up the law on the second point.

The "New York Daily News", of September 27, 1956, reflects that on September 26, 1956, Judge PAIMIERI overruled COSTELLO's objection to testifying against himself, at which time COSTELLO was called to the stand.

The article reflects that COSTELLO supported himself in apparent weakness against the clerk's desk and pleaded dramatically that he could not take the witness stand because of "terrific pain."

Judge PALMIERI promptly summoned a heart specialist who failed to bear out the contention of COSTELLO.

The "New York Daily News" of September 28, 1956, indicates that on the previous day, Judge PAIMIERI repeatedly upheld objections by COSTELLO during the

evidence being submitted by the government on the basis that this evidence was obtained from the use of wiretaps. It was noted that this evidence pertained to COSTELLO's bootlegging activities in 1925, and Assistant United States Attorney ALFRED P. O'HARA protested vigorously that the government had no knowledge that evidence on COSTELLO's purported bootlegging indictment in 1925 stemmed from wiretap information.

The "New York Journal American" of September 28, 1956, reflects that Judge PALMIERI on that date dismissed the government's denaturalization proceedings against COSTELLO without prejudice.

PAIMIERI stated that he took this action because the government's case rested on documents containing references to wiretaps.

On September 28, 1956, Assistant United
States Attorney ARTHUR H. CHRISTY advised SA
that Judge PALMIERI's ruling was in his
opinion erroneous inasmuch as the purported wiretap activity
had taken place in 1925, long prior to the present
laws on the use of wiretap information.

He stated that PAIMIERI therefore was ruling inadmissable at this date evidence which was legally obtained in 1925 and would have been admissable in 1925. He stated he felt that the United States Attorney's Office would probably appeal PAIMIERI's decision.

The "New York Herald Tribune" of December 18, 1956, reflects that COSTELLO filed a new appeal in United States District Court in an attempt to get his 1954 conviction for income tax evasion set aside on the basis that alleged wiretaps were the basis of evidence presented against him.

On March 4, 1957, Assistant United States Attorney ARTHUR H. CHRISTY advised SA that he is handling COSTELLO's current appeal to set aside his income tax evasion.

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He advised that the Supreme Court of the United States has granted certicari and that the hearing would be scheduled for March, 1957.

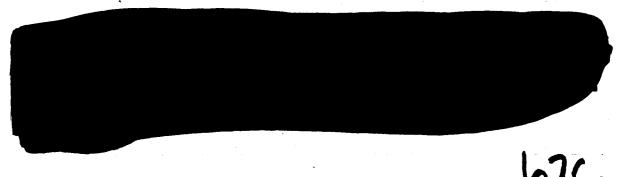
CHRISTY advised that COSTELLO's argument is based on the fact that New York State and the Federal Government both had public hearings, at which time COSTELLO and other hoodlums were called as witnesses.

CHRISTY identified the federal hearings as the Congressional Investigation of which Senator KEFAUVER was chairman, and that the New York State hearing was one held by the New York State Anti-Crime Commission.

CHRISTY stated that it is COSTELLO's contention that much of the evidence produced in these two hearings, as well as the line of questioning of COSTELLO himself was predicated on wiretap information available to the two committees.

COSTELLO contends that the government's tax case as to his earnings and expenditures is based in part upon evidence set forth at the two hearings. It was COSTELLO's contention that since the evidence ultimatly goes back to wiretap information, it is incompetent in Federal Court and that his conviction should be reversed.

CHRISTY advised that it is his belief that COSTELLO's line of argument is completely untenable.



The "New York World Telegram and Sun" of January 28, 1957, reflected that the United States Supreme Court had granted COSTELLO a hearing on his appeal in which he contends his income tax sentence was illegal since he was sentenced under the wrong section of the code.

The "New York Journal American" of March 11, 1957, reflected that COSTELLO had been ordered released on bail by the United States Supreme Court, pending his appeal on the above point. The court set bail at \$25,000.00 and ordered that bail be perfected before the United States District Court, Southern District of New York.

The "New York Daily News" of March 12, 1957, reflects that COSTELLO made \$25,000.00 bail the previous day and was released from custody.

DATE: 5-3-57
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Time of Calls:
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Tork Office, called to advise ank Costello had been shot in the lest, New York City, at about is presently at Roosevelt Hospital said that inquiry was Bureau would be immediately
New York Office, called e Roosevelt Hospital where New York learned that Costello had 61 East 55th Street,
rant at 10:45 p.m. in a taxicab tello's residence. As Costello was fired upon by an unknown individual injury is not serious.
llo that Costello is not now a witness esently under subpoena in any cation of any Bureau interest in
62-76543-97) regarding Frank Costel entenced 3-17-55, in the Southern stences to run concurrently, for 49. Costello was released from \$25,000 bail pending an appeal speal is based on Costello's conten-

cc: 1 - Mr. Nichols

24 MAY 8 1957

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EX 105

50 MAY 1 0 1957

Memorandum to Mr. Rosen

ACTION:

SA was instructed that New York Office should conduct no further inquiry in this matter, however, liaison with the New York City Police Department should be continued and the Bureau informed of any further developments.

Mr. Nichols was informed of the shooting of Costello in view of possible press inquiry.

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Mar 28, 1967

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. NICHOLS
DOARDMAN
BELMONT
ROBEN
TAMM

ATTARNEY GENERALS!

Diring the <u>Departmental Conference</u> at Charp David on him M and 35, Assistant Attorney General Ciney, of the Criminal Division, referred to the need for general criminal information which would correlate all available information concerning the top headtums and rachetoers of the country. He indicated that such information would be invaluable to the Criminal Division in reviewing the activities of these individuals. He referred specifically to the Phoenix City situation, where apparently prostitution was rampant but very little was ever done with a view to Pederal prosecution to clean up the cituation existing in that community.

He also referred to Frank Costelle and his far-flung activities, indicating that he had not been advised by the Büreus of information mentioned by Mr. Hoover connecting Costello with certain activities in line Vegas.

He also referred to the Galveston situation, where there was a local prosecution of a District Attorney. He indicated that there was some indication of rather wide use of slot machines but that apparently there had been no federal prosecutive activity in that area and he thought it might have been possible for the Federal Government to take some action to improve conditions if information concerning illegal use of slot machines had been known.

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Holloman	46 MAY 31 1957 * -\/	DATE 5/28/57	

Mesocrandum for Mr. Mebols
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Unit at the Seat of Government and that some plan should be devised whereby we can correlate all available information concerning the best known racketoers and headlums in the country. I think we might that this project by alerting the field to send us such information and preparing running memoranda with respect to 75 or 100 of the top racketoers and headlums so that we can get a picture of whether it might be possible for the Bureau to take action concerning those individuals, which currently is handled by the Bureau solely on a complaint and individual case basis.

This entire matter should receive prempt attention with a view to submitting appropriate recommendations for a course of action to be taken by the Bureau. I think if we don't do this some Departmental official may institute such a procedure within the Department and ultimately atterneys may be assigned to do investigative work in this field which properly should be done by the Bureau.

Yery truly yours,

CLYDE TOLSON



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fice Memorandum · UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Mr. Rosen

DATE: 6/3/57

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Holloma: Candy

: F. L. Price

SUBJECT: FRANK COSTELLO

INFORMATION CONCERNING

With respect to the Director's observations in the attached memorandum dated 5/29/57, there are enclosed a memorandum to Mr. Olney and a memorandum to the Commissioner,

Internal Revenue Service.

The Director inquired as to whether the Attorney General's memorandum was seen prior to the preparation of the memorandum dated 5/29/57. The Attorney General's memorandum had been received in the division and it was being analyzed and a reply was being prepared. It is respectfully pointed out that a first draft of the memorandum was prepared recommending that we furnish the information to the Internal Revenue Service, and to Mr. Olney. However, simultaneous therewith a newspaper/ clipping was located indicating that this matter was being investigated by the Internal Revenue Service and the essence of the information was mentioned in the newspaper clipping. Since this was a matter of public record and inasmuch as the Internal Revenue Service was investigating Costello's activities, the recommendation of the first draft of the memorandum was changed to recommend not sending the information to Mr. Olney or the Internal Revenue Service in view of the newspaper clipping which was attached to the memorandum of 5/29/57.

It is regretted that the memoranda were not attached to our memorandum of 5/29/57 for dissemination inasmuch as such dissemination would be in keeping with the terms of the Attorney General's memorandum as to what type of information should be furnished to the Department. This <u>sh</u>ould have been done.

In the future, we will make certain that information of this type will be furnished to the Criminal Division and, where indicated, to the interested Federal agency. 62-76-4

RECOMMENDATION:

If approved, the enclosed memoranda will be sent to Mr. Olney and to the Complissioner, Internal Revenue Service.

Enclosures

I - Mr. Nichols

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

ro : Mr. Rosen

DATE: May 29, 1957

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FROM : F. L. Price

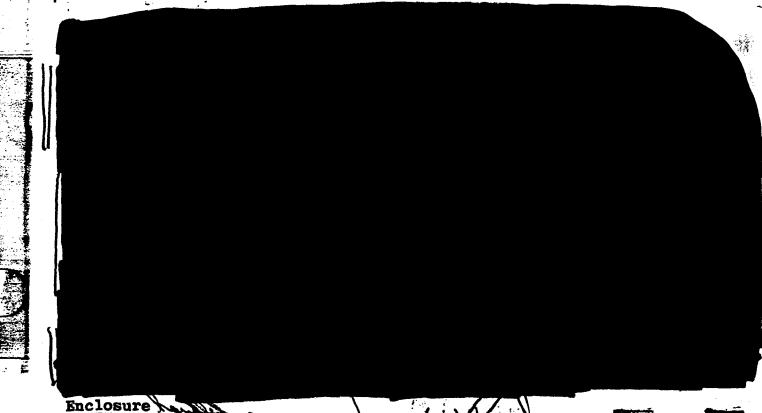
SUBJECT:

FRANK COSTELLO

INFORMATION CONCERNING

With reference to the information which was discussed at Camp David on May 24 and 25, 1957, concerning the shooting of underworld figure Frank Costello, the following is submitted:

Frank Costello, New York underworld figure, was fired upon by an unidentified individual in New York City on the night of May 2, 1957. Although he allegedly saw his assailant, he refused to identify this person for the police and even refused to furnish information to a New York grand jury. Because of his refusal to cooperate, he received a thirty-day contempt sentence in New York State. At the time of the attack, he allegedly had on his person a piece of paper bearing some names and figures which were considered clues to the identity of the attacker. All of these facts received national publicity in the daily press.



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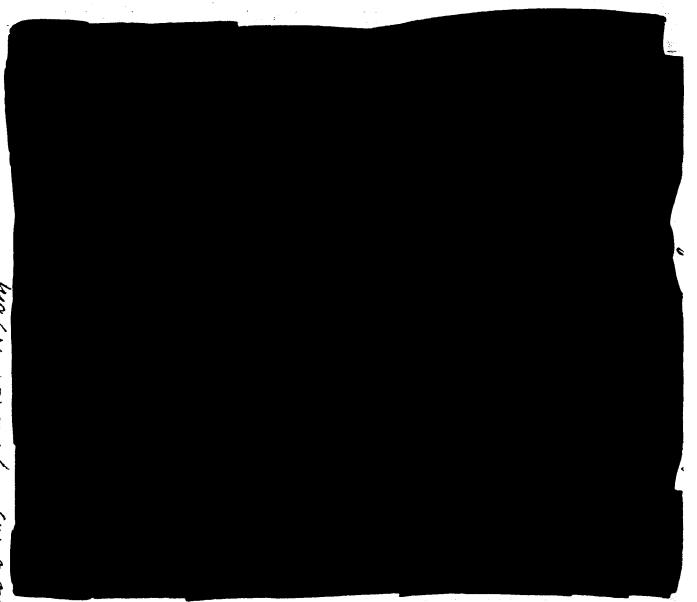
SENT DIRECTOR 5/29/57

PERS. FILES

Memorandum to Mr. Rosen

RE: FRANK COSTELLO

INFORMATION CONCERNING



RECOMMENDATION:

67C,D

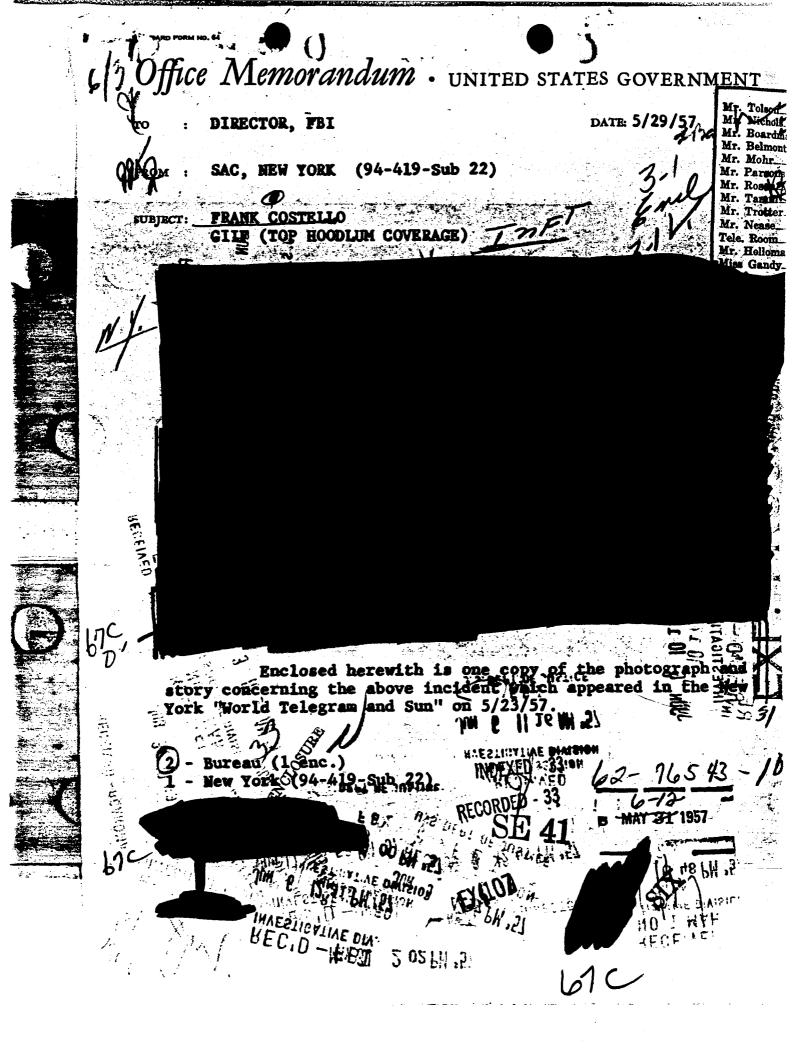
There is attached a newspaper article from the "New York World Telegram and Sun" dated 5/8/57, which reflects the substance of Under-Sheriff Bell's information. The article relates that the Internal Revenue Service is presently investigating this matter. Inasmuch as the Internal Revenue Service is cognizant of this matter at the facts are a matter of press coverage, there does not appear to be any reason to disseminate this information to the Internal Revenue Service or the Criminal Division







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Bum to

By FRED SPARKS.

He might not be a hero to FBI-for 20 years he's nade L'Edgar Hoover's Hated

House L. Edgar Hoover's Hated Hobster Parade—but. he's a cartain action of New York's youth. They love that Frankle Boy even though the very last hing on earth he will do is sing." They love Frank Cost and they showed how ello and they showed how such they loved him yesterday when Frankle Boy stepped off a ferry from Riker's Island Prison after residing there for 5 days. Youngsters in blue eans and zipper jackets and big freckled smiles gave him a housing welcome.

He gave the kids a big, broad mile and even shook a few hands. The kids got a kick out of it, just as we ancients did when we got a chance to meet real hero, not a phony like Costello.

The kids seemed to feel sorry for Frankie Boy and sad abou the things that have been hap pening to him. Why, some mobster tried to kill him and when Frankie refused to tell the cops or grand jurymen who might have winged him they locked him up in a cell without so much as a portable

Yesterday things returned to normal. A Supreme Court Judge ruled he was entitled to bail pending appeal of his conviction for contempt, which is fancy way of saying that Frankie's lawyers — and keeps them by the scores like sigeons on a roof-will have nore time to maneuver.

Frankie's at liberty now in 1000 ball and free once more to go to the barber almost every day for sun lamp that ments and massages and to change silk shirts the wa hotel changes towels.



Gambler Frank Costello smiles happily as he receives a fousing reception from a group of youngsters when he stepped off the Rickers Island ferry late yes terday.

Frankie only exchanged a words with the kids, 100 and he didn't have time to sell How he came up the hard way wa bootleg booze and gambling and racketeering syndicates and buying political power as you buy candy bars, or marijuana cigarets if you're hep.

He might have told some of those wonderful stories about good friends, like Charles (Lucky) Luciano, who was put into prison and deported to Italy.

He might have told how his dear friend Al Capone gave a dinner for a man he hated one night in a Chicago notel and after all the pretty speeches Mr. Capone sent for a basefall bat ind beat the guest of hotor to leath—bee bop alool quick and final.

Next thing we know costello probably will be immortalized by Hollywood on the widest possible screen (in blood-red) and black) and Jimmy Cagney or Edward G. Robinson may

play Frankie.
Costello would, naturally, do
the sound track for who could imitate him saying 'q refuse to answer," clear and crisp wiy it sends shivers up a girl's spine—when some judge or cop

N.Y. World-Tele 5-23-57 P.3 7th go

62-765431106 FNCT OCURE



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Office Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MR. L. V. BOARDMAN

7/8/57 DATE:

FROM

A. ROSEN

Call: 4:50 p.m.

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FRANK COSTELLO

MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING

ASAC Simon, New York, called saying that at 2:05 p.m. Paul Williams, U. S. Attorney, Southern District of New York, called the office and indicated there was a story in the Journal American about Frank Costello. It was to the effect that when Costello was shot at recently, some notes in his possession which were obtained by the District Attorney's office, referred to a former Lieutenant of the Guards

at the Federal House of Detention where Costello was confined for 16 months

EX 105

cc - Mr. Nichols

51 JUL 23 995







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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUL 8 1957

TELETYPE

URGENT 7-8-57 8-34PM SGR TO DIRECTOR 5

FROM SAC NEW YORK 2P

FRANK POSTELLO-INFO CONCERNING. RE NY CALL TO BUREAU SEVEN-EIGHT-FIFT

ARTICLE NY JOURNAL AMERICAN SEVEN-EIGHT-FIFTYSEVEN STATES THAT

AMONG ITEMS FOUND BY NYCPD IN POSSESSION OF FRANK COSTELLO AT TIME OF HIS SHOOTING FIVE-TWO-FIFTY SEVEN WAS NAME AND UNLISTED TELEPHONE NUMB

OF A FORMER LIEUTENANT OF GUARDS AT THE FEDERAL HOUSE OF DETENTION, MY

S.F. OSHINSKI. ARTICLE STATES LT. OSHINSKI, TELEPHONE NBR. HOLLIS FIV SEVEN FOUR EIGHT SEVEN RETIRED FROM FEDERAL SERVICE. APRIL ONE, FIFTY

SEVEN AFTER TWENTY FOUR YEARS OF SERVICE AND WAS IN CHARGE OF GUARDS

AT THE FEDERAL HOUSE OF DETENTION WHILE COSTELLO WAS AN INMATE WHILE

SERVING A FIVE YEAR SENTENCE ON A FEDERAL INCOME TAX CHARGE. OSHINSKI

TOLD JOURNAL AMERICAN REPORTER HE HAD NO IDEA HOW COSTELLO GOT HIS NAM

AND UNLISTED PHONE NUMBER, THAT HE ONLY HAD ROUTINE CONTACT WITH COSTI

AND DID NO MORE FOR COSTELLO THAN ANY OTHER PRISONER. WHEN REPORTER

ADVISED OSHINSKI THAT HE COULD NOT GET OSHINSKI-S UNLISTED PHONE NUMBI

OSHINSKI STATED COSTELLO COULD ONLY HAVE COTTEN THE NUMBER FROM THE P

END PAGE ONE

ECORDED .

Wa-76543

7 JUL 19 1957

Mr. Rosen

64 JUL 26 1957

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PAGE TWO

SON FILES OR FROM AN INMATE-CLERK.

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OC: MR. BORKS

AND STYPPHIOS

INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION



9	Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.
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In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington 25. D. C.

New York, New York July 19, 1957

FRANK COSTELLO, with aliases: Francesco Costaglia, Frank

Castello, Francesco Saverio, Frank Saverio, Frank Stello FBI #936217

2D, 2-1

BC

Background

Collier's magazine of April 12, 1947, reflects that when he was married and when he was arrested in New York City, as well as during his examination by a United States Attorney in 1935, Costello claimed he had been born in New York City, exact date not given. However, according to this magazine, in his petition for final naturalization, Costello said he was born January 26, 1891, at Cosenza, Italy. It is reported that Costello stated on February 15, 1947, that he was born January 26, 1896, in Calabria, Italy. In the "New York News" of June 25, 1944, it is stated Costello was born in Calabria, Italy, in 1893. This newspaper indicates his mother's maiden name was Saverio and his father's name was Stello or Castellano.

Costello has stated as a matter of record that he was born January 26, 1893, in Calabria, Italy.

In Collier's magazine of April 12, 1947, it is reflected that in his petition for final naturalization papers, Costello said he had embarked from Naples, Italy, on March 1, 1895, and had arrived in the United States on April 2, 1895. This magazine further indicates Costello was granted his citizenship papers on September 10, 1925. Costello filed his declaration of intention on March 26, 1923, and he gave his residence as 234 East 108th Street, New York City.

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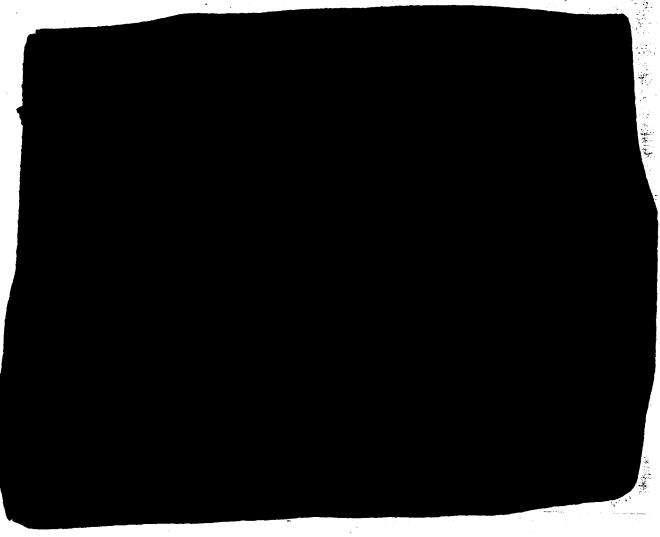
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EX-131

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This magazine article further shows that at the time of his arrest on March 12,1915, in New York City, Costello said he was a steamfitter by occupation and that he had lived at 222 East 108th Street, New York City, for twenty-three years. The "New York News" of June 25, 1944, indicates it was pointed out in court at this time that Costello had not worked at the above mentioned occupation for a couple of years, having been engaged in the operation of a saloon.



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11P,

The records of the County Register's Office, New York County, reflect that on May 23, 1944, the properties known as 79-89 Wall Street, 148-152 Pearl Street and 114-16 Water Street, New York City, were purchased by the 79 Wall Street Corporation, a real estate holding company with an office at 30 Broad Street, New York City and the record reflected Costello was President and his wife, Loretta B. Costello, Vice President and Secretary. This property is assessed at \$512,000.00 and was purchased subject to a mortgage of \$249,483.00.

The records of the Secretary of State's Office, State of New York, reflect a certificate of Incorporation for the 79 Wall Street Corporation was filed on April 21, 1944, with the Secretary of State by Blanche Wolf, 30 Broad Street; Harry Shapiro, 261 Broadway and George Wolf, 30 Broad Street; all New York City, who were listed as directors. Blanche Wolf is reported to be the daughter of George Wolf, who is said to be Costello's present attorney.

Costello pays \$3,600.00 a year rent for an apartment at 115 Central Park West, New York City. Costello has stated this as his residence, having lived there since 1937. Costello has stated he has had the following previous residences:

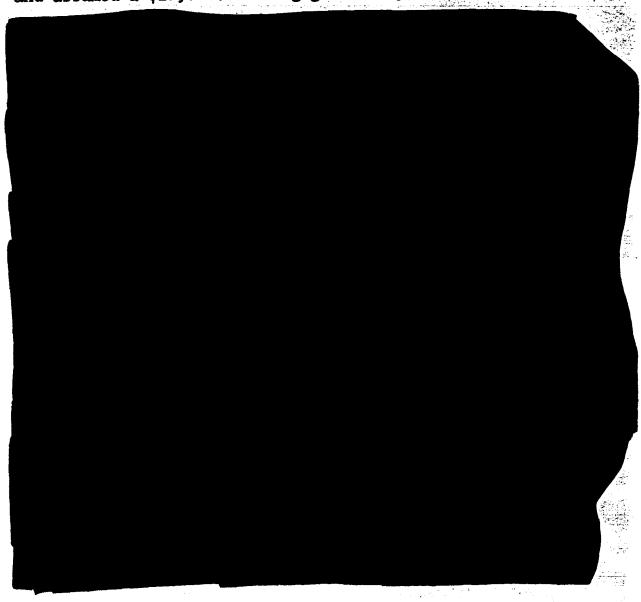
1931 to 1937 - 241 Central Park West New York City 1930 to 1931 - 65 Central Park West New York City 1927 to 1930 - 585 West End Avenue New York City

Prior to 1937 - Bayside, Long Island,

New York

The "New York Herald Tribune" of June 22, 1944,

reflects that on May 13, 1944, Costello purchased, in his wife's name, a twelve-room house on Barker's Point Road near Sands Point Road, Sands Point, Long Island, as a summer residence. Costello paid \$15,000.00 in cash for the home and assumed a \$16,000.00 mortgage already on the property.



67C,



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Various accounts in New York City newspapers reported the following information:

On August 23, 1943, the Democratic Judicial Convention of the First Judicial District, comprising the counties of the Bronx and New York, nominated Magistrate Thomas A. Aurelio as one of their candidates for Justice of the Supreme Court in that district. On the following day, the Republican Judicial Convention for that district made a similar nomination of Magistrate Aurelio. Four days later, District Attorney Frank S. Hogan of New York County publicly disclosed that on the morning after Magistrate Aurelio received the Democratic nomination, he telephoned to Frank

Costello on Costello's private unlisted telephone. The principal part of the conversation was as follows:

Aurelio:

Good morning, Francesco, how

are you? And thanks for

everything.

Costello:

Congratulations! It went over perfect. When I tell you something is in the bag, you can

rest assured.

Aurelio:

It was perfect. Right now I want to assure you of my loyalty for all you have done. It is

undying.

Costello:

I know. I'll see you soon.

Aurelio subsequently admitted the above conversation to take the did not know that Costello was engaged in illegal activities. Following the revelation that the Democratic nomination of Aurelio had been procured by Costello, the committee on vacancies of both the Democratic and the Republican Parties declared the nomination vacant and attempted to nominate other candidates for the office. Aurelio then appealed to the courts, which upheld his legal right to remain on the ballot, and in November, 1943, Aurelio was elected to the position of Justice of the Supreme Court.

During the course of unsuccessful disbarment proceedings instituted against Aurelio, Costello admitted he had helped Aurelio win the Democratic nomination for the Supreme Court, and also that he had assisted Michael J. Kennedy to win the leadership of Tammany.

Various accounts in New York City newspapers, during the year 1944, reported that Costello and Joe Adonis ran the "Big Hall", a gambling establishment in Cliffside Park, New Jersey, until the day before it was raided by representatives from the Bergen County, New Jersey Prosecutor's

Office, and that the night before the raid, the paraphernalia was moved, indicating a "tip off" had been given in advance of the raid.

The "New York Herald Tribune" under dates of June 19, 1944, and June 21, 1944, and the "New York Mirror" of June 24, 1944, reflect that on June 14, 1944, Edward Waters, a taxicab driver, turned over to the New York City Police Department the sum of \$27,200.00, which had been left in his cab by a passenger he had driven from the New York Hotel to the Sherry Netherland Hotel in New York City a short time prior to his finding of the money. On June 17, 1944, Costello appeared at the New York City Police Department and laid claim to this money, and he was identified by the taxicab driver as the man who had left the money in his cab. Costello at this time, called himself a real estate operator and said he was carrying the cash to close a deal. The New York City Police Department refused to return the money on the grounds that he had not proved the funds were obtained legally. Newspaper accounts stated that the sum of \$27,200.00 represented the receipts for a day from bookmakers employed by Costello to take bets at the Aqueduct Race Track in New York City. Costello filed suit in the Supreme Court of the State of New York to recover this money, but the government entered a claim for the amount to apply on approximately \$36,000.00 in back taxes owed by Costello. Costello did finally secure the return of this money through court action.

The "New York Times" of February 24, 1945, reflected that on February 23, 1945, Police Commissioner Lewis J. Valentine of New York City named Frank Costello as one of the three individuals in control of bigtime gambling in New York City, the other two being Joe Adonis and Frank Erickson.

According to various newspaper accounts in New York City newspapers, Frank Costello sponsored a dinner at the

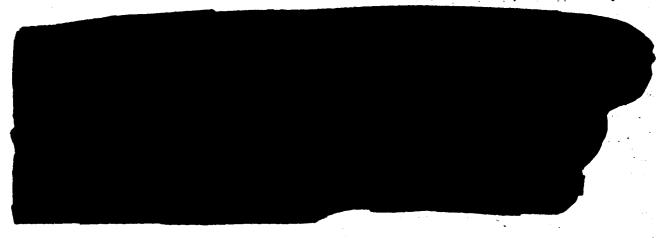
Copacabana Night Club, New York City, on January 24, 1949. This dinner was for the benefit of the Salvation Army. Costello had been appointed a Vice-Chairman of the Men's Division of a fund raising campaign of the Salvation Army. It was reported in these newspapers that Costello and his attorney, George Wolf, announced that one hundred and fifty persons each contributed \$100.00 to attend this dinner. It was disclosed by the Salvation Army in advance of the dinner. Reporters and photographers were prevented from entering the dining room at the Copacabana Night Club to see who was attending the dinner; however, George Wolf gave out a partial list of guests.

Among the officials present at this dinner, according to the newspaper accounts, were Hugo Roberts, the Borough President of Manhattan, and leader of Tammany Hall; Supreme Court Justice Thomas Aurelio; Supreme Court Justice Morris Eder; Supreme Court Justice Algernon I. Nova; Supreme Court Justice Anthony J. Di Govanna; Supreme Court Justice Samuel Di Falco; County Judge Thomas Downs; Special Sessions Justice Joseph V. Loscalzo; City Court Justice Louis J. Capozzbli; Commissioner of Elections Carmine G. De Sapio; General Sessions Judge Frank X. Mancuso; Clarence Neal; Representative Arthur Klein, of the 19th Manhattan District; and James E. Branigan, President of the National Democratic Club.

Newspaper accounts also reflected that there were in attendance at this dinner members of the underworld from Chicago, Illinois; Cleveland, Ohio; Newark, New Jersey; and New York City. Among those specifically known to have attended the dinner were Philip Kastel, Costello's partner in New Orleans, Louisiana; Frank Erickson, the outstanding New York City gambler; and Vito Genovese, an outstanding New York City racketeer.



Various newspapers report that the activities of Frank Costello in Nassau County, New York, are centered about the Roosevelt Raceway at Westbury, New York. The races are run by the Long Island Trotting Association and the Old Country Trotting Association. A prominent figure in the latter association is George Morton Levy, attorney for Costello in Nassau County. The newspapers reported further that Costello's money financed the Old Country Trotting Association and that Levy is the gobetween.



On August 23, 1950, in the New York Press, Costello announced through his attorney, George Wolf, the sale of three buildings in the Wall Street area, a thirteenstory office building at 79 Wall Street, and two four-story business buildings located at 87 Wall Street and 114 Wall Street, for a sum of approximately \$500,000. According to Wolf's statement to the press, Costello was the president

of the 79 Wall Street Corporation, and his wife, Loretta Costello, was vice-president, and he further explained that instant sale represented all of Costello's real estate holdings in New York City.



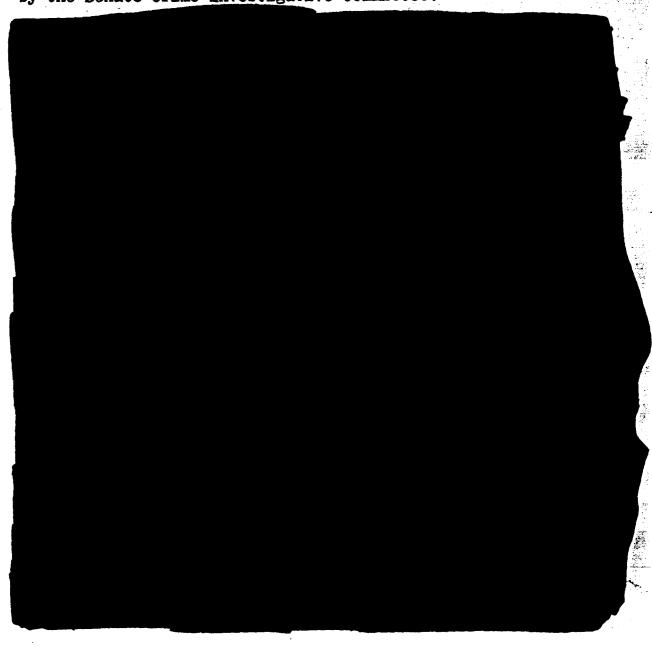
The "World Telegram and Sun" newspaper, on March 15, 1951, identified Joseph Schoenbaum as having been a Treasury man for twenty-five years, and indicated that when his relationship with Costello became known to the Treasury Department, he was called before the Intelligence Unit to face charges which concerned themselves generally with "consorting with criminals and others of ill repute." When questioned concerning his activities with Costello, Schoenbaum refused to answer any questions, and shortly thereafter resigned from the Treasury Department.

On March 31, 1951 the Senate without debate voted contempt citations against Frank Costello, Joe Adonis and Frank Erickson, who had appeared before the Kefauver Committee when it was in session in New York City.

On September 10, 1951, Federal Judge Thomas F. Murphy, Southern District of New York, scheduled trials for Frank Costello, Joe Adonis and Frank Erickson on November

12, 1951, in connection with their indictment for contempt of the United States Senate.

The indictments were based on refusals of the above three individuals to answer questions put to them by the Senate Crime Investigative Committee.



On March 13, 1951, Costello testified and gave his home address as 115 Central Park West. However, immediately after answering the question as to his residence, his attorney, George Wolf, received permission to read a prepared statement.

After the reading of the statement, Costello admitted that when he was a boy, he was sometimes known by his mother's maiden name, "Saverio", and that he might have used that name in later life. He admitted that in 1915 he was arrested in New York State for possession of a revolver, and that he probably used the name Frank Saverio at that time. Costello then advised that he was unable to recall whether or not he had used any other names.

Halley thereupon produced an application for naturalization on which Costello used the name Francisco Costaglia.

Costello advised that he was at the present time in the real estate business. However, he stated he

did not believe he was in the liquor business at the time he executed his application for naturalization. He testified that individuals by the names of Sausser and Frank Goss had witnessed his naturalization application; however, denied that either of these two individuals were at that time engaged in bootlegging. He stated that he had later bought liquor which was smuggled into the United States from Canada, and that he had sold it illegally and that he had purchased this liquor from a man named Harry Sausser. However, he denied that this Harry Sausser was in any way connected with the Sausser who witnessed his naturalization application. Costello testified that he was engaged in buying liquor imported from Canada in approximately 1927, 1928 or 1929. However, he felt quite certain that it could not have been as early as 1922 or 1923. He stated that to the best of his recollection he did not think it was any earlier than 1927.

Chief Counsel Rudolph Halley pointed out that Costello's first declaration of naturalization was made in 1923, and that the date of the filing of these papers was May 1, 1925. Harry Sausser, whose name appeared on his naturalization papers, gave his employment as being in the real estate business in Huntington, Long Island, and Frank Goss, who also witnessed his naturalization papers, listed his business as being real estate.

Senator Tobey then remarked that if in fact there were a conspiracy between the parties involved to break the laws, and if at a later date Costello were made a citizen, there would be a good possibility of deporting Costello, since he had falsified the records.

Costello then admitted that he had been indicted in 1925 for conspiracy to smuggle liquor into the United States. Mr. Halley established that Goss and Sausser were among 62 co-defendants and that the case against Costello was later dismissed by the late Federal Judge Francis A. Winslow.

It was then brought out that Costello was admitted to citizenship on September 10, 1925. Costello denied that he ever engaged in the business of selling, purchasing

transporting or processing alcoholic beverages within the United States prior to that time. Costello admitted that he had been a bootlegger for some time and that he had operated from an office located at 405 Lexington Avenue, New York City.

Mr Halley then read from a statement of interrogation of Costello in 1947 before the New York State Liguor Authority, in which he testified that he had been engaged in bootlegging from 1923 to 1926. Costello admitted that he had made this statement; however, stated that after thinking it over, to the best of his recollection, he had never engaged in the bootlegging business prior to 1926 or 1927.

Costello also denied that at the time he became a citizen and swore to uphold the Constitution of the United States, he was violating any of the laws of the United States. Costello then refused to answer a direct question as to his current financial position on the grounds that it might incriminate him. He was asked specifically as to his net worth and refused to answer the question.

Costello named the following associates with whom he was connected in the Louisiana Mint Company in New Orleans. He described this company as being a slot machine company and his associates were as follows: Phil Kastel, New Orleans, part owner; Charles Murphy, lawyer and certified public accountant who acted for Costello in New Orleans; Fred Rickerford, part owner; Dudley Geigerman, manager.

Costello then stated that he had been invited to go into the slot machine business in New Orleans in 1935 by the late Governor Huey Long. He stated that Long had approached him to make a survey of New Orleans and determine how many locations could be had, since Long wanted to pass legislation permitting slot machines so that the state could obtain revenue for an old age pension. Costello admitted that the use of slot machines at that time in Louisiana was illegal. Costello then stated that he was "retired" from the slot machine business in New Orleans.

Costello further testified that Phil Kastel, Richardford and Carlos Marcella were all in partnership in the ownership and management of the Beverly Country Club in New Orleans. He said that he held a twenty per cent interest. He refused to answer the question as to whether or not the Beverly Club had a gambling casino attached to it.

Halley then read from another Senate Sub-Committee's records before which Costello had testified in April, 1950, at which time Costello stated in answer to the same question, that the Beverly Country Club "just to make it clear; roulette and dice" were played there. He at that time testified that he received \$18,000 in salary in 1950 from the club.

When confronted with his former testimony, Costello stated that his duties with the club were merely to solicit different acts to appear at the club, and act as a good will man.

Costello testified that in 1950, he sold the 79 Wall Street Corporation, at which time he realized a net profit of \$119,756.42. He also admitted that during 1950, his total income was \$168,357.23, plus \$4,500 salary from the Beverly Club. Costello then testified that in connection with another business deal he at two times borrowed \$25,000 from Frank Erickson.

Costello admitted that he was acquainted with W. H. Gallagher, Chairman of the Board of the Pennsylvania Exchange Bank, but denied any knowledge of the fact that Gallagher had made a \$100,000 loan to Erickson.

Costello then admitted that he had received \$60,000 from George Morton Levy for assisting in getting the bookmakers out of Roosevelt Raceway. He stated that the only thing he did to earn this money was to spread propaganda around that bookmakers would be arrested if they appeared at the park.

Costello then admitted that he was friendly with Willie Moretti, a New Jersey gambler, and admitted that Moretti had telephoned him 130 times in 1943 while Moretti

was recuperating from an illness in California.

At the close of the session on this date, Senator O'Connor pointed out that Costello had answered many questions throughout the day and had only refused to answer the question as to his net worth. He pointed out that Costello and his attorney should consider this fact, since it would be necessary to propose a citation for contempt unless Costello saw fit to answer that question on the following day.

Costello continued his testimony on March 14, and at first denied detailed knowledge of the slot machine business conducted in Louisiana by "Dandy Phil Kastel", at which time Chief Counsel Halley read to him wiretap recordings that showed that Costello was setting a price on the machines.

Halley then asked Costello whether or not he had heard of an individual named James McLaughlin, to which Costello replied he had never heard of anyone by that name. Costello then denied that Irving Sherman had introduced James McLaughlin, who worked for the telephone company, to him. He also denied that McLaughlin had checked his telephone wires at his request and stated he had never given anyone a contract to check his wires. Costello also denied having given anyone any money to check his telephone wires.

Costello admitted that the at one time endorsed a note for \$325,000 for Phil Kastel, in order to assist him in obtaining the Whitely Distributorship in this country. Costello denied that he had ever received anything for endorsing this note from Kastel.

At that point Mr. Halley brought out testimony which Costello in 1939, had given to a Treasury Agent. At that time Costello stated that he had an interest in the Whitely Distillery.

Costello advised that he had a bank account of \$90,000 to \$100,000, but stated that he did not have an opportunity to check his bank account recently and that he

had received his bank statement.

On January 5, 1952, Costello went on trial in the Southern District but the jury could not reach a verdict and retrial was set for January 18, 1952. He was found guilty and sentenced to eighteen months and fined \$5,000 by Judge Ryan.

The "New York World Telegram and Sun", on September 10, 1952, indicated that Attorney General James F. McGranery had decided to institute denaturalization proceedings against Costello. The article further indicated that denaturalization proceedings would be based on the fact that Costello concealed the fact that under the alias of Frank Saverio, he had been convicted of carrying a concealed weapon, and had been sentended to a year in jail. The article further continued that if Costello obtained his citizenship under false pretences, his citizenship should be immediately revoked and he should be deported.

The "New York Journal American" newspaper, on September 30, 1952, quoted Senator Williams of Delaware as saying that he had written a letter to Attorney General McGranery, requesting that any Justice Department case of denaturalization against Costello be held in abeyance until the Government was certain that all of his tax assessments had been collected, and that he was no longer a necessary witness at trials which may come up in the future concerning former key Government officials.

Senator John J. Williams of Delaware recently charged that Costello had an unpaid charge account with the Internal Revenue Bureau and that Dandy Phil Kastel, Costello's chief lieutenant in New Orleans, had written up as uncollectable the sum of \$315,156.00 for a period of fifteen years by the Internal Revenue Bureau. The Senator disclosed his Louisiana holdings on slot machines and juke boxes, his gambling enterprises and his real estate holdings.

According to the New York Press on April 23, 1953, Costello pleaded not guilty to an indictment charging he evaded more than \$73,000 income taxes. Costello had been brought by car from Milan to New York. Judge John W. Clancy set \$5,000.00 bail and he was remanded to the Federal House of Detention in New York pending Costello's plea to remain in a New York jail claiming he should have been incarcerated in "common jail." Federal Judge Sylvester Ryan denied his plea on May 27, and Costello was returned to Milan, Michigan.

It is noted that upon Costello being sentenced he was first sent to Lewisburg Federal Penitentiary, later transferred to Atlanta Federal Penitentiary for security reasons and finally transferred to the Federal Correctional Institute at Milan, Michigan.

The New York Daily News of October 30, 1953, reflected that Costello was released from Milan, Michigan Federal Correctional Institute on October 29, 1953.

In March, 1952, while Costello was incarcerated as indicated, a Federal Grand Jury in the Southern District of New York, returned a four count indictment charging Costello with the evasion of \$73,437.00 in income taxes during the years 1946, 1947, 1948 and 1949.

The income tax case against Costello was opened in the Southern District of New York on April 6, 1954. On May 13, 1954, a jury returned a verdict of guilty with regard to three of the four counts of the indictment against Costello.

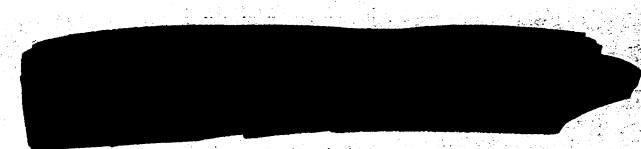
On May 17, 1954, Costello appeared before the Monorable Judge John F. X. McGohey and received a sentence of five years plus a \$10,000.00 fine on each of the three counts of the indictment. The sentences were ordered to run concurrently and his total fine was \$30,000.00 and Judge McGohey assessed against Costello the cost of the prosecution. Costello on that same date was remanded to the custody of the United States Marshal, but subsequently was released on \$50,000.00 bail.

After appealing his conviction to the United States Supreme Court and losing that appeal, Costello surrendered to the United States Marshal, Southern District of New York, on May 14, 1956, to commence serving his five year sentence.



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In September, 1956, a denaturalization proceeding was brought against Costello in the Southern District of New York before the Honorable Judge Edmund L. Palmieri. The New York Daily News of September 28, 1956, reflected that on the previous day, Judge Palmieri repeatedly upheld objections on behalf of Costello during the evidence being submitted by the Government on the basis that this evidence was obtained from the use of wire taps.

It is noted that this evidence pertained to Costello's bootlegging activities in 1925, and Assistant United States Attorney Alfred P. O'Hara protested vigorously that the Government had no knowledge that evidence in Costello's bootlegging indictment in 1925 stemmed from wire taps.

The New York Journal American of September 28, 1956, reflected that Judge Palmieri on that date dismissed the Government's denaturalization proceedings against Costello, without prejudice, stated that he took this action because the Government's case rested on documents containing references to wire taps.

The New York Journal American of March 11, 1957, reflected that Costello had been ordered released on bail by the United States Supreme Court pending an appeal to the United States Supreme Court in which Costello contended that his income tax sentence was illegal since he was sentenced under the wrong section of the Federal Code. The court set bail at \$25,000.00.

The New York Daily News of March 12, 1957, reflected that Costello made \$25,000.00 bail the previous day and had been released from custody.

The New York Daily News of May 3, 1957, reflected that at approximately 11:00 p.m. the previous night May 2, 1957, a gunman fired one shot which struck costello at the left ear, burrowed under the scalp, and part way around the back of his head, and emerged close to the way around the back of his head, and emerged close to the right ear. Examination, however, showed the bullet had right ear. Examination, however, showed the bullet had right ear. Examination, however, showed the bullet had not pierced Costello's skull. The gunman made his excapt not pierced Costello's skull. The gunman made his excapt in a black Cadillac Sedan driven by an accomplice. The above attack was made in the foyer of Costello's residence at 115 Central Park West.

The New York Post on May 8, 1957, contained an article reflecting that on May 7, 1957, Costello had been brought before a New York County Grand Jury and had refused to answer questions concerning his assault and particularly to answer found by detectives in his coat shortly after the papers found by detectives in his coat shortly after the assault while Costello was receiving emergency treatment.

The article reflected that General Sessions Judge Shurman directed Costello to answer questions before the Grand Jury and after Costello refused, sentenced Costello to thirty days in the workhouse.

One paper found on Costello which was shown to him and which he was asked to explain contained the following

0 h /06 /57	65	1284.00
Gross Casino Win as of 4/26/57Casino Win less markers	434695.00 62844.00	62846
Seat wins	153745.00 651284.00	651324
Mike @ \$150 per week Jake @ \$100 per week	600.00 400.00 400.00	: :
Arthur Murray Dancer.		

Notre Dame Glee Club tickets 125.00
City of Hope tickets bought by Mickey
Colahan from table 26.00
1651.00

L = 30000.00
Ave. slots 2618-Ave.(illegible)18114-20732

The New York World Telegram on May 23, 1957, reflected that on the previous day a Supreme Court Judge ruled that Costello was entitled to bail pending his appeal for contempt. Costello has served 15 days of the 30 day sentence and was released on May 22, 1957.

The New York Post of June 12, 1957, contained an article reflecting that William Sinnott, a member of the Nevada Gaming Control Board, stated that the mysterious memorandum about gross casino wins found in Costello's pocket referred to the winnings for a 24 day period ending April 26, 1957, at the multi-million dollar Tropicana Motel, Las Vagas, Nevada. Sinnott stated that the evidence uncovered by the State Gaming Board and two investigators for the New York District Attorney's Office "primarly indicates" that "Costello" operating through a front man or men, has a financial interest "in the Tropicana".

The New York Times of May 28, 1957, reflected that the U.S. Supreme Court affirmed the sentence received by Costello in an income tax case.

The New York Times on June 15, 1957, reflected that at a hearing before Federal Judge McGohey to set aside income tax evasion convictions, Edward Bennett Williams, Attorney for Costello, contended that the Government's evidence used to convict Costello was obtained by the use of wire taps. The Government contended that no Federal agent had participated in any wire taps. In view of the fact that

Edward Bennett Williams represented a client who was to come to trial the following Monday at Washington, D. C., Judge McGohey ruled that the Costello hearing would go over to the fall term during which time Costello continues on \$25,000.00 bail.

Description

Costello:

The following is a description of Frank

Name Aliases Frank Costello Francisco Costaglia, Frank Saverio, Francesco Saverio, Frank

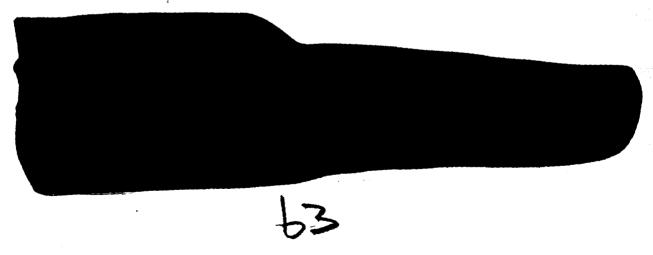
Castello, Frank Stello Born 1893, Calabria, Italy Age 5'7" Height 170 pounds Weight Build Medium Hair Dark Chestnut Dark Brown Eyes

Medium Complexion Residences 115 Central Park West

New York, New York (city address)

Barkers Point Road Sands Point; Long Island (country address)

Citizen Naturalized Married Marital Status



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Contributor	Name	Arrested		
of Fingerprints	and Number	or Received	Charge 1	Disposition
•	As Frank Costell (Federal case) I information rec	Deputy Unite	d States Marsha	l (per
Federal Deten- tion Head- quarters New York New York	Frank Costello #28331	10/9/39	conspired to evade payment of taxes	10/10/39 bail
United States Marshal New York New York	Frank Costello #C-23-463	10/9/39	evading payment of taxes and Section 1014 USKS to Souther District of Louisiana	on bail 10/10/39
United States Marshal New York New York	Frank Costello #C-1760-51	7/25/51	contempt	pending
Federal Deten- tion Head- quarters New York City New York	Frank Costello #64136	8/15/52	refusing to answer Senate Committee	l year 6 months 8/22/52 United States Penitentia Lewisburg
United States Penitentiary Lewisburg Pennsylvania	Frank Costello #20125	8/22/52	refusing to answer certain questions before Senate Sub-Committee investigating crime	1 year 6 months 10/9/52 transferr to Atlant
United States Penitentiary Atlanta Georgia	Frank Costello #72866	10/10/52 in trans- fer from United States Penitentia Northeast	investigation crime contempt before Senate Sub-Committee	18 months

Contributor of Fingerprints	Name and Number	Arrested or Received	Charge	Disposition
Federal Correctional Institution Milan Michigan	Frank Costello #16433	12/26/52 transferr- ed from Atlanta	contempt Senate Sub-Committee	18 months 10/29/53 released or minimum expiration on charge c contempt (Before Senate Sub- Committee Investigati Crime)
Dauphin County Prison Harrisburg Pennsylvania	Frank Costello #DC.PD-5585	4/21/53	In transit	•
Federal Detention Headquarters NY, NY	Frank Costello #H-2884	5/17/54	Evasion of income taxes	5 yrs Fine \$30,000.00 Com
Federal Detention Headquarters New York City New York	Frank Costello #H-2884	5/14/56	Evasion Income Taxes	5 years
Workhouse Rikers Island New York	Frank Costello #452483	5/8/57	Contempt Court	30 days

* Frank Costello New York, New York, May 6, 1908, assault and robbery; May 8, 1908 discharged

* Frank Saverio, New York, New York, March 12, 1915

revolver; April 5, 1915, Penitentiary

* Frank Costello #-- United States Marshal New York, New York, April 8, 1952, contempt of congress; April 8, 1952, fined \$1,000 each on counts 1, 3, 4, 5 and 8; sentenced 6 months on counts 5, 6, 7, to run concurrently; 1 year on counts 8, 9, 10 and 11 to run concurrently and to be served after actual completion of the 6 months on counts 5, 6, and 7; 30 days each on counts 1, 3 and 4 to be served concurrently with counts 5, 6 and 7; fined \$100 on counts 6, 7, 9, 10 and 11, but remitted.

#16433 10/29/53 rel on Min. Exp.

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OVERNMENT

TO

DIRECTOR, FBI

SAC, SALT LAKE CITY (62-2016)

INFORMATION CONCERNING

Remylet dated 8/1/57

The Las Vegas Sun and Las Vegas Review Journal daily newspapers carried articles on 9/26/57, reporting T. M. SCHIMBERG, President, Tropicana Hotel, Las Vegas, Nevada, informed the Nevada State Tax Commission the Hotel had obtained a loan from the First National Bank of Nevada in the amount of \$320,000.00 'to remove the interest of Eastern gambler PHIL (DANDY) KASTEL". The money will be placed in an irrevocable trust to pay off KASTEL as his installments become due over an eight-year period. For tax reasons, KASTEL has refused immediate payment in a lump sum.

The articles continue, "The Commission last spring) had ordered a divorce between the casino and KASTEL after it learned that New York Racketeer FRANK COSTRLLO was receiving confidential data on Tropicana gaming profits."

"The connection came to light during the investiga-no tion of an attempt on COSTELLO's life when a memo was found in his pocket. COSTELLO has been a partner of KASTELS."

Salt Lake City (62-2016)



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	For your information:
4	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: 62-76543./22

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NOV 12 1964

CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	Busposmon
Federal Correctional Institution Kilan Michigan	Frank Costello #16433	i cerber 26,1952 trans- ferred from Atlanta	ecntempt Senate Sub-Committee	18 months October 29,15 released on minimum expiration on charge of contempt (Defore Sense Sub-Committee Investigating
				Crime) sean
Rauphin County Prison Earrighurg Pennsylvania	Frank Costello #DC.PD-5585	Apr11 21,1953	In transit	12 mg
Federal Detention Headquarters EY E	Phank Costalle gu-2814	11:5 37 1554	We lon of in-	5 yr: 1118 130,000,00-0
Rederal Detention Rederal Detention Red York Obly Red No. 1	Frank Costello #H-2884	May .14, 1950	Evasion Income Taxes	5 years
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United States Penitentiary Lewisburg Pennsylvania	Frank Costello #25504-NE	October 21 1958	income tax evasion and filing fraudulent	5 years for income tax evasion. Sentence
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Director.

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CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	MAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
USF Ātlanta Ga	Frank Costello #80973	1-30-59 trans from 6353-NY FDH NYC	Income Tax Evasion and Filing Fraudulent Returns	
Alien Registration	Frank Costello #Al2 143 440 (ATL)	alien registra Fingerpri		
	(*****)	arch 31		
	· <u>.</u>			
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7-20-61H

Director.

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CONTRIBUTOR OF FINGERPRINTS	HANE AND NUNBER	ARRESTED OR RECEIVED	CHABOZ	pisposition 3
	assault and robb Frank Saverio No revolver; April Frank Costello # New York April S April 8, 1952 fill, 5 and 8; sent to run concurren and 11 to run coartual completio and 7; 30 days of served concurrents.	w York N ry; May York Ne 5, 1915 F - United 1952 co hed \$1,00 enced on ly; 1 yo becurrent: n of the ach on co	ew York May 6, 19 B, 1908 discharge V York March 12, enitentiary States Marshal Natempt of congres Deach on counts onths on counts on the beserve C months on count unts 1, 3 and 4 to counts 5, 6 and 7 D and 11, but ren	1915 ew York s; 1, 3, , 6, 7 , 10 d after 5 5, 6 o be fined
			released on minim	
	in our file FBI canno that this	ther fingerprints number which accompanied you guarantee in a material concern n whom you are	s indexed ur request, ny manner	

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CONTRIBUTOR OF	NAME AND NUMBER	ARRESTED OR	CHARGE	DISPOSITION
	DESCRIPTION:			
	Race: Caucasia	n e		
	Sex: Male			
	Height: 68 ½ i	nches		
	Weight: 165 po	unds		A Company of the Section
	Hair: Grey			
•	Eyes: Hazel			
	Complexion: Ru	ady		
	Build: Medium			
	Scars and marks	: Large	nose; speaks wit	h a drawl
•	Fingerprint fil	e shows d	ate and place of	pirth as:
the state of the s		Janua	ry 26, 1896; Jan	uary 26, 1891;
	A. J. Santa	Janua	ry 26, 1893; Jan	uary 26, 1894
		New Y	ork City: LaRopl	a, Calabria,
		1	za, Italy;	
·	Citizenship: U	nited Sta	tes of America	
	Residence: 115	Central	Park West	
	New	York, Ne	w York	
			t United States	Penitentiary
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			io: Murray H Hof	
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GENOVESE 2/14 WA URGENT 2ND LD 039A

WASHINGTON (UPI) -- VITO GENOVESE, THE MAJOR UNDERWORLD FIGURE

IN THE UNITED STATES AND REPUTED LEADER OF THE MAFIA, DIED IN A FEDERAL PRISON TODAY. HE WAS 71.

GENOVESE. DIED AT 2:30 A.M. EST OF CONGESTED HEART FAILURE AT THE MEDICAL CENTER FOR FEDERAL PRISONERS IN SPRINGFIELD. MO. THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF PRISONS ANNOUNCED. HE WAS SERVING A 15-YEAR NARCOTICS

GENOVESE IS REPUTED TO HAVE CONVENED THE NOTORIOUS APALACHIAN, N.Y. MEETING OF MAFIA MOBSTERS NOV. 14, 1957, TO ANNOUNCE HE WAS TAKING OVER THE COSA NOSTRA.

HE IS ALLEGED TO HAVE SUBSEQUENTLY ORDERED THE UNSUCCESSFUL MURDER ATTEMPT ON FRANK COSTELLO. SINCE DEPORTED, AND THE KILLING OF SYNDICATE EXECUTIONER ALBERT ANASTAS, A IN A NEW YORK CITY BARBERSHOP.

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GENOVESE 2/14 WA AD 2ND LD GENOVESE WASHN 059A X X X BARBERSHOP. GENOVESE SERVED THE EARLY YEARS OF HIS SENTENCE AT THE FEDERAL PENITENTIARY IN ATLANTA, BUT LIKE ALL MEMBERS OF THE MAFIA WAS SHIFTED FREQUENTLY WITHIN THE FEDERAL PRISON SYSTEMS TO PREVENT HIM FROM BUILDING A POWER BASE. GENOVESE WAS SAID TO HAVE MAINTAINED CONTROL OF HIS

NEW YORK DIVISION -- CALLED A "COSA NOSTRA FAMILY" -- AND THE ENTIRE ORGANIZATION FROM BEHIND PRISON BARS.

HE WAS TRANSFERED FROM ATLANTA TO LEAVENWORTH, KAN. AND SPENT PART OF 1966 AT THE SPRINGFIELD CENTER FOR TREATMENT OF A URINARY TRACT INFECTION.

UNIDENTIFIED MEMBERS OF HIS FAMILY WERE AT HIS BEDSIDE WHEN HE LAY IN A COMMA THROUGHOUT THURSDAY.

GENOVESE'S REPUTED HEIRS TO THE NEW YORK "FAMILY" ARE GERARDO

"JERRY" CATENA OF NEWARK, N.J., AND TOMMY EBOLI, ALSO KNOWN AS TOMMY RYAN, OF NEW YORK CITY.

GENOVESE, CALLED "KING OF THE RACKETEERS" BY FORMER GOV. THOMAS E. DEWEY OF NEW YORK, SUCCEEDED CHARLES "LUCKY" LUCIANO, WAS DEPORTED TO HIS NATIVE ITALY AFTER SERVING TIME FOR WHITE SLAVERY -- COMPULSORY PROSTITUTION.

GENOVESE WAS SENTENCED APRIL 17, 1959, IN U.S. DISTRICT COURT IN NEW YORK ALONG WITH 14 OTHERS INDICTED IN AN INTERNATIONAL NARCOTIC SMUGGLING RING. HE WAS FINED \$20,000 AND SENTENCED TO 15 YEARS WITHOUT PROBATION.

IN 1960, THE SENATE SELECT COMMITTEE ON IMPROPER ACTIVITIES IN LABOR OR MANAGEMENT REPORTED GENOVESE HAD AMASSED A FORTUNE OF \$30 THE SENATE SELECT COMMITTEE ON IMPROPER ACTIVITIES IN A FEDERAL PRISONER MAY CONSERVE HIS FORTUNE OR PUT IT IN MILLION. TRUST DURING HIS INCARCERATION.

GENOVESE AND CATENA WERE IDENTIFIED BY IMPRISONED INFORMER
JOSEPH VALACHI AS TWO OF THE 12 "COMMISSIONERS" WHO RUN ORGANIZED CRIME OPERATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES FOR THE COSA NOSTRA. OF
THE 12, FIVE WERE FROM NEW YORK WHERE GENOVESE WAS THE MOST POWERFUL.
VALACHI, NOW IN LA TUNA, TEX. PRISON, TURNED INFORMER AFTER
KILLING A FELLOW INMATE AT THE FEDERAL PENITENTIARY IN ATLANTA IN-

1962. VALACHI SAID THE MAN HAD BEEN DESIGNATED BY GENOVESE TO KILL lĥim.

SEN. JOHN L. MCCLELLAN, CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE, REPORTED IN 1960 THAT GENOVESE "ACTIVELY COLLABORATED WITH THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT" AFTER RECEIVING HIS U.S. CITIZENSHIP AND WHILE THE UNITED STATES WAS AT WAR WITH ITALY IN WORLD WAR II. THE MCCLELLAN COMMITTEE WAS TOLD THAT GENOVESE FLED THIS COUNTRY

TO ESCAPE ARREST ON A MURDER INDICTMENT SHORTLY AFTER HE WAS NATURALIZED IN 1936. WHILE IN ITALY, HE WORKED AS AN UNOFFICIAL ADVISER TO THE AMERICAN MILITARY GOVERNMENT BUT ALSO SUPPORTED PREMIER BENITO MUSSOLINI AND THE FASCIST PARTY. HE WAS RETURNED HERE AFTER THE WAR BUT NEVER STOOD TRIAL ON THE MURDER INDICTMENT.

GENOVESE WAS BORN NOV. 21, 1897, IN RESIGLIANO, ITALY. HE ENTERED THE UNITED STATES AS A PERMANENT RESIDENT MAY 23, 1913 AT NEW YORK CITY AND WAS NATURALIZED NOV. 25, 1936 IN U. S. DISTRICT COURT THERE.

THE GOVERNMENT PETITIONED TO TAKE AWAY HIS CITIZENSHIP IN 1952
AFTER FBI FILES SHOWED HE HAD FAILED TO DISCLOSE SEVERAL ARRESTS
BETWEEN 1917 AND THE DATE OF HIS NATURALIZATION. THIS WAS DEEMED
NOT TO BE A DEPORTABLE OFFENSE AND HE WAS ALLOWED TO REMAIN AFTER
HIS CITIZENSHIP WAS REVOKED ON AUG. 16, 1955.

IF HE HAD LIVED TO SERVE OUT HIS 15-YEAR SENTENCE, HE WOULD
HAVE BEEN AUTOMATICALLY DEPORTED FOR A CRIME OF MORAL TURPITUDE.

GENOVESE'S INTEREST WAS SAID TO INCLUDE UNION LABOR, WATER ACTIVITIES -- COMPLETE CONTROL OF THE NEW YORK CITY PORT AREA HORSE RACING, IMPORT-EXPORT LINES, NEON SIGNS, PAPER AND WASTER AL ESTATE, RESTAURANTS AND BARS AND STEEL STRAPPING. WATERFRONT PAPER AND WASTE PAPER, REAL ESTATE, RESTA INCLUDES PREVIOUS

IN 3RD PGH ABOVE READ IT: APALACHIN STED AS SENT JJ&PA74 OAES..

DETICHAL FORM NO. 16 UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT $\it 1emorandum$: Mr. DeLoaci DATE: February 14, 1969 Sullivan Tavel Trotter Tele. Room : J. H. Gale SUBJECT: FRANK COSTELLO In reporting the death of La Cosa Nostra leader, 0117 Vito Genovese today, the "United Press International" mentioned Frank Costello, the La Cosa Nostra leader deposed by Genovese, as having been deported. In connection with this report, the Director inquired as to whether or not Costello had been deported. Costello was ordered deported by the Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) in 1961, and the order of deportation was upheld successively by the Board of Immigration Appeals and the United States Court of Appeals, 2nd Circuit, but these decisions were reversed by the United States Supreme Court on February 17, 1964. This resulted in the cancellation of the deportation order. Costello continues residence in an apartment at 115 Central Park West, New York City, with a summer residence at 5 Barkers Point Road, Sands Point, Long Island, New York. CTION: For information as to the present status and location of Frank Costello. 62-76543-124 16 FEB 18 1969 Mr. DeLoach Mr. Bishop 1 2 Da, Gale COPY SENT TO MR. TOLSON